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HQ-1187

Sec. 1

Serials 1-50



14-HQ-1187-1

INVESTIGATION

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SECTION 1  
SERIALS 1-50

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SERIALS	REQUESTER'S FULL NAME	COMPUTER NUMBER	DATE	BY
all	Michael D. Wilgus	267236	5/17/86	195

Added to  
2/11/86  
195



JCN:k1b

July 28, 1942

Special Agent in Charge  
New York, New York

RE: ETHIOPIAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INC.,  
et al; INTERNAL SECURITY - R;  
SELECTIVE SERVICE; SEDITION.

Dear Sir:

The Bureau is in receipt of a newspaper clipping taken from the July 22, 1942 edition of the New York Herald Tribune, which contains information to the effect that Arthur Green and James Thornhill, together with Carlos Cooks, were taken into custody by the New York Police Department for allegedly praising the Japanese and Germans.

Information is also contained in this newspaper article that these individuals were detained on a disorderly conduct charge by Magistrate Morris Mothenberg in Harlem Court and that July 28, 1942, was set for further hearings for these men.

It is desired that the outcome of the above mentioned hearings be determined and reported to the Bureau as James Thornhill and Arthur Green are believed to have attended meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, Inc.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 262236  
DATE 7/11/86 BY SP5C/11/MS

Very truly yours,

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. E. A. Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Carson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Coffey \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Hendon \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Kramer \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. McGuire \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Quinn Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

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JUL 31 1942

# **Three Harlem Orators Held for Praise of Axis**

## **One Negro Accused of Wish- ing for More Hitlers**

Three Negro orators who allegedly praised the Japanese and Nazis in Harlem street corner soap box sessions were held in \$2,500 each on disorderly conduct charges by Magistrate Morris Rothenberg in Harlem Court yesterday. July 28 was set for further hearings for the men, whose speeches were recorded by police stenographers. The men, their addresses, and brief excerpts from their speeches, according to police, follow:

Arthur Green, forty-one years old, of 53 West 128th Street: "When a white boy is sent to war he is guaranteed that his family will be taken care of. But what guaranty do they give us? I pray that the Jap machine rolls on."

Carlos Cooks, twenty-nine, of 43 West 131st Street: "Hitler is a good white man. Personally, I admire any white man who can organize white people to kill each other. The white race should produce more Hitlers. If there were more Hitlers we wouldn't have a damn thing to worry about."

James Thornhill, forty-one, of 325 West 108th Street: "Churchill has a fat stomach and bald head and looks like a pig. I will not die for any damn Englishman."

Mr. Tolson	
Mr. E. A. Tamm	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Carson	
Mr. Coffey	
Mr. Hendon	
Mr. Kramer	
Mr. McGuire	
Mr. Quinn	
Mr. Nease	
Miss Gandy	

*for Healy*

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,236  
DATE 7/19/96 BY SP5CJ/oms

ENCLOSURE

CLIPPING FROM THE  
NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE

DATE JUL 2 1947  
FORWARDED BY N.Y. DIVISION



Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice  
607 U. S. Court House  
Foley Square  
New York, New York

ERR:WCB  
14-46

September 29, 1942

Director  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

RE: CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias  
J.J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID  
SEDITION

Dear Sir:

Enclosed are five copies of the report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Rounton dated September 29, 1942, at New York City, containing excerpts from coverage of street meetings of the above named individuals as reported by officers of the New York Police Department. It is requested that this report be presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements as reported fall within the violation of the sedition act.

A decision in this matter will not affect the leads as set out in this report and they will be covered regardless of any decision made on the part of the Criminal Division and will be reported to the Bureau.

Very truly yours,

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84 00 AUG 18 1961

P. E. Foxworth  
P. E. FOXWORTH  
Assistant Director

Enclosures 5

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 262236  
DATE 7/19/86 BY SP5 C/LMS



COPY IN FILE

14-1152-2

RECORDED

EX-11

SEP 29 1942

SEP 29 1942



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 HCB**

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK, NEW YORK</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>9/29/42</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>7/19, 22, 8/27, 31; 9/15/42</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>KENNETH R. RUTON</b>
TITLE <b>CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>SEDITION</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

Street meetings have been held in Harlem on Eighth Avenue near 125th Street, and indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, during June and July, before which the principal speakers, all colored, are known to be CARLOS COOKS, JAMES THORNHILL, ARTHUR GREEN and ARTHUR REID. Speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly indicate non-enlistment in the armed forces by the Negro and in tone they sympathize with the Japanese. Excerpts from the speeches are set out. COOKS, THORNHILL and GREEN were arrested by the New York City Police Department. Sentences reported.

- P -

**DETAILS:**

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 28, 1942, entitled, **AFRICAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INCORPORATED, et al, INTERNAL SECURITY (J), SELECTIVE SERVICE, SEDITION**, (Bureau File No. 100-66894.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. R. Kane of the New York Field Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector BUTLER, attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 229 West 123rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector BUTLER informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocated resistance to the military service by the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

APPROVED AND FORWARDED: <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	ENCLOSURE DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 6 - Bureau 1 - USA SUWY 1 - Capt. R. O. McFall (ONI) 1 - Col. S. F. Constant (G-2) 2 - New York	RECORDED & INDEXED 7-2-435 PB 7-5-435 PB 14 OCT 9 1942 100 to 1342

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**R4 00 AUG 23 1961**



would disseminate themselves and that the colored and Oriental races would then become the ruling classes. Inspector BUTLER further informed that the speakers attempted to create a favorable impression in the minds of the audience concerning the Japanese people and their attitude toward the colored race. He went on to say that he felt he had sufficient evidence to cause the arrest of several of the speakers on charges of breach of the peace, but that he thought that probably the information might be of value to this office and that he would refrain from causing the arrest of these individuals if the Bureau so advised after reviewing the material which he had obtained.

On the same date the writer was made cognizant of this information and contacted Inspector BUTLER telephonically and advised him that the arrest of these individuals would not interfere with any work on the part of this office and it was further requested of him that the information be available for examination by an agent, which was granted. At this time Inspector BUTLER advised that he intended to arrest CARLOS COOKS, J. J. THORNHILL and ARTHUR GREEN, colored persons known to be the principal speakers for these meetings.

On July 31, 1942, the above individuals were arrested by the New York Police Department on the charge of disorderly conduct in that they made certain statements before groups on the streets of Harlem tending to cause ill feeling between the races.

Subsequently, on July 22, 1942, Agent M. E. Terrens and the writer reviewed the reports of the officers attending the street meetings and made arrangements with Inspector BUTLER to secure the original reports in order that they might be forwarded to the Bureau and presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements contained therein would come within the violation of the sedition statute.

On July 30, 1942, WILLIAM E. RINGEL, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York, in a letter to this office furnished the following information: He advised that he had found the defendant, CARLOS COOKS, guilty after a trial on the charge of disorderly conduct for making certain remarks on Eighth Avenue between 134th and 135th Streets, New York City, which remarks he believed to be seditious and treasonable. He further recommended that this matter be investigated and he set forth statements made by CARLOS COOKS which are not being related at this time as they will be set forth later in this report.

On August 27, 1942, it was ascertained from the office of Captain JAMES DONNELLY, Alien Squad No. 2, New York City Police Department, that CARLOS COOKS was sentenced on August 4, 1942, at which time he received a sentence of ninety days in the workhouse. On August 5, 1942, J. J. THORNHILL was tried and found guilty as charged, at which time he was fined \$10 and received a sixty-day suspended sentence. On August 21, 1942, ARTHUR GREEN was tried and found guilty and received a fifteen-day suspended sentence.



On August 31, 1942, the original reports were obtained from Inspector BUTLER of the speeches made on the streets in Harlem as mentioned above and as reported by Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON, Shield No. 19369, and HOLMAN BOWMAN, Shield No. 19335. The arrangements as previously made were that these reports be furnished this office at the completion of the trial of the above named individuals. It will be noted that these reports show that ROBERT ELLISON reported on meetings held from June 25 through July 18, and that both ELLISON and BOWMAN reported on meetings from July 9, through July 18. The reports further reflect that most of these speeches were made on the streets of Harlem and on occasions after the meetings on the streets the speakers would adjourn to a hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It is also noted that these meetings were made under the name of the organization, "The African Pioneering Movement." The principal speakers on these programs were CARLOS COOKS, ARTHUR GREEN, JAMES THORNHILL and ARTHUR REID. Others known to have spoken were ~~FRANK~~ ~~CARTER~~, HENRY HOLLINSWORTH, and one ~~CLARKE~~ (phonetic). From a review of these reports it appears that the speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly encourage non-enlistment in the armed forces on the part of the Negro. It is further reflected that the tone of these remarks tend to sympathize with the Japanese in the present struggle. The reports of the officers mostly contain excerpts as taken from speeches of the various speakers. A number of these are being set out below which will reflect the type of speeches made by the speakers. The following were taken from the reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON, as reported from June 25 through July 7.

On June 25, meetings were held between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue and lasted from 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. The following excerpts were taken from the speech of CARLOS COOKS:

1. "The United Nations are prejudiced against the black man. If the United Nations want to win the war, they don't behave as though they do, they will have to stop treating the black man as a flunkie."
2. "The Chinese, Russians, and British are not doing so well. Confidentially, I don't think Sam is going to do so hot either."
3. "Before I'd be willing to fight they will have to tear up the Atlantic Charter and rewrite it. The Atlantic Charter is a flop."
4. "The British poisoned MARCUS ~~CARVEY~~."
5. "Negroes must learn that instead of 'Thou shalt not kill', out 'Who kills most gets most.'"

One CLARKE also spoke on the program and made the remark that the Negro soldier in World War No. I fought merely to maintain white supremacy.

On June 26, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It began approximately 9:50 p.m. and ended at 11 p.m. The attendance was estimated to be approximately 8 persons. CARLOS COOKS spoke concerning the



object of these meetings and his movement and the principal object, as reported, appeared to be the uniting of all Negroes around the MARCUS GARVEY slogan of "Africa for the Africans." COOKS also made the following statements:

1. "I understand the Japanese fleet lies just outside of South Africa. I hope they kill off about four million Boers."
2. "CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT and HITLER are good white men. Any white man who engineers the mass murders of other white men is a good white man."

On June 29, meetings were held between 124th Street and 125th Street and lasted from about 8:45 p.m. until 11:50 p.m. and the reported attendance was approximately 100 persons. COOKS, among others, made the following statement, "It seems childish for the Negroes to talk about integrating into the American way of Government. These things were never intended."

One CLARKE made the following statement, "America is a great country, but not for you, black man. Black boys must learn that no white people from any part of the world will give them freedom. They must fight for it."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things, had this to say, "Some white people would rather see HITLER win than give justice to the Negro."

On June 30, the meetings were held at the same place as above and speeches lasted from 8:50 p.m. until 11:55 p.m., and at the end of these speeches the listeners were estimated to total approximately 125 persons. Among other things, CARLOS COOKS made the following statement, "The time is psychologically ripe for us to organize for our own protection and preservation."

HENRY MOLLINWORTH also spoke and had the following to say, "I speak for the Negroes who make \$18 and \$20 a week while white men working in Defense Plants making \$800 a week are ready to blow up the damn place."

ARTHUR REID spoke, and among others, had the following to say, "All HITLER did was to work like hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to."

THORNHILL spoke, and among other things, said:

1. "I don't want to fight in Australia."
2. "Ladies and Gentlemen, always be loyal; but only support your mother home, Africa."
3. "Be patriotic first to Africa, then to America and next to the Gods of our ancestors."



NY 14-48

On July 2 the meetings were held as usual and lasted from 8:45 to 10 p.m., at which time it broke up because of rain.

**COOKS' remarks:**

1. "So you see, two thousand years ago the Romans considered the Englishmen too dumb to be a slave, but today the Englishman controls one-fifth of the earth's surface."

2. "The Declaration of Independence is a seditious document."

3. "We should take a hint and remain loyal to America and America's institutions, but at the same time we should bend our efforts and energies and use our financial resources to establish a government of our own on the continent of Africa."

Meetings were held at the same place on July 5, 1942, from 9:10 to 11:50 p.m. There were estimated to be approximately 75 listeners.

**COOKS' remarks:**

1. "As far as ABRAHAM LINCOLN was definitely concerned, it was inconsequential whether emancipation came out of the Civil War."

2. "Whether the United Nations or the Axis Powers get the upper hand the Negro will have to face a solution to his problem."

3. "They move the Japs from the coast, the same as a common alien."

**ARTHUR REID'S remarks:**

1. "We have never gotten a break under this flag."

2. "The Japanese can make anything the white man can, and twice as fast."

Meetings were held on July 7, from 8:50 to 12:30 p.m. and attracted approximately 150 people.

**COOKS' remarks:**

1. "Wherever the Union Jack flies over black people, they don't enjoy a damn thing but exploitation."



NY 14-48

2. "Before this war is over, there will be a big demand for Negro blood. But in peace time he is booted around."

3. "If you don't think the Jew is a factor in the economic life of this country wait until Yom Kippur or Rosh Hashonah, Harlem will be like a graveyard."

4. "Before the advent of HITLER the German Jew was an arrogant Jew but HITLER taught him there is no place like home."

5. "The most methodical, the most cold blooded killer in the world today is the white man. The damndest thief who ever breathed the breath of life is the white man."

ARTHUR REID also spoke and among other things stated, "There are no good white people."

The following meetings were reported by both officers ELLISON and BOWMAN and are substantially the same and when statements are reported differently by the two officers, the same will be noted.

Meetings were held on July 9 as usual and the attendance was estimated at approximately 100 people.

CARLOS COOKS while making this speech read an article from a newspaper which stated the terms England gave Ethiopia when Haile Selassie was restored to power and among other things quoted:

1. "If these terms signify what Democracy will be like after the war, the Negro is due for perpetual hell."

2. "HITLER will bring destruction to the white race."

3. "The whole question of war is one of race and the white man must rule."

Notation by the reporter. COOKS drew a facsimile of the internment of American born Japanese while naturalized Germans hold high Army ranks and alien Italians and Germans are allowed their freedom even though Italy and Germany are belligerents.

4. "Referred to the late General KITCHENER as an illegally born child."

On July 10, the meetings were held indoors at 208 St. Nicholas Avenue and the reporting officers were not allowed admittance. CARLOS COOKS made the following statement to Officer ELLISON, "The trend of the times forces us to



be cautious because of possible Fifth Columnists. If we think anyone is really interested in our movement we have them fill out applications for membership and we investigate to find out if they are all right. We announce the platforms of our movement at our street meetings but naturally we can't make public our plans for getting the Belgian Congo."

July 11, street meetings were again held on Eighth Avenue and 128th Street and lasted from 9 to 11 p.m. and it was estimated that there were approximately 200 persons present at one time.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Negre preachers are nothing but no good rats. If it were left to me I would have them all sent to me in the Belgian Congo and would give each of them a switch blade then have them cut a clearing a mile square a day."

2. "Pope Pius of Rome, Keeper of the Keys of Heaven, is as bad. The Ten Commandments say, 'Thou shalt not kill' and 'Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods', and yet when Italy was about to wage war with Ethiopia, he came down to the beach and blessed the Italian ships, guns, tanks and men. So you see my friends, the question is still, black or white?"

3. "If HITLER has done nothing else he has made King GEORGE of England sleep in the basement."

4. "Nobody has told the Negre what he is fighting for".

FRANK CARTER spoke at this meeting but no specific statements are reported and the informants advised that he did not speak in a subversive manner.

One CLARK made the following statements:

1. "If we could erase the damn Englishmen, the world would be better."

2. "The white man will never lead the Negroes to freedom."

Meetings were held on July 13 as usual and lasted until approximately 11 p.m. and there was estimated to be 150 persons present. After 11 p.m. the meeting adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I have yet to read of a Negre lynched in Berlin or Tokio

NY 14-48

but here in Texas, the land of the brave and the home of the free, a Negro was lynched."

2. "The Negro is going to lay down his life to substantiate a system which preaches the wholesale extermination of the Negro."

3. "Whether you know it or not, lynching is America's favorite past time."

4. "King GEORGE of England is the greatest pimp in history."

JAMES J. THORNHILL'S remarks:

1. "If HITLER was on one side and a Cracker on the other I wouldn't know which way to shoot."

Following the above remarks, the meeting adjourned indoors and it was estimated that less than three dozen people attended.

Among other statements made by COOKS indoors is the following: "I know the Government is interested in what I am doing and they would put me in jail if it wouldn't be so embarrassing. If they did place me under arrest they would have to give me a public trial and reporters would have to be admitted. They in turn would publish my side of the story and Berlin and Tokio could use it for propaganda."

The usual meetings were held on the streets on July 14 until approximately 10:40 p.m., at which time they adjourned to their headquarters at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The attendance in the street was estimated to be approximately 150 persons.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Christianity is the world's greatest racket. Pope Pius of Rome is the biggest religious pimp in the world."

2. "HITLER is a good white man. Personally I admire him. I have to admire any white man who can organize other white men to kill each other. If there were more white men like HITLER we wouldn't have a damned thing to worry about."

Future meetings were again held as usual on July 15, 1942, and the estimated attendance was placed at 275 persons. This meeting was reported by Officer BOWMAN and ELLISON was apparently absent.

ARTHUR JONES'S statements:

1. "I know I'm going to jail in this war."



2. "I hope the Japanese machine rolls on."

3. "When a white boy is sent to war he is given the guarantee that his home and family will be protected. Now tell me what guarantee have they given us?"

CARLOS COOKS' statements:

1. "The remarks just made are those of Mr. GREEN and do not represent the feeling of our organizations, but personally I hope nobody wins the war. I hope they fight long enough that they become weakened enough to listen to our demands." (Made in reference to above remarks of GREEN.)

2. "If MAC ARTHUR was a General in my army I would make him a Top Sergeant."

3. "Don't be surprised if after the Germans conquer the Russians the English will form a pact with the Germans and they and the Allies will then move to the Pacific to crush the Japs. My friends this war is still being fought to preserve white supremacy."

Meetings were held as usual on July 16, and were reported by Patrolman ELLISON, Officer BOWMAN being absent. At one time there was estimated to be approximately 300 people present.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I love CHURCHILL and ROOSEVELT. They are good white men. HITLER is a good white man. MUSSOLINI is a good white man. They are good white men because they are determined on the destruction of the white race."

THORNTON'S remarks:

1. "The white man, when you lynch a black man you give us cause to know that Japan is right."

2. "I won't talk about Burma, Burma is free. Singapore is free."

3. "Great Britain -- It's a damn shame America is associated with such a thief."

On this date after the meeting on the street, its speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, and it was estimated that there were 90 persons present. The specific statements made were not set out.

NY 14-48

Meetings were again held on July 17 as usual. The attendance was estimated to be about 70 persons.

COOKS' remarks as reported by ELLISON are as follows:

1. "Don't let America and England fool you that they are fighting to maintain human decency."

2. "This war is between white nations to determine who shall enslave the black man."

3. "With all the propaganda to show HITLER a bad fellow, he has yet to lynch a Jew."

4. "The only way to fight fire is with fire. Reasoning with this white man is not going to work out."

THORNTON'S remarks:

1. "Japan convinces me all the dark races must stick together."

2. "I have never read of HITLER cold bloodedly lynching a black man."

3. "HITLER isn't after me; he's after John Bull."

On July 18, meetings were held as usual in the street and the crowd attracted was estimated to be 175 persons. After the street meetings the speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The remarks on the street by COOKS:

1. "The German people know that HITLER has done them some good."

2. "We are not interested in anyone winning this war. I am inclined to believe that ROOSEVELT isn't as liberal as people think. More power to HITLER. Long may he live."

3. "As bad as you say HITLER is, he has yet to use poison gas."

4. "Any Negro that roots for Britain to win is a fool because if she does, it will mean a continuation of slavery."

5. "If HITLER wins, it will mean ten thousand years of slavery, so we don't want any of them to win."



A search of the files of the New York Field office reflect that there are numerous references to JAMES THORNHILL, CARLOS COOKS, and ARTHUR REID as being agitators and street speakers among the colored in Harlem and they have been engaged in such activities for the past ten years. JAMES THORNHILL is known to be a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and to be very anti-white and extremely racial in his speeches. In addition to his street speaking, recently he has been a frequent speaker at 113 Lenox Avenue on the program of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, sponsored by ROBERT JORDAN and reported in a case, the title of which has been set out at the beginning of this report.

THORNHILL has continuously made pro-Japanese statements and along with other members of the above mentioned organization (Ethiopian Pacific Movement) has been indicted on the charge of conspiracy to commit sedition, and is presently interned at the Federal Detention House, New York City. JAMES THORNHILL was born October 23, 1901 at St. Croix, Virgin Islands. He entered the United States August, 1921 on the S.S. Arista. THORNHILL was separated from his wife, ADELINA JACOBS, in New York City in 1925. He is registered for the Selective Service Act at Selective Service Board 61, New York City. His present address is given as 225 West 108th Street, where he is employed as the superintendent of the building.

It is also pointed out that CARLOS COOKS and ARTHUR GREEN have been reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement. Not much is known concerning ARTHUR GREEN other than he is a follower of MARCUS GARVEY and has been an active speaker in Harlem in recent years during which he has made some extreme liberal speeches.

At the time that ARTHUR GREEN was arrested by the New York Police Department, he gave his age as forty-one years and stated that he was born in the United States. He is presently employed as a junk dealer and resides at 53 West 128th Street, New York City.

CARLOS COOKS informed the police that he was twenty-nine years of age and was born in Santo Domingo, British West Indies, on June 24, 1915. He entered the United States July 16, 1929 at New York City aboard the S.S. Haren. COOKS came to the United States with a student pass. It is not known whether or not he has been naturalized. He gave his address as 43 West 131st Street.

Inspector MULHOLLAND of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, New York City, advised the writer that ARTHUR REID in the past has been a well known street speaker and agitator among the Negroes in Harlem, but that last year he was picked up by the Police Department and subsequent to that time he has been very careful of statements made, even though he has continued to speak on the streets.

The criminal record of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL as it appears in the criminal files of the Criminal Division of the New York City Police Department is as follows:

NY 14-42

\*JAMES HENRY THORNHILL (Black) Number of picture in gallery B 107896

1/17/34 as JAMES THORNHILL, Menh., Burglary (Final charge, Unlaw. Entry) On 2/12/35, Thirty days, City Prison, Judge RALLEY, Gen. Sess. Court Off. BRANDSFIELD and BUTLER, Sixteenth Precinct.

9/20/32 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Menh. Fel. Asslt., On 1/24/33, Discharged, Judge KOENIG, Gen. Sess. Court, Officers BROEN, WILLIAMS, and ROBINSON, 32nd Squad.

1/29/35 as JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, Menh. Vis. Immigration Laws, No final disposition at present, Officers REDMOND and HATON, 28th Squad.

No picture on file because of negative having been damaged.

3/27/42."

The original reports of Patrolmen ROBERT ELLISON and HOLMAN BOWMAN, as furnished by the New York City Police Department are being made a part of the New York File.

- P E N D I N G -



CONFIDENTIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED

DATE 10-10-2010 BY 60322

Will make an attempt to interview CARLOS COOKS presently detained in the City Workhouse in order to ascertain his background and his activities in regard to his street speaking and associations in colored organizations of this nature in Harlem.

Will ascertain background information concerning ARTHUR GREEN and will also attempt to locate and question him concerning his connections with NEGRO organizations.

Will attempt to interview ARTHUR REID and will question him thoroughly in regard to statements made by him on the streets of Harlem and as to his connections with NEGRO organizations.

Will attempt to identify CLARKE and HENRY HOLLISWORTH.

In the questioning of the above individuals will bear in mind that statements made by these individuals may be foreign influenced.

Will have statements as reported submitted to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not they fall within the violations of the sedition statute. Regardless of the opinion rendered, the above leads should be covered for whatever aid they may give in pending investigation of organizations alleged to be subversive and in order to determine if any foreign influence is prevalent among present street speakers and agitators among the colored people.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, NEW YORK**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 803**

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK, NEW YORK</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>8/10/42</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>7/19, 22, 23/42; 8/15/42</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>KENNETH A. BOUTON</b>
TITLE <b>CARLOS CUCKS; JAMES HENRY THORNTON, alias J. J. THORNTON; ARTHUR CUCKS; ARTHUR ALID</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>SEDITION</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

Secret meetings have been held in Harlem on Eighth Avenue near 125th Street, and indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, New York City, during June and July, before which the principal speakers, all colored, are known to be CARLOS CUCKS, JAMES THORNTON, ARTHUR CUCKS and ARTHUR ALID. Speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly indicate non-enlistment in the armed forces by the Negro and in some they sympathize with the Japanese. Excerpts from the speeches are set out. CUCKS, THORNTON and CUCKS were arrested by the New York City Police Department. Sentences reported.

- 2 -

**DETAILS:**

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 20, 1942, entitled, **AFRICAN PACIFIC MOVEMENT, INCORPORATED**, et al, **INTERNAL SECURITY (J)**, **SELECTIVE SERVICE, SEDITION**, (Bureau File No. 100-86894.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. E. Lane of the New York Field Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector **BUTLER**, attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 129 West 123rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector **BUTLER** informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 125th and 126th Streets on Eighth Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocated resistance to the military service by the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

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COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - USA MEY 1 - Capt. A. J. MacFall (OMI) 1 - Col. S. V. Constant (A-2) 2 - New York		ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED DATE <u>7/18/86</u> BY <u>SP5C/10ms</u>



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EPENW

67-240-185

March 19, 1943

To

SAC, New York

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject

CARL S. LADD; JAMES ROBERT TOWNHILL, alias J. J. TOWNHILL; ARTHUR WEISS; ARTHUR WEISS; SEYMOUR

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent Kenneth M. Rounton, dated December 8, 1942, at New York City.

From a review of this report, it is noted that leads are presently outstanding in the New York field division. It is desired that these leads be covered in the near future in order that this matter in its entirety may be presented to the Department for an opinion relative to a seditious violation.

Your further investigation in this case should in addition to covering the leads in reference report bring the activities of the subjects up to date.

- Tolson \_\_\_\_\_
- E. A. Tamm \_\_\_\_\_
- Ladd \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Ladd \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Carson \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Hendon \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. McGuire \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Mumford \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Quinn Tamm \_\_\_\_\_
- Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_
- Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

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## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK, NEW YORK

N.Y.

FILE NO

14-46

304

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK CITY</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>12-8-42</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>9. 23. 12/ 6. 12. 13/42.</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>KENNETH E. BOUTON</b>
TITLE <b>CARLOS JOCKS CARLOS HENRY THORNHILL, alias J.J. THORNHILL; A THUR GREEK; A THUR HELL.</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>SEDITION</b>

## SYNOPSIS OF FACTS

Subjects COCKS and THORNHILL interviewed and deny making any statements in sympathy with Japan or derogatory to this Government as reported in reference report. Background information concerning above was set out. COCKS, alien from San Domingo, in the United States on a non-patrio visa. THORNHILL is a native of the Virgin Islands. Both individuals have been actively engaged in street speaking for the past number of years.

## DETAILS:

Bureau File No. 14-46.

Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Bouton, dated September 29, 1942, at New York, New York.

Letter from Bureau dated October 29, 1942.

## DETAILS:

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 331 Madison Avenue, New York City and this Office concerning the status of CARLOS JOCKS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that CARLOS JOCKS of 42 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 52 and up to October 14, 1941, he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

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SPECIAL AGENT

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1-NEW YORK

1-Sub. 1, F. Constant, 0-2

1-Capt. J. E. McFall, 0-1

2-New York



N.Y. 14-48

Subject COOKS was interviewed by the writer in the New York County Jail on September 23, 1942, at which time he voluntarily furnished the following information concerning himself:

COOKS gave his age as twenty-nine, stating he was born in San Pedro, San Domingo, June 23, 1913 and, further, that he entered the United States on July 16, 1929, embarking from San Pedro Demacore aboard the S.S. Huron and that he entered the United States at the port of New York. COOKS stated that he paid his own passage to New York but when questioned concerning his passport, he informed that he lost it approximately four years ago when the place where he was residing was burglarized. Subject attended school in San Pedro under the tutorage of a private teacher and received the equivalent to a high school education before entering the United States. He stated further that although he came into this Country as a student that he had not attended school after entering the United States. He has spent his entire time in the City of New York with the exception of two occasions at which time he made a trip to Cleveland, Ohio and Washington, D.C. and return. The subject could not give an account of his employment since his entrance into the United States and when pressed advised he had done odd jobs on two or three houses helping his father, JAMES COOKS, 43 West 131st Street, who owned and rented these buildings; further that he had never had any more than enough money to exist. Subject is not married and has no children. He further informed that he registered for the draft in October 1941 at Local Board No. 55 and is presently in Class 1-A. It is pointed out that the Selective Service Board informed that the subject was registered at Local Board #53.

COOKS, when questioned concerning making speeches on the streets of Harlem, advised that he first began speaking on the streets during the Italian-Ethiopian War and that it came about as a result of SAMUEL DANIELS, colored, who was active at that time, attempting to obtain enlistment of the American negroes into the Ethiopian War. In this connection he advised that DANIELS secured a number of enlistments or at least persons signed up to fight. He himself signed some kind of paper in this connection. However, he could not furnish any names of other persons known to have also signed and to his knowledge none of the individuals actually went to Ethiopia. COOKS further recalled that DANIELS had been active as a street speaker in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but that he has not seen him since May of 1941. He further informed that during those days DANIELS had sponsored an organization known as the Pan African Reconstruction Association. COOKS further advised that he had always been interested in obtaining better conditions for the men of African descent and that all of his speeches and statements had been for this purpose.

Following his convictions along those lines he joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association (U.N.I.A.) in 1935, at which time he paid dues which he forwarded to London, the address he recalled as being 2 Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England. However, has not been

N.Y. 14-48

a financial member since the death of MARCUS GARVEY, June 10, 1940, the founder of the above mentioned organization. Its purpose primarily was the migration of the negroes to Liberia and the establishment of a Government there. COOKS in 1939 organized the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. whose headquarters were at 35 Lenox Avenue, New York City. The group later moved and held meetings at 42 West 103rd Street and at the time it dissolved meetings were being held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The Officers of this organization were CARLOS COOKS, President; HARRY K. R., Vice-President; THOMAS RABO, Treasurer. The above organization lasted until 1941 at which time it was a branch of the U.N.I.A. whose parent body was located in Cleveland, Ohio. The charter in 1941 was returned to ETHEL WILLIAMS, National Secretary for the U.N.I.A. who presently resides in New York City and whose address COOKS could not recall.

COOKS went on to say that in 1941 out of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. grew the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement which, although foreign, the principals of the U.N.I.A. were not connected with the officials. The subject admits sponsoring this movement but advises there was no organization in respect to the appointment of officers; that such was contemplated but that at the time of his arrest by the New York City Police Department on August 25, 1942, this had not materialized. He advised that these meetings were under the above organization and were continued to be held at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue as had been in the above instance of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. However, he informed in this instance the procedure was to speak on the streets and to later adjourn to the hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. There was no special program drawn up and any person so desiring could speak on these programs.

In this connection he informed that ARTHUR A. L., JAMES THORNHILL, ARTHUR GARRIS, HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH and one Clark (phonetic) and others whose names he could not remember occasionally spoke on this program. COOKS could not recall any specific statements but stated that they were all pertaining to the betterment of the conditions of the colored race and the establishment of a homeland in Africa. In this connection the subject denied making statements in sympathy with Japan or attempting to interfere with the enlistment into the armed forces on the part of the negroes. At the same time he did make the statement to the writer, in substance, the United States Government should declare themselves as to the future and the colored race if they expected the colored man to fight. COOKS denied making statements allegedly made by him previously reported in reference report. However, he admitted that he has been a regular speaker on the streets in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but denied that at any time he made any statements tending to inspire a riot or cause public disturbance and at no time has he spoken against the United States Government.

Concerning individuals who were identified as speaking in company with him, COOKS informed that none of them are in any way officially connected with his organization and that most of the people that speak



N.Y. 14-48

before it or on the program were individual that he recognized by face and not by name. Concerning HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH, he advised that he recognized him as a street speaker but was not acquainted with him personally nor could he furnish his occupation or address. As to CLARK, above referred to, he advised he recognized him as being a former member of the U.N.I.A. and a frequent street speaker. COOKS was not acquainted with ARTHUR GREEN but recalls that he has been active at intervals as a speaker speaking on the racial question on the streets of Harlem for the past five years. He believes that GREEN is originally from one of the southern states and that he is presently engaged as a junk dealer. COOKS recalled JAMES THURMILL as being a member or former member of the U.N.I.A. who has been an active speaker in Harlem for the past ten years.

Concerning ARTHUR REID, COOKS advised that he is a more educated speaker than many of the others and that he formerly sponsored or organized the African Patriotic League whose office or meeting place was on 135th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. COOKS did not believe REID to be a member of the U.N.I.A. but did state that he has been an active speaker for the past ten years or more.

COOKS also admitted acquaintance with ROBERT JORDAN, President of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and advised that he has known him for seven or eight years and that he has been very active as a street speaker in Harlem. COOKS denies ever visiting JORDAN at his home or denies knowledge of JORDAN's activities.

JORDAN, above referred to, for the past number of years has sponsored the above mentioned organization and since the fall of 1941 has held meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue attended by approximately seventy-five persons and he and other speakers have openly made statements in sympathy with the Axis powers particularly Japan and generally has attempted to discourage the enlistment into the armed forces of the colored people.

COOKS admits attending one or two meetings at the above hall since the attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese and denies that he spoke before this group. COOKS denied that any of his statements or speeches have been influenced by any organizations or individual and that his remarks had been based entirely on his own convictions and beliefs and his desire to aid members of his race. During this interview, the subject took it upon himself to point out to the interviewing agent the futility of the conditions between the white and colored race ever correcting itself and the only solution was to establish a government of their own which properly should be in Africa, their homeland.

On October 6, 1942 Special Agent Frederick L. Scofield checked the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Ellis Island, which reflected that CHARLES A. COOK, who is evidently identical to the

subject, was admitted to the port of New York on July 16, 1929 having embarked from San Pedro, Macosia aboard S.S. Baron. His race is given as that of black, place of birth San Pedro and declared to be a citizen of San Domingo. His classification visa is NQ-290, issued at San Domingo City June 27, 1929 and he gave as his permanent address San Pedro. His destination was given as New York and he advised that his passage was paid by his mother, CHRISTAPHINE MATTHIS, whom he was going to visit who then resided at 20 West 143rd Street, New York City. At this time it was indicated that some special investigation had been made concerning the subject which file was maintained at the office of Immigration and Naturalization, 341 Ninth Avenue, New York City.

At the above address a file was made available to the writer on subject by B. H. Berman and a review of the file reflects the following names being used by the subject: Carlos Cook, Charles Cook and Carlos Stett. At the time subject was interviewed he advised that his correct name was CARLOS COOKS and at that time denied having used any other name. This file further reflects that subject's address was given as 106 West 137th Street, New York City. It was also noted that on September 15, 1929 Detective Carrington of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department, by telephone furnished information that COOKS was arrested July 17, 1936 on a charge of extortion and was released October 17th.

In a memorandum dated September 18, 1939, it is reflected that CHARLES COOK was legally admitted to the United States on April 16, 1929 and his relatives are listed as VICTORIA SMITH, San Pedro, Aunt and ALICE VOILENAS COOK, 106 West 137th Street.

At the time this check was made Mr. BERMAN, above referred to, advised the writer that their office intended to conduct an investigation concerning this subject with the purpose in view of detaining him for deportation on the grounds that he was in the United States as a student and, further, that he was an undesirable alien.

On October 13th Mr. BERMAN telephonically communicated with the writer at which time he advised that he had discussed the above case concerning COOKS with the Inspector who is familiar with the circumstances and who also attended the trial when COOKS was sentenced for making certain statements on the streets of New York. At this time BERMAN advised that COOKS upon his entrance into the United States came in legally on a 4-C visa which is a visa issued to people of the Western Hemisphere and is a non-quota visa or in other words a resident alien visa; further that COOKS came in as a student and not on a student visa and, consequently, he could not be deported or held on that angle; further that to deport such an alien the alien must have committed a crime of moral turpitude or receive a sentence of more than one year within five years after entrance into this Country. After five years have elapsed, it is necessary that



N.Y. 14-48

two such crimes have been committed or in either case since his entrance into this Country he has been found guilty of committing a violation of the Narcotic Act. In view of the above, BERMAN informed that no further investigation is being conducted concerning COOKS but that the facts as reported is being made a matter of record.

A further check was made at the Immigration and Naturalization Office, 641 Washington Street, New York City, by Special Agent R. Campbell Carden to determine if subject had been naturalized subsequent to his entrance into this Country but no information could be found concerning him.

JAMES HENRY THORNHILL has been interviewed on several occasions by Special Agent Marion E. Torrens and the writer since he has been detained at the Federal Detention House at Eleventh and West Streets, New York City subsequent to his being indicted on a charge of conspiracy to commit Sedition upon statements made by him as a speaker before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement previously referred to in this report.

In addition to information furnished in reference report THORNHILL advised that upon his entrance into the United States in 1921 from the Virgin Island that his first occupation was that of a dish washer in a restaurant the name of which he could not recall located on 50th Street. Subsequently thereto he was employed for approximately one year on the Pennsylvania Railroad as a laborer. In 1925 he worked for three or four months in a brick yard as a laborer and during that same year he made two trips to the Virgin Islands employed as a mess boy with the Columbian Steamship Company aboard the S.S. Bolivia. Sometime after this trip he was employed for two or three years as a fireman and elevator operator for one Mr. OLSON at a building located at 55 West 21st Street. At the time of subject's arrest he was caretaker or superintendent of a building at 325 West 108th Street where he resided and he was employed by one J.J. HART. Prior to that for two or three years he was in the junk business.

THORNHILL attended school in St. Croix, Virgin Islands, where he attended the equivalent of a fourth or fifth grade education. After coming into the United States he admitted being arrested on two occasions. On February 13, 1925 for unlawfully entry for which he received a thirty day sentence and in 1933 on charges of assault in that he was speaking on the street at which time a fight started and someone had thrown a brick.

He advised that his relatives in the United States are his sister, VERA-LAMPOS, 19 West 117th Street, New York City and a brother, BERNARD-THORNHILL, who resides some place in upper New York State, whose address he does not recall. He also stated that he has a mother and sister presently living on the Island of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

THORNHILL advised that since coming to the United States he became

N.Y. 100-1

very interested in the conditions of the negro people here and in other parts of the world and through this interest he had become a member of the U.N.I.A. and as such was appointed to the title of Captain in the Black Guard of the above organization which was conferred upon him by MARCUS GARVEY. He discontinued his membership in the U.N.I.A. in 1931 and since that time has been an independent speaker on the streets of Harlem speaking in the interests of the people in the community and appealing for a national homeland in Africa. He claims that it was through his association in the U.N.I.A. that he met ROBERT JORDAN, above referred to. He advised that he had known JORDAN was a person who spoke in the interests of the colored race and that about five months ago he first attended some of the closed meetings of JORDAN at 113 Lenox Avenue on invitation to speak and that subsequently he has continued to visit the meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and in most instances has spoken before them.

THORNHILL went on to say that after withdrawing from the U.N.I.A. he, in company with IRA KEMP, deceased, ~~Everett~~ POWELL and one JOHNSON, got together and organized what was known as a fair play organization which purpose was to secure employment of the colored people in Harlem. Later this organization became known as the Harlem Labor Union. He admits being active in this organization up until 1935 at which time he became ill and ceased his activities. He advised that his and others activities in this organization was to boycott a certain business establishment in Harlem and hold meetings in front of their place of business and urge them to employ members of his race in their establishments. He denies that any coercion or force was used by him or any of his associates in this connection and that they only publicized instances in which persons refused to employ members of the negro race.

THORNHILL further admitted that he was a very active speaker on the streets of Harlem during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian conflict and protested the action taken by Italy and urged that the negroes support brothers of their race in Ethiopia. THORNHILL advised that he has frequented many organizations and spoken before many groups in the past ten years concerning racial prejudices and unfairness displayed on the part of the negroes in the United States. He admits speaking on the program of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement and further advised that he was acting President. It will be noted that COOKS had denied that there were any officials of this organization.

THORNHILL denied making any statements confronted with as reported by the New York Police Department in reference report and further he firmly pronounced his loyalty to the United States and stated that any statement made by him was only made in the interests of his race and in order to gain better conditions for ~~him~~ in the community. THORNHILL further admits that after he, COOKS, and ~~ORREN~~ were arrested by the New York Police Department and after COOKS was sentenced that he had taken it upon himself to continue the activities of this organization and that after

JORDAN had discontinued holding meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue he had secured this hall and had held meetings there under the sponsorship of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement. THORNHILL further admitted that after the arrest of JORDAN on February 18, 1942, he had taken an active part in the activities of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement until JORDAN was released on April 9, 1942. It is pointed out that at 113 Lenox Avenue THORNHILL is reported to have made statements to the effect that he would willingly fight for Japan and would refuse to fight for a white man; that the Japanese war gave the united factions hell and the Allies are telling lies when they told the people that the Allies have won battles over the Japanese in the Coral Sea; further that if the negro is stupid enough to put on a uniform and go and fight he deserves to be killed. THORNHILL was interviewed vigorously concerning these and other statements reported to have been made by him on the street at 113 Lenox Avenue and at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue and he denied making any of the statements above reported or others similar in substance. THORNHILL further denied having been influenced by any person or organization in any statements made by him and that his thoughts were independent and his statements were expressions of his opinions only. He further denied that anyone has ever coached him in any attempt to influence his remarks in any way.

It is noted from a search of the indices of the New York Field Division that in a report written by Special Agent T. H. Tracy, dated March 20, 1936, entitled "SAMUEL DANIELS; ELIUSTINE BERTHES TO SERVE IN 'ARMED' 'NIGHTS'", that Lieutenant BATTLE of the New York Police Department advised Tracy that the main crowd who stirred up racial prejudices in New York City are the so-called GARVEY crowd; that this crowd is represented by the U.N.I.A., the leader of whom is JAMES THORNHILL, 34th Street and St. Nicholas Place.

In conducting investigations in the Harlem area and in questioning individuals of responsibility they then referred to subjects COOKS and THORNHILL as being rabble rousers and small time racketeers among their own people in Harlem; that they are uninformed and for a number of years have been agitating on the City streets. In no instance has there been any indication or reports of any foundation to the effect that COOKS or THORNHILL are operating as a part of an organized group which might be foreign inspired and it is believed by persons questioned that statements made by them were the result of desire to show off and their lack of information.

In this connection A. L. King, President of the Central Division of the U.N.I.A., 204 Lenox Avenue, who advised Agents that he was spokesman for this organization in this area, informed Agents Torrens and Bouton that both CARLOS COOKS and JAMES THORNHILL had been excluded from the U.N.I.A. because of statements made and attitude taken by them in reference to the racial question. Although these individuals admitted that the statements made of agents in Harlem were not representative of the feelings and opinions of the negro race they spoke of their activities and statements in a general way and would not furnish any specific statements made by them.



N.Y. 14-48

UNDEVELOPED LEADS

NEW YORK FIELD DIVISION

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK

Will ascertain the criminal record, if any, of CARLOS COOKS in the New York Police Department.

Will ascertain background information concerning ARTHUR GREEN. Will also attempt to locate and question him concerning his connection with negro organizations.

Will attempt to interview ARTHUR REID and will question him thoroughly with regard to statements made by him on the streets in Harlem and as to his connections with negro organizations.

Will attempt to identify CLARK and HENRY HOLLINSWORTH. In the questioning of above individuals will bear in mind that statements made by them may be foreign influenced.

Upon completion of the above investigation will request Bureau to submit facts to Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not they fall within the violation of the Sedition Statute.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO.

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK CITY</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>12-8-42</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>9/9, 10, 23, 10/8, 12, 13/42</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>SA-TH R. GUNTER</b>
TITLE <b>CARLOS GUNAS, JAMES MERRY THORNTON, alias J.J. THORNTON; A. RUM WALKER; ANTONIA A. ID.</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>SAVITIAN</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

Subjects GUNAS and THORNTON interviewed and deny making any statements in sympathy with Japan or derogatory to this Government as reported in reference report. Background information concerning above two set out. GUNAS, alien from San Domingo, in the United States on a non-quota visa. THORNTON is a native of the Virgin Islands. Both individuals have been actively engaged in street speaking for the past number of years.

- P -

**REFERENCE:**

Bureau File No. 14-469.

Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Bouton, dated September 29, 1942, at New York, New York.

Letter from Bureau dated October 29, 1942.

**DETAILS:**

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 131 Madison Avenue, New York City and this Office concerning the status of CARLOS GUNAS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that CARLOS GUNAS of 42 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 83 and up to October 18, 1941 he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 261,236  
DATE 7/11/86 BY SP5 SP5/BJM

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~~14-667-2~~

Date: October 27, 1942

To: SAC, New York

14-1157-2

From: J. Edgar Hoover Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: CARLOS COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, alias J. J. Thornhill;  
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID  
Seditious

Reference is had to your letter of September 29, 1942, which in turn made reference to the report submitted in connection with the above-entitled matter by Special Agent Kenneth H. Routon, at New York, New York, on September 29, 1942.

From a review of reference report, it is not deemed desirable to present this case at this time to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to prosecution under the sedition statutes. It is believed that such action should be held in abeyance pending the completion of your investigation of the activities of these subjects.

In this connection it is apparent that it is particularly important that your future investigation include a determination of whether these subjects are operating as a part of an organization or group, or whether they are merely acting as individuals.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267236  
DATE 7/12/96 BY SP5 L/100/3

Mr. Tolson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. E. A. Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Clegg \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Glavin \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Ladd \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Carson \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Coffey \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Hendon \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Kramer \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. McGuire \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Quinn Tamm \_\_\_\_\_  
Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_  
Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

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RECEIVED  
MAR 11 1943

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

March 10, 1943

James Edgar W. [unclear]  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act. In addition, the two letters are forwarded to your department for special attention and information. The letters are for the following:

- 126 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1188
- 24 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1189
- 118 Letter, March 7, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1190
- 25 Letter, March 7, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1191
- 4 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1192
- 127 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1193
- 51 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1194
- 138 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1195
- 67 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1196
- 75 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1197
- 14 Letter, March 1, 1943, from [unclear] to [unclear] 1198

*Examine and forward to [unclear] for [unclear]*



F. B. I., Washington, D. C.

-2-

March 10, 1943

94

Letter, March 1, 1943, from Brian Wilson, 1114 N. Lincoln  
1800 N. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

129

Letter, March 1, 1943, from James H. Wilson, 1114 N. Lincoln  
515 Manhattan Avenue, New York City.

Very truly yours,

*J. Edgar Hoover*  
J. Edgar Hoover,  
Warden.

104  
13/13/43

RECEIVED  
MAR 10 1943

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

The letters herewith, which are all from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage and sedition laws, are forwarded for special forwarding and laboratory examination by your department and are as listed below:

#24 Letter, March 14, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted]  
[redacted] 15th Street, New York City. Q1269

#24 Letter, March 14, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted]  
[redacted] 15th Street, New York City. Q1270

#118 Letter, March 16, 1943, to Richard Schindler, from [redacted]  
[redacted] 117 East 45th Street, New York City. Q1271

#75 Letter, March 14, 1943, to Richard Freund, from [redacted]  
Margaret Freund, c/o Mrs. [redacted] 14th Street, New York City. Q1272

#35 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Richard G. Freund, to  
Capt. Adewick Freund, 3rd Replacement, [redacted]  
Pittsburg, California. Q1273

#36 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Carl G. J. [redacted] to [redacted]  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1274

#42 Letter, March 7, 1943, to [redacted] from [redacted]  
21 College Street, Charleston, S.C. Q1275

\*127 Letter, March 16, 1943, from Lester Holmes, to [redacted]  
Holmes, 14 West 114th Street, New York City. Q1276

56 Letter, March 14, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted]  
[redacted] 15th Street, New York City. Q1277

#120 Letter, March 14, 1943, to [redacted] from [redacted]  
225 [redacted] Street, [redacted], New York. Q1278

#118 Letter, March 14, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted]  
[redacted] 1455 [redacted] Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q1279





March 17, 1943

- 119 Letter, undated but envelope postmarked March 16th, to Paul Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q1280
- 66 Letter, March 15, 1943, from Earl Victor Mueller, to Earl Mueller, 4530 East Avenue, Weehawken, New Jersey. Q1281
- 119 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Paul A. Lustig, to Earl Lustig, P. O. Box 1, Milan, Michigan. Q1282
- 75 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Everett W. Boudier, to Earl Boudier, 116 Smith Street, Brooklyn, New York. Q1283
- 115 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickel, to Mrs. Elie Schickel, c/o Detention Station, Danville, Texas. Q1284
- 115 Letter, March 13, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickel, from Mrs. Elie Schickel, 65 Watson Avenue, East Orange, New Jersey. Q1285
- 114 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Charles W. Goltan, to Mrs. James G. Goltan, 330 E. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1286
- 114 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Mrs. James Goltan, to Charles G. Goltan. Q1287
- 89 Letter, March 13, 1943, to Oscar W. Stadler, from Sarah Stegmiller, 325 West 2nd Avenue, Apt. 32B, New York City. Q1288
- 89 Letter, March 14, 1943, from Oscar W. Stadler, to Mrs. Charles A. Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1289
- 94 Letter, March 15, 1943, from Erick Stronch, to Alfred R. Stronch, 1889 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q1290
- 129 Letter, March 14, 1943, from James Morrill, to James Morrill, 110 West 125 Street, New York City. Q1291

Very truly yours

*[Signature]*  
J. C. Sullivan  
Director

3-19-43 JAC

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Department of Justice  
Federal Correctional Institution  
Kalamazoo, Michigan

March 30, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your Department and are as indicated below:

- Letter, March 28, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from  
Caroline Stuppmer, 325 West 42nd Ave. New York City.
- Letter, March 28, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss  
Caroline Stuppmer, 325 West 42nd Ave. New York City.
- Letter, March 28, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Charles A.  
Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City.
- Letter, March 28, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Charles A.  
Oberwager, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City.
- Letter, March 28, 1943, from James Thornhill to Leona Lowry,  
110 West 125th Street, New York City, N. Y.
- Letter, March 23, 1943, to James Thornhill, from  
Bernhardt Thornhill, 60 W. 125th Street, 3rd Floor  
New York City, N. Y.
- Letter, March 23, 1943, to B. W. Zenzinger, from  
S. R. Zenzinger, Los Angeles, California.

Very truly yours,

S/

C. J. Shuttleworth,  
Warden.

Encls.

RECORDED & INDEXED

1175

6

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FILE

52111

144





Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice  
New York, N. Y.

85785

ME:MTW  
100-15431

April 16, 1943

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

7/12/80

26/25

SP5 cilm.

Director, FBI

RE: ARTHUR REID  
CUSTODIAL DETENTION - J

Dear Sir:

There are being transmitted herewith the original and one copy of the report of Confidential Informant (b) (7)(D) dated April 4, 1943 concerning the captioned individual. The informant has been advised to obtain the address of this individual so that appropriate investigation may be conducted concerning his activities.

A case has been opened on this individual in the New York Office and has been assigned for investigation.

Very truly yours,

E E Conroy

E. E. CONROY,  
SAC

COPIES DESTROYED

814 MAR 15 1961

Enc. + 2  
cc: NY file 65-8296

OLD  
&  
INDEXED

1943

16 APR 17 1943

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FIVE



W. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

April 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, April 22, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
68 West 115th Street, New York City. Q1588

#135 Letter, April 6, 1943, to Richard Fremont, from Cpl. Rodrick Fremont,  
Co. E - 3rd Regt. S.M., Pittsburg, California. Q1589

#136 Letter, April 7, 1943, to Carl E. T. Fuchs, from War Prisoners' Lia at the  
Young Men's Christian Association, New York, New York. Q1590

#136 Letter, April 7, 1943, from Joseph Hartrey, to St. M. Bernadette,  
St. Ann's Villa, Newark, New Jersey. Q1591

#127 Letter, April 8, 1943, from Lester Kolness, to Mrs. Wendelyn Kolness,  
14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q1592

#140 Letter, April 9, 1943, from Frank Jensen, to Mrs. Sophia Jensen,  
Women's Reformatory, Edison, West, Virginia. Q1593

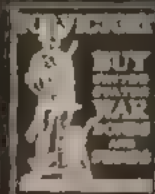
#152 Letter, April 3, 1943, to Hugo Steinsle, from Otto Steinsle,  
Irvington, New Jersey. Q1594

#129 Letter, April 8, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Heslin Williams,  
Down Street, St. Thomas City, V. I. Q1595

#115 Letter, April 7, 1943, from E. W. Gerdinger, to E. E. Gerdinger,  
220 Ardenway, Los Angeles, California. Q1596

Very truly yours,

*W. J. Shuttleworth*  
W. J. Shuttleworth,  
Warden.



DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

April 13, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written by and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded to your department for special censorship and laboratory examination, and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, April 12, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, 1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York. Q1627
- #24 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Conradin Otto Bold, to Mrs. Mary Lou Bold, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City, N.Y. Q1628
- #35 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Richard Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt, c/o Mrs. Johannes Baark, 169 East 64th St., New York City. Q1629
- #36 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Carl F. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1630
- #40 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Karl Graff, to H. Christiansen, 640 Abbott, Detroit, Michigan. Q1631
- #42 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. Q1632
- #42 Letter, April 3, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q1633
- #127 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Lester Holmes, to Mrs. M. Holmes, 14 West 119th Street, New York City. Q1634
- #120 Letter, April 10, 1943, from Johannes Kroger, to Mrs. Elsie Kohl, 225 Fulton Street, Westbury, New York. Q1635
- #75 Letter, April 6, 1943, to Everett Hodder, from Mrs. Mary Hodder, 210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. Q1636
- #115 Letter, April 6, 1943, from Elsie Schickert, Seagoville, Texas, to Adolf Schickert. Q1637
- #115 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Adolf O. Schickert, to Mrs. Elsie Schickert, Seagoville, Texas. Q1638



4/15/43 TS

16 APR 1943



Tot H.L., Washington, D.C.

-2-

April 13, 1943

- #139 Letter, April 9, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Leticia Schmidt, R. 5, Box 586, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q1637
- #114 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Charles R. Soltan, to Mrs. Laura R. Soltan, 339 E. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q1640
- #88 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmayer, 325 West End Avenue, New York City. Q1641
- #88 Letter, April 11, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Chas. A. Obermayer, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1642
- #88 Letter, April 9, 1943, to Oscar R. Stabler, from Chas. A. Obermayer, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City. Q1643
- #129 Letter, April 11, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Bernard Thornhill, 60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tanner, 60 West 129th Street, N.Y. Q1644
- #113 Letter, March 7, 1943, to B. R. Zensinger, from S. R. Zensinger, Los Angeles, California. Q1645

Very truly yours,

  
C. J. Shuttleworth  
Warden

Encls.

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, N. Y.**

NY FILE NO. **100-15431** NEW

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK, N. Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>4/21/43</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>4/1, 13/43</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>KENNETH R. SCUTON</b>
TITLE <b>ARTHUR L. REID (Colored)</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>CUSTODIAL DETENTION (G &amp; J)</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

Subject, colored British Subject, entered US 1907 after being ship wrecked aboard the SS "Orient" off the Atlantic Coast. He entered Norfolk, Va. His passport was lost and since that time no attempt was made to attain naturalization. He registered as an alien and also for Selective Service; no classification has been given him. He began speaking (street speaker) in Harlem in 1932. He organized the African Patriotic League which is currently active but enjoys a small following of Negroes, the purpose of which was the uplift of the Negroes, educationally and economically. Subject's occupation has been miscellaneous labor work and the manufacturing of Negro dolls. In the past he has spoken before the European Negro Improvement Association and the Ethiopian World Federation; was a member of the Harlem Labor Union and served as President during 1938 and 1939. He is considered by the NYO and others as a race agitator. He is pro-German and pro-Japanese, speaking on streets as late as the summer of 1942. Subject denies making statements detrimental to the U.S.

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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED <sup>267,136</sup>  
DATE 7/18/82 BY SP5/clm/s

**DETAILS**

The investigation in this case is predicated upon information appearing in "The Hour" dated August 3, 1941, which names ARTHUR REID as one of the Fascist Agents who have been conducting a vigorous campaign in Harlem to promote pro-Axis and anti-Semitic propaganda among the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>[Signature]</i> SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES <div style="font-size: 2em; text-align: center;">14 7 10</div> <div style="text-align: right;">JUL 21 1943</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, C.I. 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York	

NY 100-15431

Negroes; further, that he is president of the African Patriotic League and is one of the key organizers of the Fascist drive in Harlem. He addresses large meetings; he tells his listeners that the Jews are responsible for the present war, and urges them, the Negroes, to rid the United States of these "red internationalists". He further declares that Adolf Hitler offers the only solution for the Negroes.

During the investigation of LEONARD ROBERT ~~ORIAN~~, Negro leader of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, who is now serving a sentence of ten years for seditious statements made, and who also was quoted in the above issue as being a Fascist, Special Agent M. E. Torrens contacted the editor of this publication who was unable to furnish any specific information or substantiate the allegations made.

The files of the New York Office reflect that ARTHUR REID has been active as a street speaker and agitator in Harlem since 1935.

During the investigation of ROBERT ~~ORIAN~~ referred to above, Special Agent M. E. Torrens and the writer were constantly alert for any information indicating that ARTHUR REID was actively engaged in making speeches or any remarks that might fall within the violation of the Sedition Statute. Confidential Informants were also requested to be on the alert and to ascertain the Subject's activities; however, they were unable to furnish anything definite.

(b) (7)(D)

whose identity is known to the Bureau, in a report dated May 15, 1942 advised that he was with ARTHUR REID, President of the African Progressive Business League, 254 West 135th Street, and that it appears from his conversations with REID that his real objective and aim was a drive against the Jewish Business men in an attempt to run them out of Harlem and every other Negro section throughout the country. The Informant reports REID to be 100% anti-Semitic. He further stated that REID was at one time arrested and convicted for his activities and further that District Attorney Curfew of District Attorney Dewey's office at one time conducted a considerable investigation on REID while he was president or active in the Harlem Labor Union.

(b) (7)(D)

at other times orally has reported to Special Agent M. E. Torrens and the writer that ARTHUR REID is one of the more intelligent street speakers and agitators in Harlem; that he was principally interested in obtaining employment for Negroes in that section, and that in the past he has always known him to be in opposition to the Communists. In this connection it is noted in a Political Manual for Harlem issued by the Harlem Division of the Communist Party, U. S. A., 43 Lenox Avenue, in September 1939, ARTHUR



NY 100-15431

REID is referred to as the leader of the Harlem Labor Union. They refer to this labor union as anti-labor, anti-semitic, reactionary Negro nationalists, racketeering organization which tries to parade as a genuine labor organization. They go on to say that REID plays upon the national sentiments of the Negro people and appeals to their aspirations for jobs, and freedom and equality, to draw the masses around him. REID plays with the name of ~~MARSH~~ GARVEY, leader of the now practically defunct Garvey Back to Africa movement (Universal Negro Improvement Association) which flourished in the early 20's in order to attract the nationalistically inclined Negroes.

D. I. MULHOLLAND, Inspector for the Sixth Division of the New York Police Department advised that ARTHUR REID has been an active street speaker in Harlem since before 1935; that he was formerly connected with the Harlem Labor Union, a group organized by some of the more radical Negroes in Harlem, in an attempt to secure employment for the Negroes, which organization engaged in extorting money from some of the Jewish-owned stores in that area. Further, that this group aided in the cause of the riots between the Whites and colored races in 1935. He stated, however, that REID was arrested by the Police Department in 1939 and that since that time he had engaged very little in street speaking, but had confined his meetings to a small hall he has leased on 135th Street, next door to the Police Station, where he holds meetings under the sponsorship of the African Patriotic League.

On April 13, 1943 Inspector MULHOLLAND was again contacted and he advised that subsequent to the sentencing of ROBERT JORDAN and others in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, that there has been no activity reported to him on the part of street speakers and that he had had no reports concerning Subject REID.

Discreet inquiries were made in the vicinity, and of the owner of the building at 254 West 135th Street, where REID holds his meetings, and it was noted that the meeting hall proper is a small room containing twenty-five chairs and further that under crowded conditions this hall could not accommodate over 50 persons. It was further ascertained that meetings are held here each Sunday evening at approximately four o'clock and that from ten to fifteen people attend; however, that several years ago this group was more active and REID had an attendance of approximately seventy-five.

It was further ascertained that the speeches are generally concerning the economic welfare of the Negroes and their obtaining employment in the places of business in the Harlem area.

On July 19, 1942 Inspector BUTLER attached to the Harlem Division of the New York Police Department with offices at

NY 100-15431

229 West 123d Street reported that regular meetings are being held on the streets of Harlem between 124th and 125th Street on Eighth Avenue. The Inspector furnished copies of complete reports of these meetings as obtained by Officers HOLMAN ROWMAN and ROBERT ELLISON. It was noted from these reports that the meetings were held under the sponsorship of the African Pioneering Movement and that the principal speakers were CARLOS COOKS, ARTHUR GREEN, JAMES THORNHILL, and ARTHUR REID. Reports reflect that on June 29, 1942 ARTHUR REID in speaking on the streets among other things made this statement: "Some white people would rather see Hitler win than give justice to the Negro." On other nights the following statements are contributed to him: "All Hitler did was to work like Hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to". "We never got a break under this flag". "The Japanese can make anything the White man can, and twice as fast". "There are no good White people".

Statements made by other speakers on this program mentioned above were much more radical than those made by REID. A separate file has been opened carrying the above four men as Subjects and they are being investigated for possible violation to the Sedition Statute. It is pointed out that in the ROBERT JORDAN case referred to above, THORNHILL was carried as one of the Subjects and on January 14, 1942 was given a sentence of seven years on charges of making seditious statements.

CARLOS COOKS referred to above served a 90-day sentence in the New York jails as a result of speeches made on the New York streets, referred to above. ARTHUR GREEN was tried by the New York Police Department, was found guilty and received a 15-day suspended sentence for his statements made on the streets.

ARTHUR REID was interviewed on April 10 at which time he stated that he resided at 9 East 126th Street. He gave as his age 54, stating he was born in May 1888 at Barbados, British West Indies. In April 1907 he was ship wrecked while aboard the SS "Orient" on the Atlantic Coast off the coast of Norfolk, Virginia; that he was brought to the United States at the Port of Norfolk and that having lost his passport as a result of the wreck, no attempts have been made by him to obtain his citizenship; that he did at one time talk to a lawyer concerning his status but that it had not been cleared up. He stated that he has not been out of the United States since his entrance. He registered for the Alien Registration Act in 1941 and exhibited his card which reflects that his number is 5384219. His registration certificate reflects that he registered for the draft on April 27, 1942 at Local Board #54, New York City.

REID was married in New York City and has no children. His occupation has been miscellaneous labor work; for a short time he worked as an elevator operator and in 1915 operated a grocery business for himself for a period of about one year. In recent years he has been engaged in the manufacture of colored dolls. In this respect he claims to be a contractor and that his income is from \$1,000 to \$1200 a year.

NY 100-15431

He claims to do business through one P. V. WOODSTEF. REID advises that his education consisted of public school education in the British West Indies and that since coming to New York City he has attended business school at night and has the equivalent of a high school education. REID began lecturing in the year 1932 at which time he organized the African Progressive League which is presently located at 254 West 136th Street. The original organizers of this group other than the Subject were SAMUEL WATKINS, JAMES KELLY, and IRA KEMP. IRA KEMP is a well-known street agitator, now deceased. SAMUEL WATKINS, according to information furnished Agents in the investigation of this matter, was a very prominent and well-known street speaker during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian War and is allegedly reported to be engaged in recruiting troops for the Ethiopian Army among the Negroes in the larger cities of the United States. JAMES KELLY is still active in this league, he is about 52 years of age, and is employed as an elevator operator.

ARTHUR REID is president of the League and one BEVINS, blind, whose first name REID did not know, is treasurer and organizer. REID claims they have approximately 30 active members who pay 35¢ a month dues; that the purpose of this league is to educate Negroes and to up-list them through discussing problems and labor and economic.

REID went on to say that at one time he was active in the Harlem Labor Union and he served as president during 1938 and 1939. REID advised that the original organizers of this group were IRA KEMP, JAMES THOMPSON, Reverend A. L. LAYTON POWELL, Jr., Reverend JOHNNY JOHNSON, Reverend LEE, and one FRED STONE. REID advises although he is not connected with that group now, that it is an independent labor union directed by one STONE; that the offices are now located at 236 West 110th Street. REID claims that he left the Harlem Labor Union in 1939 at which time he was arrested by the New York Police Department on charges of dis-orderly conduct in connection with some of his activities in this group at which time he received a ten-day suspended sentence. REID claims that this is the only time he has been arrested since his entrance into the United States.

REID denies membership in any other organization or groups; however, he does admit that he in the past has spoken before audiences of the Ethiopian World Federation and the Universal Negro Improvement Association. REID denies emphatically that he has ever spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, above referred to as headed by ROBERT JOHNSON. REID admits that in the past he has made statements against the Communists and is considered one of their enemies. He also admits having made anti-Semitic statements, but he denies making any statements to the detriment of the United States or statements against other groups since the declaration of war.

A description of REID as obtained from observation and questioning is as follows:



NY 100-15431

~~Name~~

~~Address~~

Age

Height

Weight

Complexion

Eyes

Hair

Occupation

Marital Status

Race

Citizenship

ARTHUR L. REID

9 East 126th Street

54 (Born May 1888 at Barbados, British West  
Indies)

5'6"

140 lbs.

Black

Dark

Black (part bald)

Laborer and street speaker

Married

Negro

British

Inasmuch as Informants are unable to obtain any information to substantiate the fact that ARTHUR REED is now engaged in making speeches which might fall within violation of the Sedition Statute and since the New York Police Department reports Subject to be inactive, no further investigation is being conducted.

- C L O S E D -

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1  
THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

FILE NO. 100-15431

REPORT MADE AT New York, N. Y.	DATE WHEN MADE 4/21/43	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE 4/10/43-4/21/43	REPORT MADE BY J. Edgar Hoover
TITLE WILLIAM L. (Colored)			CHARACTER OF CASE Racial Matters (C. L. S.)

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

Subject, colored British subject, entered U. S. in 1937 after his ship wrecked aboard the "Orient" off the Atlantic coast. He entered Norfolk, Va. His passport was lost and since that time no attempt was made to attain naturalization. He is registered as an alien and also for Selective Service; no classification has been given him. He began speaking (street speaker) in Harlem in 1932. He organized the African Patriotic League which is currently active but enjoys a small following of Negroes, the purpose of which was the uplift of the Negroes, educationally and economically. Subject's occupation has been miscellaneous labor or work in the manufacturing of Negro dolls. In the past he has worked before the Negro Labor Improvement Association and the "Black Star Line" Federation; was a member of the Harlem Labor Union and served as President during 1937 and 1938. He is considered by the FBI and others as a race agitator. He carried pro-German and pro-Japanese, speaking on streets as late as the summer of 1942. Subject denies carrying statements distributed to the U. S.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 267,226  
DATE 7/18/86 BY SP5 CHM/MS

The investigation in this case is predicated upon information appearing in "The Hour" dated August 3, 1941, which states ARTHUR H. H. as one of the Fascist agents who have been conducting a vigorous campaign in Harlem to promote pro-Axis and anti-Semitic propaganda and the

APPROVED AND FORWARDED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
		<div style="font-size: 2em; font-weight: bold;">14-1187-10</div> <div style="font-size: 4em; font-weight: bold; opacity: 0.5;">FILED</div>
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 3 - Bureau 1 - Captain E. C. MacFarland 1 - Colonel E. V. Constant 2 - New York		

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Department of Justice  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
Milan, Michigan

April 19, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. D.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Carl E. T. Fuchs, from Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Easter Card, April 13, 1943, to Carl E. T. Fuchs, from Anna Fuchs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Letter, April 10, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 14, 1943, to Lester Holness, from Mrs. G. Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 14, 1943, to Hartwig Weiss, from Mrs. Anna Weiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City.

Letter, April 11, 1943, to Oscar H. Stabler, from Carol Stabler, 343 West 2nd Avenue, New York.

Letter, April 12, 1943, to James Thornhill, from L. Lowry, 120 E. 125th Street, New York, N. Y.

Letter, April 13, 1943, from H. H. Denzinger, to H. H. Denzinger, 740 Crenshaw, Los Angeles, Calif.

Very truly yours

S/

C. J. Shuttleworth,  
Warden

Encs.

RECORDED

BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MAY 1 1943

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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Department of Justice  
Federal Correctional Institute  
Milan, Michigan

April 26, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for violation of the espionage act, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Ralph West, to Mrs. Edith West, 62 West 118th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Conradin Otto Wald, to Mary Lou Lloyd, 691 E. 131st Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Richard Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt, c/o Mrs. Johanna Beark, 149 E. 60th Street, New York City.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Earl W. F. Jones, to Mrs. Vera Jones, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y.

Letter, April 25, 1943, to Herman I. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Herman I. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.

Master Card, to Herman I. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

Master Card, to Paul H. Lustig, from Mrs. Paul Lustig, 3453 Rowell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Maria Lustig, 3453 Rowell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.

Letter, April 2, 1943, to Hans Nagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhammer, 191-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill, N. Y.

RECORDED

INDEXED

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100-11111-12

April 26, 1943

Letter, April 23, 1943, from Warette M. Moadar, to  
Mrs. Mary S. Moadar, 210 Smith Street, Lerrick, N. Y.

Letter, April 24, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Miss  
Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to  
Mrs. Miss Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Tex.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Charles S. Boltan, to  
Miss Pearl Boltan, 339 N. Summit Street,  
Indianapolis, Indiana.

Letter, April 25, 1943, from Oscar H. Stabler, to  
Miss Caroline Stegmoller, 325 West End Avenue,  
New York City.

Letter, April 23, 1943, from James Rignall, to  
Mrs. Leona Lowry, 115 West 120th Street,  
New York City.

Very truly yours,

-/

C. J. Stittsworth,  
Garden

Encs.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 4, 1943

Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

The enclosed herewith letters contain the following information  
submitted for this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc.  
The letters are submitted for special screening and laboratory  
examination by your department and are as indicated below:

#126 Letter, April 2, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York. Q1886

#126 Letter, April 30, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
62 East 113th Street, New York City. Q1887

#136 Letter, May 3, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
62 East 113th Street, New York City. Q1888

#24 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
401 E. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. Q1889

#35 Letter, April 30, 1943, to Richard Freund, from Mrs. Margaret Freund,  
c/o Mrs. [redacted] 159 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. Q1890

#35 Letter, May 1, 1943, from Richard F. Freund, to Mrs. Margaret Freund,  
c/o Mrs. [redacted] 159 E. 64th Street, New York City. Q1891

#36 Letter, May 3, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
[redacted] Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1892

#36 Letter, April 30, 1943, to [redacted] from Mrs. [redacted]  
[redacted] Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q1893

#42 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [redacted] from, to Mrs. [redacted]  
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q1894

#51 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [redacted] to Mrs. [redacted]  
257 E. 113th Street, New York City, New York. Q1895

Letter, April 7, 1943, to [redacted] from [redacted]  
224 Main Street, Burlington, New York. Q1896



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13



May 4, 1943

- #138 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Emma Lustig  
[illegible]  
Q1900
- #142 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1901
- #144 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
4570 Park Avenue, Weehawken, New Jersey.  
Q1902
- #145 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1903
- #145 Letter, April 30, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
Seagoville, Texas, to Adolf G. Schlorent.  
Q1904
- #144 Letter, April 30, 1943, to Charles Soltan, from Pearl Soltan,  
39 No. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana.  
Q1905
- #147 Letter, May 2, 1943, from Charles W. Soltan, to Mrs. Laura B. Soltan,  
[illegible]  
Q1906
- #149 Letter, May 2, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1907
- #147 Letter, May 2, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1908
- #132 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1909
- #129 Letter, May 3, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1910
- #113 Letter, May 1, 1943, from [illegible] to [illegible]  
[illegible]  
Q1911

Very truly yours,  
  
 J. Edgar Hoover  
 Director

C HAJ  
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Y

Department of Justice

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

Milan, Michigan

May 12, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose letters written by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as listed below:

- Letter, May 9, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 62 West 118th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 12, 1943, from Hermann Buss, to Ethel M. Garnee, 316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.
- Letter, May 10, 1943, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Owendolyn Holness, 14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 11, 1943, from Leonard R. Jordan, to Jonas Gordon, 239 W. 116th Street, New York City.
- Letter, May 9, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Alice Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas
- Letter, May 10, 1943, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt, R. 3, Box 586, Louisville, Kentucky
- Letter, May 9, 1943, from James Therskill, to Miss Vera Lampress, 2076 7th Avenue, New York City, N.Y.

Very truly yours,

C. J. Shuttleworth,  
Warden

encls.

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EX-50

11-1117-14  
MAY 21 1943  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

59 MAY 29 1943

WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 10, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Is enclosed herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

Letter, May 5, 1943, to J. E. Jones, from Ethel E. Jones,  
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Letter, May 17, 1943, to J. E. Jones, from Ethel E. Jones,  
316 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Letter, May 16, 1943, to Herman F. Green, from Mrs. Lillie Green,  
11 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

Letter, May 17, 1943, to Earl Robert Doolittle, from George Doolittle,  
Woodlawn, New Jersey.

Birthday

RECORDED

INDEXED

14-117-15  
MAY 20 1943

EX-21

267  
JUN 1 2 1943

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

May 19, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

Letter, May 6, 1943, to G. H. Ross, from Ethel E. Barnes,  
26 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Letter, May 17, 1943, to G. H. Ross, from Ethel E. Barnes,  
26 57th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Letter, May 16, 1943, to Herman S. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green,  
11 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina.

Letter, May 17, 1943, to Earl Floyd Hamilton, from George Hamilton,  
Nebraska, New Jersey.

Birth-day greeting card, to Johannes Kroeger, from E. H. Hall,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York.

Letter, May 27, 1943, to Everett Roder, from Mrs. Lucy Roder,  
210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York.

Letter, May 11, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Bernard Thornhill,  
60 West 129th Street, New York City.

Very truly yours,

*C. J. Shuttleworth*  
C. J. Shuttleworth  
Warden

Encls.







DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

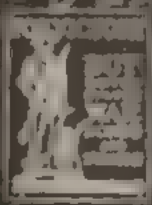
May 25, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

I am enclosing herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination to your department and are as indicated below:

- #126 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 42 West 134th Street, New York City. Q2161
- #127 Letter, May 21, 1943, to Ralph Best, from Mrs. Edith Best, New York City, New York. Q2162
- #146 Letter, May 19, 1943, to Kenneth Shaw, from William L. Brown, 236 - 27th Street, Brooklyn, New York. Q2163
- #24 Letter, May 13, 1943, from Charlotte Rose Gold, to Mrs. L. M. Gold, 601 W. 151st Street, New York City, New York. Q2164
- #34 Letter, May 12, 1943, from Robert F. Brown, to Mrs. Margaret Brown, 44 Mrs. Brown Street, 129 E. 44th Street, New York City. Q2165
- #35 Letter, May 10, 1943, to Robert Brown, from Mrs. Margaret Brown, 44 Mrs. Brown Street, 129 E. 44th Street, New York City, N.Y. Q2166
- #46 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Carl F. T. Fuhs, to Mrs. Anna Fuhs, 212a Avenue, New York City, New York. Q2167
- #47 Letter, May 11, 1943, from Robert F. Brown, to Mrs. Anna Fuhs, 212a Avenue, New York City, New York. Q2168
- #127 Letter, May 10, 1943, to Lester Wilson, from Mrs. L. M. Wilson, 12 E. 119th Street, New York City. Q2169
- #47 Letter, May 10, 1943, from Robert F. Brown, to Mrs. Anna Fuhs, 212a Avenue, New York City, New York. Q2170



Washington, D. C.

-2-

May 25, 1943

#57 Letter, May 22, 1943, from Mary Margaret Kiddle, 14 1/2 West 11th St.,  
250 E. 91st Street, New York City. Q2176

#58 Letter, May 22, 1943, to Herbert Kiddle, from Mrs. Mary Kiddle,  
150 E. 91st Street, New York City, and photograph. Q2177

#131 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Ben Lustig,  
3451 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Q2178

#75 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Everett E. Jensen, to Mrs. Mary Jensen,  
210 Smith Street, Marick, New York. Q2179

#114 Letter, May 23, 1943, to Charles E. Kiddle, from Mrs. Mary Kiddle,  
339 W. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q2180

#88 Letter, May 23, 1943, from Oscar E. Kiddle, to Miss Caroline Kiddle,  
325 West End Avenue, Apt. 118, New York City. Q2181

#94 Letter, May 23, 1943, to Oscar E. Kiddle, from E. Kiddle,  
325 West End Avenue, New York City. Q2182

#96 Letter, May 24, 1943, from E. Kiddle, to Alfred E. Kiddle,  
1816 Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q2183

#229 Letter, May 25, 1943, to James Kiddle, from Mrs. Caroline Kiddle,  
4th Avenue, New York. Q2184

Very truly yours,

  
J. H. Kiddle  
New York

Enclosed

EPB:rb

14-1187

June 5, 1943

SAC, New York

267,236

7/18/44

SP5C:RMS

CARLOS LOOKS; JAMES HENRY THOMPSON,  
alias J. J. THOMPSON; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR RAY;  
[REDACTED]

Mr Tolson

Mr Nichols

Mr Clegg

Mr Egan

Mr Glavin

Mr Ladd

Mr Nichols

Mr Rosen

Mr Tracy

Mr Carson

Mr Egan

Mr Glavin

Mr Ladd

Reference is made to Bureau letter dated March 19, 1943, in which you were instructed to cover the leads set forth in the report of Special Agent Kenneth H. Kouton, dated December 8, 1942, at New York City, and also to bring the activities of the subjects up to date.

A review of the Bureau's file in this matter reflects that your office has not complied with these instructions. Therefore, it is desired that this case be handled immediately and that a report covering the desired investigation be submitted to the Bureau by your office within thirty days after receipt of this letter.

MAILED

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P.M.

RECEIVED

JUN

14-1187-17

END OF PAGE



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 1, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

Enclosed are letters to you from various sources in  
the Department for various reasons, including, etc. The  
letters are forwarded for special consideration and necessary action  
in the Department and are an important matter.

First letter, May 11, 1943, from Ralph R. Smith, 1001 W. 116th Street, New York City.

Second letter, May 11, 1943, from Ralph R. Smith, 1001 W. 116th Street, New York City, NY.

Third letter, May 11, 1943, from Ralph R. Smith, 1001 W. 116th Street, New York City, NY.

Fourth letter, May 11, 1943, from Ralph R. Smith, 1001 W. 116th Street, New York City, NY.

61 JUN 16 1943

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EX-40

14-1187-18  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
JUN 9 1943  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
INDEXED



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT **NEW YORK, N. Y.**

NY FILE NO. **14-48 FDR**

REPORT MADE AT <b>NEW YORK, N. Y.</b>	DATE WHEN MADE <b>6/10/43</b>	PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE <b>12/11/42; 3/9; 4/10, 13; 5/3/43</b>	REPORT MADE BY <b>KENNETH R. ROUNTON</b>
TITLE <b>CHANGED CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS; JAMES HENRY THORNHILL with alias: J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID</b>			CHARACTER OF CASE <b>SEDITION</b>

**SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:**

THORNHILL received sentence of eight years for his activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, charged with sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition; COOKS' inducted into Army, 4/9/43. Additional information set out. REID interviewed and denies statements allegedly made by him. No evidence of his activity as a street speaker at present. However, he continues to hold small meetings indoors, reportedly dealing with African history. Identities and location of CLARK, HOLLINGSWORTH and GREEN not known, and in absence of information of their present activities as speakers, no further investigation is being conducted.

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 251,136  
DATE 7/11/96 BY SP5C/10MS

- C -

**REFERENCE:**

Bureau File No. **14-669**  
Report of Special Agent Kenneth R. Rounton dated December 8, 1942 at New York City.

**COPIES DESTROYED**

Letter from Bureau to New York dated March 19, 1943.

**4 AUG 18 1961**  
**DETAILS:**

The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject COOKS as **CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS**.

In reference to subject JAMES HENRY THORNHILL reported in reference report as being detained at the Federal Detention House, New York City under indictment on charges of sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition, the dockets of the Clerk of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York reflect that on January 14, 1943, THORNHILL was sentenced by Judge

APPROVED AND FORWARDED <i>E. E. [Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN THESE SPACES
COPIES OF THIS REPORT 5 - Bureau 1 - USA SDNY 1 - Captain R. C. MacFall, NI 1 - Colonel S. V. Constant, G-2 2 - New York		<b>19</b> 7-5-43 12-1-43 7-4-43 7-5-43 [Handwritten notes and stamps]

NY 14-48

CLARENCE GALSTON in the Federal Court, Southern District of New York to a term of eight years on each indictment to run concurrently. At the same time, four other subjects under indictment for their activity in the Ethiopian Pacific Movement were sentenced for terms ranging from four to ten years.

On May 3, 1943, it was ascertained from Local Draft Board 53, 235th Street, New York City that subject CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS was inducted into the Army on April 3, 1943. However, he was held over because of his physical and was not accepted until April 9, 1943. His present Army serial number is 32886414.

From the records of the New York Probation Office, New York City, the following additional information was obtained on December 11, 1942 concerning CARLOS COOKS. His fingerprint number is 329205, New York City. His criminal record reflected that he was arrested July 13, 1936 for malicious mischief, Fifth Court, New York City, and he was brought before Judge LIN'AU and dismissed. On July 17, 1936, he was charged with extortion, General Sessions, New York City and discharged October 8, 1936. On July 14, 1942, he was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets, and was sentenced to ninety days, City Jail.

According to the records of the Probation Office, COOKS is the youngest of four children, born June 23, 1913, San Pedro, Dominican Republic. He entered the United States in 1929 aboard the S. S. HURON and his mother died in 1935. His father is a citizen of the United States, sixty-two years of age, a carpenter by trade, but has not worked in recent years. He owns two rooming houses and operates them for his livelihood. COOKS advised authorities that he was of the Wesleyan faith. However, he did not attend church.

When questioned concerning his becoming a citizen of the United States, he replied that he intended to go to Africa. According to COOKS, he attended public school in the Dominican Republic and went as far as the eighth grade. Later he attended an English class on the Island of St. Martin, for a period of two years.

When questioned concerning his employment, he advised that for the past six years, he had assisted his father who paid him from \$10. to \$15. per week. However, according to probation officials, his father denied his statement, and stated that subject had lived in the house practically free of charge. However, he did state that COOKS had done some odd jobs as a carpenter.

In reference to COOKS' character, his arrest in all instances, had been the result of his speaking on the streets of Harlem.



NY 1-48

COOKS leased the premises at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue where his meetings were held from the real estate office of Goodwin and Goodwin, 311 Lenox Avenue, for which he paid \$35. a month. COOKS advised the probation officers that he was editor of a paper known as the Street Speaker. However, the officers were unable to obtain a copy of such a paper. It is further pointed out that in any investigations of a similar nature in the colored areas, at no time has the writer come upon such a paper.

Records at the Selective Service Board previously referred to reflects that COOKS complied with the regulations and registered with the Selective Service Board. However, upon being placed in classification 1A, on July 14, 1942, he made an appeal and filed an application as an alien for relief from military service. It is noted that when he returned his questionnaire, he gave no occupational experience, no income, no property owned and stated that he had been a resident in the United States since July 6, 1929.

Concerning his court record, he denied that he had been convicted of any crime. Further on March 16, 1942, he signed the statement that he intended to remain a national of the Dominican Republic. As previously reported, COOKS is now in the United States Army.

ARTHUR REID was located and voluntarily came to the New York Office where he furnished the following information concerning himself. He is a British subject, who entered the United States 1907, as a result of a ship wreck of the S. S. ORIENT off the Atlantic Coast, at Norfolk, Virginia. At that time, his passport was lost and subsequently, he has not attempted to become a naturalized citizen. He exhibited his certificates, which reflected that he registered as an alien and for the Selective Service Act. Because of his age, he is not being classified by his Local Board.

REID advised that he first began speaking as a street speaker in Harlem in 1932 and about that time, he organized the African Patriotic League, which is currently active, but enjoys a small following of Negroes. The purpose of this organization was for the uplift of the Negro educationally and economically. The location of this organization is presently at 254 W. 135th Street, New York City, and it has been observed by agents to be a small room with chairs which would accommodate approximately twenty-five persons.

REID advised that meetings are held there each Sunday evening at 4 P.M., that at present there are about thirty active members and they are assessed as dues \$.35 a month. In addition to that, REID stated that he was formerly active in the Harlem Labor Union, which was organized in 1935 and which is presently active, the headquarters now being at 236 W. 116th Street, New York City.

NY 14-48

REID advised that in 1938 and 1939, he was president of this organization, however, at the present, he is not affiliated with it, though it is a strong organization, having approximately six hundred members. REID is presently married and has one child, and his occupation since being in New York has been that of an elevator operator and general miscellaneous work. He ran a grocery business for himself in 1915 and in late years, he has been in the business of the manufacture of colored baby dolls. In this connection, he advises that he is somewhat of a contractor and he maintains his office at 254 W. 135th Street, the same location as that of the African Patriotic League.

REID denies membership in any other organizations, but does state that he has appeared as a speaker before a number of organizations including the Ethiopian World Federation, the Universal Negro Improvement Association and the African Pioneering Movement. However, he denies that he ever spoke before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement.

REID denied all specific statements allegedly made by him. However, he did admit that in the early part of the war, he had made some statements which might have been considered a violation of the law in war-times, so he had been very careful and had discontinued any such statements that might be considered disloyal. Further, in fact, he had never been disloyal to the United States and was only attempting to uplift the condition of the colored race in America.

In this connection, Inspector MULHOLLAND, 28th Precinct, New York City, advised according to reports from members of the police force, that REID had been very quiet and did not very often speak with anyone, and was not known to have been speaking on the streets subsequent to the arrest of THORNHILL, COOKS and GREEN as reported in reference report.

REID stated that since being in America, he had only been arrested on one occasion, December 3, 1939, charged with disorderly conduct as a result of a fight he had with a white man on the subway. He was sentenced to ten days. However, the sentence was suspended.

REID was questioned in reference to ARTHUR GREEN and he advised that he was not acquainted with him to the extent that he knew his address or occupation. He advised that he believed he was a junk dealer. However, he had never spoken before his organization, nor had he heard him speak at any other place other than on the streets during the summer of 1942. REID described GREEN as being forty-years of age, 5'8" tall, 160 lbs., with very dark complexion.

NY 14-48

In reference to HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH or CLARK, REID did not know them at all nor could he furnish any descriptions of them.

In reference to REID's organization on 135th Street, he states that the speakers are cautious in their remarks and only lecture on African history and the economic condition of the Negroes, that no remarks are made pertaining to the Japanese, and are primarily interested in the breakdown of discrimination and the obtaining of jobs for the Negro people.

Agent Torrens and the writer made an effort to locate ARTHUR GREEN without success and at the address furnished by him to the Police Department, no one at that address admitted their acquaintance with GREEN nor could they furnish his present location.

Inquiries were also made of the Police Department and individuals living in that vicinity without success.

In reference to CLARK and HOLLINGSWORTH, mentioned as making remarks along with subjects of this case, it is pointed out that THORNHILL and COOKS as well as REID denied their acquaintance with these individuals, advising they are just people who came up to the stands, out of the crowd, and voluntarily made a few remarks. The Police and detectives of the 28th Street Precinct were not acquainted with these individuals and it has not been reported that they have done any further speaking on the streets.

A description of CARLOS COOKS as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS (colored)
Age	31
Born	June 23, 1913, Dominion Republic
Height	5'7"
Weight	150 lbs.
Build	Medium
Complexion	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Dark brown
Race	Negro
Occupation	Street speaker
Citizenship	British

NY 14-48

Marital status	Single
Criminal record	Several arrests for disturbing the peace
Relatives	Father - JAMES COOKS, 43 W. 131st Street; Sister - SILVIA, 43 W. 131st St.; Brother - LORENCO, 43 W. 131st St.; - JAMES, 219 E. 135th St., age 33.

A description of ARTHUR REID as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	ARTHUR REID
Age	55
Born	May, 1888, Barbados, British West Indies
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 lbs.
Complexion	Black
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black, part bald
Criminal record	Arrested 12/3/39, disorderly conduct
Occupation	Lecturer and laborer
Race	Negro
Citizenship	British
Marital status	Married, one child,

A description of JAMES HENRY THORNHILL is as follows:

Name	JAMES HENRY THORNHILL
Age	41
Born	October 23, 1901, St. Croix, Virgin Islands
Height	5'9"
Weight	140 lbs.
Build	Slim
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black
Complexion	Black
Marital status	Married to ADELINA JACOBS - separated
Race	Negro
Occupation	Laborer
Citizenship	U. S. citizen



NY 14648

Relatives      \*

Sister - VERA CAMPUS, 19 W. 117th St.,  
New York City;  
Brother - BERNARD THORNHILL,  
address unknown

Inas much as the police and informants available, know of no activities on the part of individuals and subjects of this investigation, in engaging in street speaking or making remarks that might be considered seditious subsequent to those originally reported by the Police Department in reference report, and since it is further substantiated by the sister of CARLOS COOKS that he has not engaged in speaking since his release from the City Jail, and in view of the fact that COOKS is presently in the Army, and that REIT denies making statements of seditious character and THORNHILL is presently serving a term of eight years of imprisonment for statements he made before the Ethiopian Pacific League, no further investigation is being conducted in this case and it is considered closed.

- C L O S E D -

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Form No. 1

THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

**NEW YORK, N. Y.**

**NY**

FILE NO. **100-48708**

<b>REPORT MADE AT</b> <b>NEW YORK, N. Y.</b>	<b>DATE WHEN MADE</b> <b>6/10/43</b>	<b>PERIOD FOR WHICH MADE</b> <b>12/11/42 to 1/10/43</b>	<b>REPORT MADE BY</b> <b>EDWARD H. FORTON</b>
<b>TITLE</b> <b>CHARLES ALVIN GARY;</b> <b>JAMES EARL RAY with alias; J. J. Thornhill;</b> <b>ARTHUR J. BARKER</b>			<b>CHARACTER OF CASE</b> <b>SECURITY</b>
<p><b>SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:</b></p> <p>THORNHILL received sentence of eight years for his activity in the Ethiopian Battle Movement, charged with sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition. Inducted into Army, 4/9/42. Admitted in service. Kell interviewed and denies statements allegedly made by him. No evidence of his activity as a secret speaker at present. However, he continues to hold small meetings, reportedly dealing with African history. Identifies as location of Kell, HOLLIS ST. and 1st St. not known, but in possession of information of their present and still as speakers, no further investigation is being conducted.</p> <p style="text-align: right;">ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED <span style="float: right;">267,234</span> DATE 7/18/76 BY SP5C/LMS</p> <p style="text-align: center;">- 2 -</p> <p>Bureau file No. 100-48708 Report of Special Agent Edward H. Forton dated December 8, 1942 at New York City.</p> <p>Letter from Bureau to New York dated March 19, 1943.</p> <p><b>DETAILS:</b></p> <p>The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject GARY as (1) (2) (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100) (101) (102) (103) (104) (105) (106) (107) (108) (109) (110) (111) (112) (113) (114) (115) (116) (117) (118) (119) (120) (121) (122) (123) (124) (125) (126) (127) (128) (129) (130) (131) (132) (133) (134) (135) (136) (137) (138) (139) (140) (141) (142) (143) (144) (145) (146) (147) 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MEMORANDUM FOR ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL  
WILLIAM B. ELLIS

HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED 247,236  
DATE 7/19/86 BY SP5CJL/MS

RE: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS;  
JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, with alias  
J. J. Thornhill;  
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;  
SEDITION

Enclosed herewith for your consideration are copies of the following investigative reports:

Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Houston, dated September 29, 1942, at New York, New York, entitled "Carlos Cooks; James Henry Thornhill, alias J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid; Sedition."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Houston, dated December 8, 1942, at New York City, entitled "Carlos Cooks; James Henry Thornhill, alias J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid; Sedition."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Houston, dated April 21, 1943, at New York, New York, entitled "Arthur L. Reid (Colored); Custodial Detention - G & J."

Report of Special Agent Kenneth E. Houston, dated June 10, 1943, at New York, New York, entitled "Carlos Alexander Cooks; James Henry Thornhill, with alias J. J. Thornhill; Arthur Green; Arthur Reid; Sedition."

Mr Tolson

Mr E. A. Tamm

Mr Clegg

Mr Coffey

Mr Glavin

Mr Ladd

Mr Nichols

Mr Rosen

Mr Tracy

Mr Carson

Mr Hendon

Mr McGuire

Mr Mumford

Mr Piper

Mr Quinn Tamm

Mr Nease

Miss Gandy

Enclosure

Will you kindly review these reports and advise me whether you believe the activities and speeches of the subjects amount to a violation of the Sedition Statutes and whether you believe further investigation in this matter is justified.

You will note in your review of these reports that subject James Henry Thornhill received a sentence of eight years on January 14, 1943, for his activities in the "Unionian Pacific Movement, being charged with sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition. Subject Carlos Alexander Cooks you will note was inducted into the United States Army on April 9, 1943.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover  
Director

47

SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

June 1, 1945

We enclosed herewith letters to and from prisoners confined  
in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters  
are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your  
department and are so indicated below.

1. Letter, June 1, 1945, to General W. H. Hall, from Mrs. Mary Hall,  
400 E. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y.

2. Letter, June 1, 1945, from General W. H. Hall, to Mrs. Mary Hall,  
400 E. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y.

3. Letter, June 1, 1945, to Richard Freundt, from Mrs. Margaret Freundt,  
44 E. Johnson Street, 189 E. 44th Street, New York, N. Y.

4. Letter, June 1, 1945, from Richard Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt,  
44 E. Johnson Street, 189 E. 44th Street, New York, N. Y.

11-11-20

RECEIVED  
JUN 1 1945

11-2

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

117 201



SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 8, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- Letter, June 5, 1943, to Conradin Otto Dold, from Mrs. Mary Lee Dold, 601 E. 151st Street, New York City. 6-2987
- Letter, June 6, 1943, from Conradin Otto Dold, to Mrs. Mary Lee Dold, 601 E. 151st Street, New York City. 6-2988
- Letter, June 4, 1943, to Richard Prusoff, from Mrs. Margaret Prusoff, c/o Mrs. Johanna Bask, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 6-2989
- Letter, June 6, 1943, from Richard Prusoff, to Mrs. Margaret Prusoff, c/o Mrs. Johanna Bask, 189 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 6-2990
- Letter, June 6, 1943, from Carl E. E. Puchner, to Mrs. Anna Puchner, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. 6-2991
- Letter, June 6, 1943, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. 6-2992
- Letter, June 5, 1943, to Paul E. A. Green, from Mrs. Daphne Green, 112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. 6-2993
- Letter, June 5, 1943, to Harwig Klies, from Mrs. Klies, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City, N. Y. 6-2994
- Letter, June 5, 1943, from Harwig Klies, to Mrs. Klies, 150 E. 91st Street, New York City. 6-2995
- Letter, June 5, 1943, from Paul Gertig, to Mrs. Gertig, 1453 Small Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. 6-2996
- Letter, June 5, 1943, to Carl Victor Mueller, from George Mueller, Washington, D. C. 6-2997



RECEIVED - DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

JUN 10 1943

June 1, 1943

- Letter, May 26, 1943, from Barbara Kitchin, to Mr. Fred Kitchin,  
150 W. 91st Street, New York City. Q 2277
- Letter, May 27, 1943, to Johnnie Hopper, from Harold M. L. O'Dougherty,  
O'Dougherty, 303 Washington Street, Brooklyn, New York.
- Letter, May 27, 1943, to Johnnie Hopper, from Harb. H. Lind, and  
225 Fulton Street, Eastbury, New York, and blank check.
- Letter, May 28, 1943, from Fred Kitchin, to Mrs. Kitchin, Q 2278  
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky
- Letter, May 28, 1943, from Everett A. Hodder, to Mrs. Hodder,  
210 Smith Street, Merrick, New York. Q 2281
- Letter, May 28, 1943, to Frank Sauer, from Louis Sauer, Q 2279  
Federal Reformatory for Women, Alderson, West Virginia.
- Letter, May 28, 1943, to Frank Sauer, from Louis Sauer, Q 2280  
Rt. 1, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky
- Letter, May 27, 1943, from Adolf W. Schickel, to Helen Gertrude  
Gutwill, 444 Madison Avenue, New York City, New York. Q 2282
- Letter, May 27, 1943, from Adolf W. Schickel, to Helen Gertrude  
Gutwill, 444 Madison Avenue, New York City, New York. Q 2283  
Commanding Officer, 134th Service Command Det., Fort Belvoir,  
George G. Meade, Md.
- Letter, May 30, 1943, from Oscar W. Staller, to Mrs. Gertrude  
Staller, 325 East 41st Avenue, Apt. 11 B., New York City
- Letter, May 30, 1943, from Oscar W. Staller, to Charles F. Phillips  
A. G. Attorney, Newark, New Jersey. Q 2284
- Letter, May 27, 1943, to Oscar W. Staller, from The American  
Bank for Savings, 74 Wall Street, New York. Q 2285
- Letter, May 30, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Bernard G.  
Thornhill, 60 West 129th Street, c/o Tanner, New York City.

Very truly yours

*W. J. Sullivan*  
W. J. Sullivan  
New York

Encls.

E. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 1, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

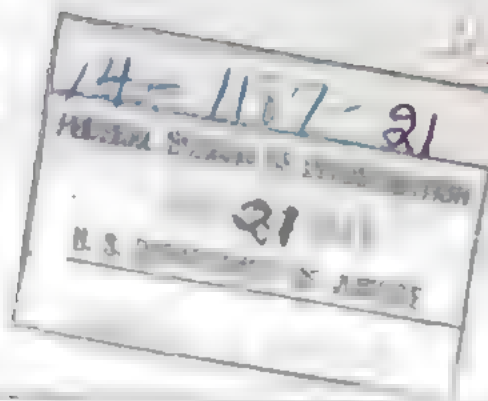
We enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners  
confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc.  
The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examina-  
tion by your department and are so indicated below:

#126 Letter, June 3, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Ethel Best,  
32 East 118th Street, New York City. Q225

#36 Letter, June 3, 1943, to Earl W. S. Smith, from Mrs. Anna Smith,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. Q233

#42 Letter, May 11, 1943, to Herman T. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green,  
21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. Q236

#128 Letter, May 15, 1943, to Frank A. Grobe, from Mrs. Anna Grobe,  
505 Broadway Avenue, Ridgewood, Long Island, New York. Q236



FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 7, 1945

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

I enclose herewith letters written to and by prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below.

- #126 Letter, June 3, 1945, from Ralph Hart, to Mrs. Edith Hart, 62 East 118th Street, New York City. 9235
- #36 Letter, June 3, 1945, to Carl E. T. Sachs, from Mrs. Anna Sachs, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York. 9235
- #42 Letter, May 31, 1945, to Herman T. Brown, from Mrs. Alice Brown, 21 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. 9236
- #128 Letter, May 26, 1945, to Frank M. Grote, from Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Ridgewood, Long Island, New York. 9236
- #128 Letter, June 3, 1945, from Frank M. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, 505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn, New York. 9236
- #62 Letter, June 1, 1945, from Hans E. Hansen, to Mrs. Gustaf Hansen, 412 East 64th Street, New York, New York. 9236
- #67 Letter, June 4, 1945, from Hans Pagsel, to Mrs. Mary Pagsel, 102-35 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N.Y. 9236
- #75 Letter, May 28, 1945, to Everett E. Roder, from Frederick Roder, Manhattan, New York. 9236
- #125 Letter, May 30, 1945, from Alex Schindler, Sagoville, Texas, to Adolf G. Schindler. 9236
- #129 Letter, June 1, 1945, to James Thornhill, from Bernard Thornhill, 60 W. 129th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9237
- #129 Letter, June 5, 1945, from E. A. Swinger, to E. A. Swinger, 720 Graham Blvd., Los Angeles, California. 9237
- #129 Letter, May 28, 1945, to E. A. Swinger, from E. A. Swinger, 720 Graham Blvd., Los Angeles, California. 9237

Very truly yours,  
W. S. Shuttleworth, Warden





June 5, 1943

- 7 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Hans Fagel, from Mrs. Mary Oberhumer,  
101-38 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y.
- 75 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary Roeder,  
210 Smith Street, Manhattan, New York.
- 15 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Adolf B. Baddelmeier, to Mrs. Baddelmeier,  
Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas.
- Letter, June 7, 1943, to E. Karl Schmidt, from Katie Schmidt,  
25, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky.
- 31 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Karl E. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt,  
25, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky.
- 44 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Charles B. Bokor, to Mrs. Laura B. Bokor,  
339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana.
- 51 Letter, June 4, 1943, to Oscar E. Stabler, from Charles B. Bokor,  
11 West 42nd Street, New York City, and three withdrawal  
slips for funds from Seamen's Bank.
- 54 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Oscar E. Stabler, to Mrs. Caroline Bokor,  
325 East 42nd Avenue, New York City, N. Y.
- 77 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Oscar E. Stabler, to Mrs. Clara A. Bokor,  
11 West 42nd Street, New York City.
- 84 Letter, June 6, 1943, to Arch Strunk, from Alfred A. Strunk,  
1615 N. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin.
- 127 Letter, May 7, 1943, from Lester Holmes, to Mrs. B. Holmes,  
14 West 119th Street, New York City.
- 128 Letter, June 6, 1943, from Thomas Bronger, to Mrs. Robert Bronger,  
Main Street, Huntington, New York.
- 129 Letter, June 4, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Sarah Thornhill,  
210 W. 125th Street, New York City.

Very truly yours,

*J. D. Shuttleworth*  
J. D. Shuttleworth,  
Garden.

G. J. BRUTTENWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 15, 1945

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

The enclosures herewith letters written in and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

#24 Letter, June 14, 1945, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
62 W. 118th Street, New York City - 10248

#25 Letter, June 13, 1945, from Conradia Otto Heid, to Mary Lou Heid,  
401 W. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. - 10032

#26 Letter, June 13, 1945, to Conradia Otto Heid, from Mary Lou Heid,  
401 W. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. - 10032

#30 Letter, June 13, 1945, from Richard E. Francis, to Mrs.  
Margaret Francis, c/o Mrs. Edmund Smith,  
189 E. 64th Street, New York City

#31 Letter, June 13, 1945, from Earl W. E. Fuchs, to Mrs. Anne Fuchs,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JUN 20 1945

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

669

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 16, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters written to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, sabotage, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below.

- #15 Letter, June 14, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, 42 E. 118th Street, New York City, #2487
- #24 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Conradia Otto Fold, to Mary Lou Fold, 601 E. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. #2488
- #34 Letter, June 13, 1943, to Conradia Otto Fold, from Mary Lou Fold, 601 E. 151st Street, New York City, #31, #2489
- #35 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Richard W. Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt, c/o Mrs. Johanne Mark, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City, #2490
- #36 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Carl W. E. Foster, to Mrs. Jane Foster, Ellis Island, New York Harbor, New York, #2491
- #37 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar E. Stabler, to Chas. E. Sturgeson, 12 East 42nd Street, New York City, #2492
- #42 Father's Day Greeting Card, to Herman Y. Green, from Mrs. Alice Green, 17 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina, #2493
- #43 Letter, June 13, 1943, from Herman Y. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 17 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina, #2494
- #44 Letter, June 11, 1943, to Paul W. W. Crane, from Margaret Crane, 112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, #2495
- #45 Father's Day greeting card, to Paul W. W. Crane, from Margaret Crane, 112 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn, New York, #2496
- #47 Letter, June 14, 1943, from Lester Holcomb, to Mrs. F. Holcomb, 14 West 119th Street, New York City, #2497



Returned  
6-21-43  
R-1

- Letter, June 10, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. M. Klapprott,  
62 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Pk., New Jersey. 2500
- Letter, June 11, 1943, to August Klapprott, from Mrs. M. Klapprott,  
62 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield Pk., New Jersey. 2500
- Letter, June 13, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Sam Lustig,  
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky. Returned 2500 6-20-43
- Letter, June 20, 1943, to Sam B. Rosenzweig, from Sam B. Rosenzweig,  
412 E 64th Street, New York City. 2500
- Letter, June 15, 1943, from Sam B. Rosenzweig, to Christian Rosenzweig,  
412 East 64th Street, New York City. 2500
- Letter, June 15, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller,  
7803 Hudson Avenue, Goodell, Hudson County, New Jersey. 2500
- Letter, June 12, 1943, to Everett Roeder, from T. B. Roeder,  
Holland Avenue, Manhattan, New York. 2500
- Letter, June 23, 1943, from Everett Roeder, to Mrs. Mary B. Roeder,  
Beland Avenue, Manhattan, New York. 2500
- Letter, May 31, 1943, to Frank Sanner, from Sophie Sanner,  
Federal Reformatory for Women, Alderson, West Virginia. 2500
- Letter, June 11, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickel, from Charlotte Schickel,  
of Switzerland, New York. 2500
- Letter, June 13, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickel, to Mrs. Elsie Schickel,  
Detention Station, Searsville, Texas. 2500
- Letter, June 13, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickel, from Elsie Schickel,  
Detention Station, Searsville, Texas. 2500
- Birthday Greeting Card, to Earl B. Smith, from Mother,  
Louisville, Kentucky. 2500
- Letter, June 13, 1943, to Earl B. Smith, from sister Mary,  
Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky. 2500
- Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar E. Stahl, to Caroline Stahl,  
305 Orchard Avenue, New York City. 2500

4/1/43  
not a  
6/21/43  
2/1/43



FBI

June 16, 1943

Letter, June 13, 1943, from Oscar M. Stabler, to Seaman's Bank of  
Savings, 74 Wall Street, New York City. Q 2512

Letter, June 13, 1943, from Brian Strunk, to Alfred A. Strunk,  
1626 N. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q 2517

Letter, June 15, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roseline Williams,  
St. Thomas, Virgin Island, U.S. Q 2518

Very truly yours,

*J. Shuttlesworth*  
Shuttlesworth  
Garden

*with att  
6/21/43  
Lgm*

Encs.

RECEIVED

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

United States Department of Justice  
Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Washington, D. C.

On January 1, 1941, the following items were received for exchange, mortgage, donation, etc. The items are forwarded for special processing and laboratory examination. They are as indicated below:

Letter, Jan. 1, 1941, to Mr. [Name], from Mr. [Name], [Address], [City], [State].

Letter, Jan. 1, 1941, to Mr. [Name], from Mr. [Name], [Address], [City], [State].

Letter, Jan. 1, 1941, to Mr. [Name], from Mr. [Name], [Address], [City], [State].

Letter, Jan. 1, 1941, to Mr. [Name], from Mr. [Name], [Address], [City], [State].

*The Serial  
De indexed  
12/17/54  
- 22*

RECORDED

~~INDEXED~~

14-1117-23

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

JAN 3 1941

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

*269*

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

June 22, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined  
institutions for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The  
letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examina-  
tion by your department, and are as indicated below:

Letter, June 15, 1943, to Joe. Bachmaier, from Mrs. Joe. Bachmaier,  
R. D. #6, Erie, Pennsylvania. A 2596

Letter, June 15, 1943, to Frank Schickel, from Mrs. Frank Schickel,  
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio. A 2597

Letter, June 15, 1943, to Joseph Schickel, from Mrs. Frank Schickel,  
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland 9, Ohio. A 2598

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Ralph Scott, to Mrs. Ralph Scott,  
62 West 118th Street, New York City, N. Y. A 2599

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Gertrude Fred Field, to Mrs. Fred Field,  
602 E. 151st Street, New York City, N. Y. A 2600

Letter, June 9, 1943, from Richard C. Freundt, to Corral, Reddyck, Cal.  
Box 9, Reddyck, Cal. A 2601

Letter, June 10, 1943, to Richard Freundt, from Mrs. Margaret Freundt,  
a/o Mrs. Johann Smith, 129 E. 64th Street, N. Y. A 2602

Postcard, to Carl F. Fuchs, from Mrs. Carl Fuchs,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. A 2603

Letter, June 20, 1943, to Carl F. Fuchs, from Mrs. Carl Fuchs,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. A 2604

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Carl F. Fuchs, to Mrs. Carl Fuchs,  
Ellis Island, New York Harbor, N. Y. A 2605

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Herman J. Green, to Mrs. Edna Green,  
1 College Street, Charleston, South Carolina. A 2606



6/22/43

Letter, June 19, 1943, from Joseph Murphy, to Sister M. Bernadette,  
Convent Station, New Jersey. Q 2641

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Lester Salame, to Mrs. D. Salame,  
14 West 118th Street, New York City. Q 2642

Letter, June 25, 1943, to August Klapprott, from John W. Holland,  
51 Business Street, New York City. Q 2643

Letter, June 25, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Ludwig Klapprott,  
82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgefield, Park, N. J. Q 2644

Letter, June 25, 1943, to Kurtwig Kline, from Mrs. Kline,  
100 E. Flat Street, New York 28, N.Y. Q 2645

Letter, June 25, 1943, from Johannes Dräger, to Mrs. Marie Kral,  
225 Edison Street, Eastbury, New York. Q 2646

Letter, June 30, 1943, from Paul Bartig, to Mrs. Bartig,  
3453 Pennell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. Q 2647

Letter, June 16, 1943, to Hans Cagli, from Mrs. Mary Gormann,  
101-15 126th Street, Richmond Hill, New York. Q 2648

Letter, June 30, 1943, from Everett W. Hunter, to Mrs. Mary L. Hunter,  
Belmont Avenue, Patchogue, New York. Q 2649

Letter, June 25, 1943, to Louis A. Schindler, from Consulate  
General of Switzerland, New York. Q 2650

Letter, June 20, 1943, from Louis A. Schindler, to Mrs. Marie Schindler,  
Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. Q 2651

Letter, June 11, 1943, to Mary Schmidt, from Mary Louise Schmidt,  
P. O. Box 126, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q 2652

Letter, June 19, 1943, from Mary Louise Schmidt, to Mrs. Louis Schmidt,  
P. O. Box 126, Miller's Lane, Louisville, Ky. Q 2653

Letter, June 30, 1943, to Charles W. Salway, from Mrs. Marie Salway,  
139 E. Pennell Street, Indianapolis, Indiana. Q 2654

Letter, June 30, 1943, from Oscar A. Seabler, to Mrs. Gertrude  
Seabler, 125 West End Avenue, New York City, N.Y. Q 2655



6/22/43

Letter, June 21, 1943, from Miss Mabel, 1811 1/2 N. 1st St.,  
1416 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Q 2618

Letter, June 21, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mr. Barnhart Thornhill,  
40 West 125th Street, New York 24, N.Y. Q 2619

Letter, June 23, 1943, to Miss Mabel, from Miss M. Mabel,  
2 Chambers Street, New York. Q 2620

Very truly yours,

*W. L. R.*  
W. L. R.  
Stuttsville  
Warden

Letter, June 23, 1943, to Miss Mabel, from Miss M. Mabel,  
44-04 3rd Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. Q 2619

E. L. R.

**Federal Bureau of Investigation  
United States Department of Justice**

KRR:BEO  
14-48

New York, N. Y.  
July 3, 1943

Director, FBI

Re: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS;  
JAMES HENRY THORNHILL, with aliases;  
ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;  
SEDITION

Dear Sir:

Reference is made to Bureau letter (Bureau file 14-1187)  
dated June 5, 1943 requesting a report in the above captioned case.

Your attention is called to the closing report of Special  
Agent KENNETH R. BOUTON on this matter dated June 10, 1943, New  
York (Bureau File 14-669).

Very truly yours,

*E. E. Conroy*  
E. E. CONROY,  
SAC

COPIES DESTROYED

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57 JUL 16 1943

Op. 9

HEREIN IS UNC

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DATE 7/18/86

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EX-1127-24  
F B I  
25 JUL 5 1943

ADDRESS REPLY TO  
"THE ATTORNEY GENERAL"  
AND REFER TO  
INITIALS AND NUMBER

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

WASHINGTON, D. C.

WB:LAR:MLB

146-28-1036

July 26, 1943

et. 4

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Re: Carlos Alexander Cooks, et al.

Reference is made to your memorandum dated July 6, 1943, and the investigative reports dated at New York, New York, enumerated therein, in the above-captioned matter.

In view of the disposition of collateral proceedings against the subjects herein, as outlined in the report of Kenneth R. Routon, dated June 10, 1943, (p. 7), and particularly the present status of the individual subjects, it is deemed inadvisable to suggest additional and supplemental prosecutive action herein. It is our present view that reconsideration shall be given to prosecution of subjects Arthur Green and Arthur Reid if their future activities follow the pattern set in the past.

In particular reference to subject Carlos Alexander Cooks, if the four enumerated reports have not been transmitted to the Military Intelligence Division, War Department, Washington, D. C., it is recommended that copies of same be transmitted to such division for their guidance and processing.

Respectfully,

*Wendell Herge*  
WENDELL HERGE,

Assistant Attorney General.

FOR DEFENSE



BUY  
UNITED  
STATES  
SAVINGS  
BONDS  
AND STAMPS

35-28-348

-EPB

25

EPB:AJB  
RECORDED 14-1187 - 25

Date: August 20, 1943

To: SAC, New York City

From: J. Edgar Hoover - Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Subject: CARLOS ALFONSO COXS; JAMES TERRY THORNHILL, with alias  
J. J. Thornhill; ARTHUR GREEN; ARTHUR REID;  
SEDITION

Reference is made to the closing report of Special Agent Kenneth F. Bouton, dated June 10, 1943, at New York, New York, submitted in connection with the investigation of the captioned matter. This is to advise that a copy of Special Agent Bouton's report was furnished the Criminal Division of the Department for its consideration in conjunction with the material previously made available on the above individuals. An opinion relative to the possibilities of a sedition violation was requested. By a memorandum dated July 20, 1943, advice was received to the effect that in view of the disposition of collateral proceedings against the subjects herein, as outlined in the report of Special Agent Kenneth F. Bouton, dated June 10, 1943, and particularly the present status of the individual subjects, it was deemed inadvisable to suggest additional and supplemental prosecutive action. It was further stated that reconsideration would be given to prosecution of subjects Arthur Green and Arthur Reid if their future activities followed the pattern set in the past.

Mr Tolson \_\_\_\_\_ Accordingly, it is desired that this case be retained in a closed  
Mr E. A. Tamm \_\_\_\_\_ status. However, should your Office receive information indicating that  
Mr Clegg \_\_\_\_\_ Arthur Green and Arthur Reid are continuing their activities, the Bureau  
Mr Coffey \_\_\_\_\_ should be advised so that this information may be transmitted to the Department  
Mr Glavin \_\_\_\_\_ for further consideration.

Mr Ladd \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Nichols \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Rosen \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Tracy \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Carson \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Harbo \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Hendon \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. McGuire \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Mumford \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Piper \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Quinn Tamm \_\_\_\_\_

Mr. Nease \_\_\_\_\_

Miss Gandy \_\_\_\_\_

AUG 21 1943 P.M.

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FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

1187-26

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C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

*Exhibits called & returned  
10-1-50 8-23-50*



Handwritten text, possibly a date or reference number, written vertically on the left margin.

Main body of handwritten text, appearing as several lines of cursive script across the upper half of the page.

Stuttlworth  
of Stuttlworth  
London

SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

James Brown, Jr.  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

Enclosed through letter of the 15th instant  
are three letters for exchange, addition, etc.  
The letters are forwarded for special counseling and laboratory  
examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

1. Letter, September 1, 1943, from the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation, 415 North 11th Street, New York, N. Y.

2. Letter, September 1, 1943, from the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation, 415 North 11th Street, New York, N. Y.

3. Letter, September 1, 1943, from the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation, 415 North 11th Street, New York, N. Y.

4. Letter, September 1, 1943, from the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation, 415 North 11th Street, New York, N. Y.

5. Letter, September 1, 1943, from the Federal Bureau  
of Investigation, 415 North 11th Street, New York, N. Y.

26X  
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SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners  
confined in this institution for espionage, sedition, etc.  
The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory  
examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

Letter, September 1, 1943, to Ralph A. Brown, 61 West  
115th Street, New York 25, N.Y.

Letter, 8-3-43, from Lester Holmes, 24 West 119th Street,  
New York 11, N.Y.

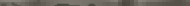
Letter, September 1, 1943, to James A. Smith, 100  
Rogers, Lake Michigan, New York

Letter, September 1, 1943, to James Thornhill, 1152 N.  
121st Street, New York 10, N.Y.

Letter, September 1, 1943, from A. J. Lassiter, 1700  
Lassiter, 1700 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles 17, Calif.

*Shuttleworth*  
Shuttleworth  
Warden





... ..

172 *Journal of Management Inquiry* 16(2)

1997 *Journal of Management Studies* 34(1): 1-16

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 07-27-2001 BY 60322 UCBAW

CDM

517

118th Street, New York City.

1453 Powell Avenue, - 444-7723



#74 Letter, September 14, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], [illegible]

#75 Letter, September 14, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], 101-33 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y. Q4007

#75 Letter, September 14, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], 607-608 Carnegie Hall, New York City. Q4008

#115 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Adolf G. Schickert, to Mrs. Elise Schickert, Detention Station, Seagoville, Texas. Q4009

#89 Letter, September 19, 1943, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmiller, Lake Mahopac, New York. Q4010

#129 Letter, September 20, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leona Cowry, [illegible]

#150 Letter, September 20, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], [illegible]

#151 Letter, September 20, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], [illegible]

#151 Letter, September 20, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], [illegible]

#151 Letter, September 20, 1943, from [illegible], to [illegible], [illegible]

Very truly yours,

  
William B. Shuttlesworth  
Garden



G. J. SHUTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 21, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Sir:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- 94-148 Letter, September 16, 1943, to Joseph Nicholas, from Mrs. Joseph 94-148  
Nicholas, P. O. Box 100, Pennsylvania
- 94-148 Letter, September 16, 1943, from Ralph Hunt, to Mrs. Ruth Hunt, 94-148  
62 E. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.
- 94-148 Letter, September 16, 1943, from Mrs. Gruff, to Harold Christensen, 94-148  
643 Abbott Street, Apt. 14, Detroit, Michigan
- 94-148 Letter, September 16, 1943, to Edward E. Green, from Mrs. Edna Green, 94-148  
21 College Avenue, Charleston, S. C.
- 94-148 Letter, September 16, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickel, from Mrs. Schickel, 94-148  
Detention Station, Danville, Texas
- 94-148 Letter, September 17, 1943, to Fritz Wenzel, from Alfred L. Wenzel, 94-148  
1700 W. 17th Street, Minneapolis, Minn.

INDEXED

14-1117-28

JOURNAL OF THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

SEP 21 1943

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

September 29, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

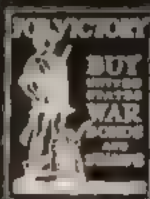
Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Joseph Buchman, from Mrs. Joseph Buchman, P. O. 46, Erie, Pennsylvania. Q444
- #126 Letter, September 26, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best, P. O. 445, 62 E. 118th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.
- #40 Letter, September 26, 1943, from Earl Craft, to Harold Christensen, P. O. 446, 40 Albert Street, Apt. 14, Detroit, Michigan.
- #127 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Norman C. Green, from Mrs. Ellen Green, 21 College Avenue, Charleston, S. C. Q447
- #128 Letter, September 26, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickert, from Alice Schickert, Detention Station, Saginaw, Tenn. Q448
- #94 Letter, September 27, 1943, to Rich Strunk, from Alfred E. Strunk, P. O. 449, 1616 N. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin.
- #129 Letter, September 26, 1943, from Janet Thornhill, to Bernhard Thornhill, 60 West 129th Street, New York City, N. Y. Q450
- #130 Letter, September 26, 1943, to E. E. Wendlandt, from Mrs. Henry Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, New York. Q451
- #131 Letter, September 26, 1943, from E. E. Wendlandt, to E. E. Wendlandt, 131 Grape Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Q452
- #132 Letter, September 24, 1943, to L. H. Lansing, from L. H. Lansing, 1702 N. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. Q453

Very truly yours,

U. S. Shuttleworth  
Warden



Enclose

Forward and labeled in letter by 7/27

W. J. BRIDGES  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

*[The body of the letter is almost entirely illegible due to heavy blacking out and poor scan quality. Faint horizontal lines suggest the presence of multiple lines of text.]*

10-12-43 404

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11-11-29

J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

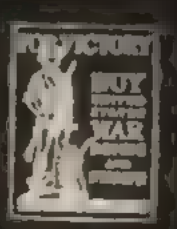
Director, Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

For further details relative to the Federal Prisoners' Committee  
in this Institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The  
letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory  
examination, and are as indicated below:

- Letter, October 1, 1943, to J. Edgar Hoover, from [illegible]  
[illegible] 11th Street, New York 20, N. Y.
- Letter, October 1, 1943, to August Klapproth, from [illegible]  
[illegible] Bergen Avenue, Highland Park, N. Y.
- Letter, October 1, 1943, to [illegible] [illegible]  
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]
- Letter, October 1, 1943, to [illegible] [illegible]  
[illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

*J. Shuttleworth*  
J. Shuttleworth  
Warden





C. J. BRUTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

OCTOBER 7, 1943

14-1181-30

U. S. DEPT. OF JUSTICE

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

October 8, 1943

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

Sir:

Enclosed for the Bureau are letters to the prison prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special consideration and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

#48 Letter, October 1, 1943, from Edward J. [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #48-104

#49 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #49-104

#50 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #50-104

#51 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #51-104

#52 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #52-104

#53 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #53-104

#54 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #54-104

#55 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #55-104

#56 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #56-104

#57 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #57-104

#58 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #58-104

#59 Letter, October 1, 1943, from [redacted] to [redacted] at [redacted] New York, N. Y. #59-104



*J. Shuttleworth*  
J. Shuttleworth  
Barnes

W. J. WHITLEY, WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 2, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- # 116 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Joseph Ruchman, to Mrs. Joe Ruchman, 4432 E. 45th St., Erie, Penn. Q 46146
- # 149 Letter, October 17, 1943, to Josef Balchilevsk, from Mrs. Josef Balchilevsk, 4432 West 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q 46147
- # 150 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Josef Balchilevsk, to Mrs. Rosemary Balchilevsk, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio Q 46148

United States Court of the United States, Q 46149

14-1187-31



FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 2, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- # 146 Letter, October 21, 1943, from Joseph Buchanier, to Mrs. Joe, Washington D. C. 46, Erie, Penna. 94614
- # 147 Letter, October 27, 1943, to Josef Belohlavek, from Mrs. Josef Belohlavek, 4432 West 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 94615
- # 148 Letter, October 21, 1943, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek, 4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 94616
- # 149 Letter to Attorney, District Court of the United States, Northern District of Ohio, Eastern Division, dated October 27, 1943, in the case of United States of America vs. Joseph H. Belohlavek, et al. 94617
- # 150 Letter, October 21, 1943, from Conradia Otto, wife, to Mary Lou Mayo, 605 West 14th Street, New York City, N. Y. 94618
- # 151 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Richard Freundt, to Mrs. Margaret Freundt, c/o Mrs. J. K. Beak, 189 E. 64th Street, New York City 94619
- # 152 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Norman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 94620
- # 153 Letter, October 21, 1943, from Frank G. Grote, to Mrs. Ann Grote, 505 Woodard Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 94621
- # 154 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Lester Holmes, from Mrs. Holmes, 14 E. 119th Street, New York City 94622
- # 155 Letter, October 21, 1943, from Lester Holmes, to Mrs. U. Holmes, 14 West 119th Street, New York City 94623
- # 156 Letter, October 21, 1943, from August Klapprott, to Mrs. Dennis Klapprott, c/o Conklier, 21 Avenue Louis, Piquette Park, N.Y. 94624



Nov. 4, 1943

November 2, 1943

- #51 Letter, October 29, 1943, to Bartwig Kleiss, from Mrs. Irma Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 94626
- #52 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Paul Lustig, to Mrs. Emma Lustig, 3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. 94626
- #53 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Bartwig Kleiss, to Mrs. Irma Kleiss, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 94627
- #54 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Hans E. Hansen to Mrs. Christian Hansen, 412 East 64th Street, New York City. 94628
- #55 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Karl Victor Mueller, to George Mueller, 1803 Hudson Avenue, Roseland, New Jersey. 94629
- #56 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Everett E. Bender, to Mrs. Mary E. Bender, 6040 Avenue, Montague, Va. 94630
- #57 Letter, October 26, 1943, to Adolf G. Schickart, from Friedrich G. T. Fears, Counsellor at Law, 744 Broad Street, Newark 7, N. J. 94631
- #58 Letter, October 29, 1943, from Gerhard Stabler, to Paul Galle, 3160 53rd Street, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. 94632
- #59 Letter, November 1, 1943, from Robert Schneiderick, to Mrs. Emma Galle, 1302 Tallac Avenue, New York, Bronx, New York. 94633
- #60 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Oscar N. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stagnier, 325 Westend Avenue, a/c Elmont, New York, N. Y. 94634
- #61 Letter, October 31, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Leonie Lowry, 318 West 121st Street, New York City, N. Y. 94635
- #62 Letter, October 31, 1943, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 11-04 - 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, N. Y. 94636

Very truly yours,

  
J. J. Shuttleworth  
Warden

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT  
ARMY SERVICE FORCES

HEADQUARTERS FOURTH SERVICE COMMAND  
ATLANTA 3, GEORGIA

3 November 43

NOV 22

ID/ANA/glc

SUBJECT: ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~, Carlos A. Pte., ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~, Camp Gordon, Georgia.

TO : Military Intelligence Service, War Department, Washington, D. C.

1. Subject is considered to be subversive by the Director, ID, Hq. Fourth Service Command.

2. Request subject ~~be transferred~~ to a War Department Special Unit in accordance with the provisions of Par. 5 of AG letter dated 19 March 1943, subject "Military Personnel Suspected of Disloyalty or Subversive Activity".

3. Attention is invited to the fact that subject is a negro.

4. It is not deemed necessary by this office to request development of background investigation.

5. Subject will be transferred to Station Complement, and left under close OF surveillance including mail intercept, pending decision by your office.

STACY KNOFF

Colonel, G. S. C.

Director, Intelligence Division

Encl: 1

CI-R1 rpt. re subj.

26 Oct. 43 (trip)

cc: PIO Camp Gordon, Ga.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT  
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE DIVISION

20/p3  
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

File No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 28 October 1948

Subject: CARLOS A. GOMEZ, P.R.,  
ASN 38066414,  
62nd MI Bn.,  
Camp Gordon, Georgia.

Investigation requested by DIO, 4th Serv. Comd, Atlanta, Ga.  
Office of origin DIO, 4th Serv. Comd, Atlanta, Ga.  
Report made at Camp Gordon, Georgia  
Report made by John H. Finn, 1st Lt, 70th PIO  
Period covered 20 September 1948 to 28 October 1948.  
Character of investigation Disaffection.  
Status of Case \_\_\_\_\_

REASON FOR INVESTIGATION:

*London*  
CARLOS A. GOMEZ, P.R., has been reported as having been a street speaker prior to his induction into the Army, and to have made speeches, possibly of a seditious nature in the Harlem district of New York City. These speeches, directed to negro audiences, are said to have been anti-white races; to have been of a tone unfavorable to the United Nations, and favorable to the Japanese and Axis countries. This information is contained in summary of information (Exhibit I, dated 24 September 1948, from Headquarters, Fourth Service Command, Atlanta, Georgia.

The above information was transmitted by inclosure to letter dated 25 August 1948 from Military Intelligence Service, Washington, D. C., to Director, Intelligence Division, Third Service Command. By 4th Intercomment, dated 15 September 1948, correspondence was forwarded to Director, Intelligence Division, Fourth Service Command. By 5th Intercomment dated 24 September 1948, Director, Intelligence Division, Fourth Service Command forwarded correspondence to next Intelligence Officer, Camp Gordon, Georgia and requested CI-21 report. Instant report is in response to this request.

DETAILS:

Fourteen-point topic outline: (Unless otherwise indicated, the information set forth herein was obtained from review of GOMEZ' SOI File, Form 20 card, and Service Record.) (Name A).

1. Personal Data:

*107 25*  
Birth: San Pedro De Macoris, Dominican Republic; 23 June 1918.  
Present Age: 30.  
Citizenship: British (Exhibit I, p. 26).  
Description: Male; negro race; height 5'7", weight 180 lbs.;  
medium build; brown complexion; brown eyes;  
dark brown hair (Exhibit I, p. 26).

FORWARDED, \_\_\_\_\_  
MID, Washington, D. C., 3 copies.  
\_\_\_\_\_, 3 copies.  
\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ copies.  
\_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_ copies.

REVIEWED AND APPROVED:



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

## DETAILS: (continued)

Characteristics: Quiet; attentive (Memo B).

Religion: Wesleyan; does not attend church (Exhibit I, p. 22).

Marital Status: Single.

2. Family Data:Father: James Cooks; age 62; 43 West 131st St., New York, N.Y.;  
carpenter; Rooming house operator (Memo A, Exhibit I, pp 2, 23, 24).

Mother: Christaphine Matthis; died in 1938 (Exhibit I, pp 2, 23).

Brothers: Lawrence Cooks; 43 West 131st St., New York, N.Y.,

(Exhibit I, p. 24).

James Cooks; age 53; 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y.,

(Exhibit I, p 24).

Sister: Silvia Cooks, 43 West 131st St., New York, N. Y.,

(Exhibit I, p 24).

3. Education:

Grammar school, 8 years, finished 1925, San Pedro,

Dominican Republic (Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).

High School, finished 1929, San Pedro, Dominican Republic

(Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).

4. Employment:

Odd jobs for father until inducted. No regular employment.

(Memo A; Exhibit I, p 2).

5. Military History:19 October 1943 - transferred to 832nd (M) En. Camp Gordon, Ga.,  
per Par. 24, SO 280, Headquarters Camp Gordon, dated 19 October  
1943. (Memo K).1 September 1943 to 19 October 1943 - 5168th (M) Service Co.,  
553rd (M) En, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo A).20 August 1943 to 3 September 1943 - Co. B, 11th (M) Training  
Regt., Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).6 May 1943 to 20 August 1943 - Co F, 11th Training Regt.,  
Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).

9 April 1943 to 6 May 1943 - Camp Upton, N. Y. (Memo A).

8 April 1943 - Inducted from Local Board No. 53, New York, N. Y.

Not accepted until 9 April 1943 (Exhibit I, p 22).

Branch in which training was received: Quartermaster (Memo A),  
General Service (Memo A).

Specification Serial No: Carpenter (000) (Memo A).

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## DETAILS: (Continued)

8. Unit Checks:

Lt. Ernest J. Schroeder, Subject's Company Commander (E) (Memo D).  
 2nd Lt. Russell M. Clements, Subject's Platoon Leader (B) (Memo G).  
 1st Sgt. Alva W. Mason, Subject's 1st Sgt. (B) (Memo D).

9. Addresses:

19 October to Present - 552nd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo K).  
 September 1943 to October 1943 - 3106th QM Service Co., 3rd QM Bn, Camp Gordon, Ga. (Memo A).  
 August 1943 to September 1943 - Co. D, 11th QM Training Regt., Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).  
 May 1943 to August 1943 - Co. F, 11th Training Regt, Camp Lee, Va. (Memo A).  
 April 1943 to May 1943 - Camp Upton, New York (Memo A).  
 Prior to 9 April 1943, 43 West 151st St, New York, N. Y. (Memo A).

6. Baracks Checks:

Pvt. Lewis H. Thompson, Baracks Mate (J) (Memo K).  
 Pvt. James A. Ford, Baracks Mate (L) (Memo F).  
 Cpl. Arthur Jackson, Baracks Mate (G) (Memo D).

9. Organizations:

Universal Negro Improvement Association, 2 Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England 1938-1940 (Exhibit I, p 2).  
 Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association, 55 Lenox Ave, New York, N. Y., 1940-1941, Organizer and President (Exhibit I, p 3).  
 African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement, 200 St. Nicholas Ave., New York, N. Y., 1941-1942 (Exhibit I, p 3).

10. Principal Amusements:

Playing cards (Memo D).

11. References:

None given.

12. Acquaintances:

Samuel Daniels, address unknown; Sponsor of Pan African Reconstruction Association (Exhibit I, p 2).  
 Henry Low, address unknown; Vice President Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association (Exhibit I, p 3).

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DETAILS: (Continued)

Thomas Parks; address unknown; Treasurer of Advance Division of Universal Negro Improvement Association (Exhibit I, p 3).

Arthur Reid, President of African Patriotic League; 125th St., between Seventh & Eighth Avenues, New York, N. Y. (Exhibit I, p 4).

Robert Jordan, President of Ethiopian Pacific Movement, 113 Lenox Ave., New York, N. Y. (Exhibit I, p 4).

James Thornhill; street speaker; indicted and convicted of Sedition and Conspiracy to Commit Sedition (Exhibit I, pp 21 and 22).

13. Credit Record:

Credit Bureau, Marion Hlag., Augusta, Ga. (HR) (Memo H).

14. Police Record:

13 July 1936, Fifth Court, New York, N. Y., malicious mischief; dismissed (Exhibit I, p 22).

17 July 1936, General Sessions, New York, N. Y., extortion; discharged 8 October 1941 (Exhibit I, p 22).

14 July 1942, disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets. Sentenced to ninety (90) days, City Jail, New York, N.Y. (Exhibit I, p 22).

Prevent Marshal, Camp Jordan, Ga. (HR) (Memo I).

Police Department, Augusta, Ga. (HR) (Memo J).

City and Superior Court, Richmond County, Augusta, Ga. (HR) (Memo J).

ADVERSE INFORMATION:

- (1) Subject has been a race agitator and speaker since 1935. (Exhibit I, p 2).
- (2) Subject was excluded from the Universal Negro Improvement Association because of statements made and attitude taken in reference to the racial question (Exhibit I, p 6).
- (3) Subject was one of the principal speakers before a group which met frequently between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Ave., New York, N. Y., in the summer of 1942 and made speeches reflecting unfavorably on the United Nations and reflecting favorably on the Axis Nations (Exhibit I, pp 9 through 18).
- (4) Subject is reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, 113 Lenox Avenue, New York, N. Y., where speakers have openly favored the Axis powers, particularly Japan, and have attempted to discourage enlistment into the Armed Forces by colored people (Exhibit I, pp 6, 18).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (Continued)

- (5) Subject, on 14 July 1943 was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets. He was convicted on 4 August 1942 and sentenced to ninety (90) days in the City Jail. (Exhibit I, p 22).
- (6) Subject attends the House of Prayer in Augusta, Georgia. (Memo L, 4; Exhibit II).

UNDEVELOPED LEADS:

1. Director, Intelligence Division, Second Service Command, Residence check at 45 West 181st Street, New York, N. Y.

CREDIBILITY OF WITNESSES:

Witnesses are believed to be credible.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

This officer recommends that this case remain pending (See Memo L).



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CAMEL, ALX NTER CO KS, Pvt.,  
A N-10886 14,  
3188th M Serv Co., 558rd CM Bn.,  
Camp Gordon, Georgia.

Re: Review of M1 file, Service Record, and  
Form 20 Card.

On 12 October 1943, this Officer reviewed the Subject's M1 file, Service Record, and Form 20 Card and extracted therefrom the following information:

Personal Data: Born: 13 June 1913. Place: San Pedro De Marcus, Dominican Republic. Height: 5' 1-1/2". Weight: 141 lbs. Eyes: Brown. Hair: Black. Complexion: Colored. Marital Status: Single. Length of time in United States: 14 years.

Family Data: James Cooks, Relation: Father. Address: 43 West 181st St., New York, N. Y. Born: Dutch West Indies. Silvera Cooks, Relation: Sister. Address: 43 West 181st St., New York, N. Y. Born: Unknown.

Education: Grammar School: 8 years. Place: Dominican Republic. Date Finished: 1925. High School: Dominican Republic. Date finished: 1928.

Employment: Managed four (4) Rooming Houses owned by father, showed same to prospective guests. Collected Rents, kept rooms in clean and orderly condition, made a few car, entry repairs, no electrical or plumbing work. Did some painting. Last date of employment: April 1943. Employer: Father (James Cooks). Address: 43 West 181st St., New York, N. Y. Kind of business: Rooming House.

Military History: Prior Service: None. Date of Induction: 9 April 1943. Place: A.F.I.E. GCP NYC. Place to which sent: Camp Upton, N. Y. Date: 9 April 1943. Date trfd: 6 May 1943. Asgd: Co F 11th Tng Regt., Camp Lee, Va. Trfd to: Co E 11th Tng Regt., Camp Lee Va., date: 28 Aug 1943. Trfd to: 3188th M Serv Co., 558rd CM Bn., Camp Gordon, Ga. Date: 3 Sept 1943.

Addresses: Last Civilian address: 43 West 181st St., New York, N. Y. Others: None.

(MEMO A)

14-1187-32

Organizations: Clubs, Labor Unions etc.,: None.

Occupational Serial Number: Carpenter (050)

Branch in which received Basic Training: Quartermaster.

General or Limited Service: General.

Remarks: SUBJECT, when interviewed, by this OFFICER, made no attempt to conceal his past record. He stated, however, that while in the Army he would make no attempt to convey his doctrines to his fellow soldiers. COOKS has not forgotten his convictions at all, but seems content to wait until the war is over before beginning anew his work.

Irvin J. Daitch  
1st Lt., QMC  
S-2, 58th Quartermaster Bn

(MEMO A)

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886414  
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Ernest J. SCHROEDER, Capt., ASN 0423272  
Commanding 3188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Capt. SCHROEDER in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company concerning Private COOKS. Capt. SCHROEDER is commanding officer of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company in which Private COOKS is and Enlisted Man. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Captain SCHROEDER stated that he has known SUBJECT since the latter first came into his company, September 5, 1943. At that time Private COOKS was appointed company carpenter because of his past experience in that field. He was, however, very shortly removed from that position because of insubordination to the 1st Sergeant of that organization. This occurrence seemed to result from a misunderstanding on COOKS part as to whether or not a carpenter was required to do K P. Other than the aforementioned incident, SUBJECT is regarded by Captain SCHROEDER as an average soldier, possessing little leadership ability, and causing no trouble.

Captain SCHROEDER has commanded the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company since its activation on approximately 25 June 1943. He is an outstanding officer and his judgement of men is to be relied upon.

Irvin J. Daitch  
1st Lt., JAC  
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Battalion

(MEMO B)

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

**Subject:** CARLOS ALEXANDER COOK, Pvt., ASN 32886414  
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

**Re :** Interview with Russell R. Clements, 2nd Lt., 01591054  
Commanding 1st Platoon, 3188th Quartermaster Ser. Co.  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Lt. CLEMENTS, in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOK. Lt. CLEMENTS commands the 1st Platoon of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company in which SUBJECT is an enlisted man. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

This interview was conducted 3 weeks after Lt. CLEMENTS joined the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company; such being the length of time Lt. CLEMENTS has known SUBJECT. Private COOK is regarded by said officer as an average soldier-not unlike the other members of his platoon. SUBJECT is reported as being quiet, attentive, and creating no disturbances.

Although Lt. CLEMENTS has known SUBJECT for only 3 weeks, his observations are to be deemed accurate in that they are in accord with interviews conducted by this OFFICER with other members of said organization.

Irvin J. Ditch  
1st Lt., CMC  
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO C)

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14-1187-32



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., AIN 328364  
Private, 3188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Alva W. MASON, 1st Sgt., AIN 5457120  
1st Sgt., 3188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On October 11, 1948, this OFFICER interviewed Sgt. MASON in the orderly room of the 3188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS. Sgt. MASON is the 1st Sgt. of said company and has acted in such capacity for approximately two months. Private COOKS is a member of that organization, and is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Sgt. MASON regards Private COOKS as just an ordinary soldier of average intelligence. MASON is reported as seeming to have no close friends, but does frequently participate in "sociable card games". There is no record of MASON ever having received any company punishment.

Sgt. MASON's statements were rendered after one week's careful observation of MASON by, on this OFFICER's request, and may be regarded as authentic.

Irvin J. Ditch  
1st Lt., (MC)  
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO D)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1948

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICE IN CHARGE:

**Subject:** CARLOS ALFONSO COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32886-14  
Private, 8108th Quartermaster Service Company  
500rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

**Re :** Interview with Lewis R. Thompson, Private, ASN 32741088  
Private, 8108th Quartermaster Service Company  
500rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1948, this OFFICER interviewed Private THOMPSON in the orderly room of the 8108th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS who is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Private THOMPSON has known SUBJECT for six weeks, and sleeps on top of the double-decker bed occupied by him and COOKS. Conversation with SUBJECT usually revolves around girls, and COOKS always avoids speaking of the nature of his work before he was inducted into the army. Neither is anything ever said by SUBJECT of his future plans. At no time has THOMPSON heard SUBJECT speak of anything of a subversive nature. On weekends THOMPSON reported that he and SUBJECT frequent the House of Prayer, a Negro church, in Augusta, Ga.

Although THOMPSON was apparently reluctant to speak during this interview, this OFFICER believes that his statements may be regarded as truthful.

Irvin J. Daitch  
1st Lt., MC  
S-2, 800rd Quartermaster Bn.

(Memo E)

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1945

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject: CARLOS ALEXANDER COOKS, Pvt., ASN 32666414  
Private, 188th Quartermaster Service Company  
56th Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with James A. FORD, Pvt., ASN 32666438  
Private, 188th Quartermaster Service Company  
56th Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 11 October 1945, this OFFICER interviewed Private FORD in the orderly room of the 188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS who is under surveillance for suspected subversive activities.

FORD has known COOKS for approximately six weeks, and sleeps in an adjoining bunk. COOKS is reported as being a quiet type of soldier with apparently no close friends. FORD has never heard COOKS mention anything of a subversive nature, and only remarked upon his receiving an excess of mail.

FORD is an easy-going type of soldier, careful of his speech, but his statements may be relied upon as being truthful. Since mail interception has been initiated by this officer since this case was called to his attention, and all incoming and outgoing letters found to be of a negative nature, this interview is in accord with all the others conducted on this case.

Irvin J. Daitch  
1st Lt., MC  
S-2, 56th Quartermaster Bn.

(MEMO F)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Ga.  
11 October 1943

MEMORANDUM TO THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS ALVARO COOKS, Pvt., ASN 3-8-6414  
Private, 5188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Interview with Arthur JACKSON, Corporal, ASN 14193762  
Squad Leader, 5188th Quartermaster Service Company  
553rd Quartermaster Battalion  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

On 10 October 1943, this OFFICER interviewed Corporal JACKSON in the orderly room of the 5188th Quartermaster Service Company, regarding Private COOKS. SUBJECT is under surveillance because of suspected subversive activities.

Corporal JACKSON is SUBJECT's squad leader, and lives in the same barracks with him. He has known COOKS since May 1942 at which time they took basic together at Camp Lee, Virginia. JACKSON reports that he has never heard SUBJECT say anything of a subversive nature, although he has particularly watched him. COOKS is reported in this interview as not going out very often, except on weekends; as being very quiet; and as not appearing to have any close friends in the aforementioned company.

Because of a very high recommendation by his company commander, Corporal JACKSON was instructed to keep a close watch on the SUBJECT for eight days before this interview. This OFFICER concurs in his company commander's opinion that Corporal JACKSON is an honest and conscientious worker.

Irvin J. Ditch  
1st Lt., QMC  
S-2, 553rd Quartermaster Battalion

(Memo G)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

14-1187-32



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia  
27 October 1943.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICE IN CHARGE:

Subject : CMC A. COOK, Pvt.  
ASN 32086414  
5.2nd - I. Battalion,  
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Credit Check, Augusta, Georgia.

On 26 October 1943 this Agent interviewed Mr. Rudasael, Credit Bureau, Marion Building, Augusta, Georgia with reference to the Subject.

The informant checked the files and stated that the name of CMC A. COOK did not appear on the records of the Credit Bureau.

WILLIAM H. THORNTON  
Agent, CIC.

(Name H)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia  
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS A COOKS, PVT.  
ASN 328563114  
532nd Q. V. Battalion,  
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Provost Marshal Check

On 26 October 1943, this Officer interviewed Pvt. Paulsen, Clark, Provost Marshal's Office, Camp Gordon, Georgia. Pvt. Paulsen checked the files of the Provost Marshal's Office and reported that they contained no records of the subject.

JOHN R. OLSEN,  
1st Lt., AMB,  
Ass't. P.I.O.

(Page 1)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia  
27 October 1943.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE OFFICER IN CHARGE:

Subject : CARLOS A. COOKS, Pvt.  
ASN 32486414  
532nd Q. M. Battalion,  
Camp Gordon, Georgia

Re : Police Check, Augusta, Georgia

This Agent on 26 October 1943 checked the files of the Police Department of Augusta, Georgia in connection with the investigation of the Subject. The name of CARLOS A. COOKS did not appear in the records.

On the same date this Agent reviewed the City and Superior Court Records, Richmond County, Richmond County Court House, Augusta, Georgia with reference to the Subject. These records revealed no information concerning the Subject.

WILLIAM H. TIERASHER  
Agent, OIC.

(Memo J)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia  
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE RECORD

Subject: CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT.  
ASN 32886414  
532nd C.M. Battalion,  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Inspection of Special Order

On 26 October 1943, this officer inspected the copy of Par 24 SO 250 Hq. Camp Gordon, dated 19 October 1943.

Paragraph in order referred to transferred SUBJECT CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT. ASN 32886414, from the 553rd C.M. Bn., Camp Gordon, Georgia, to the 532nd C.M. Bn., Camp Gordon, Georgia.

JOHN R. GLEN,  
1st Lt., AUS  
Asst. P.I.O.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

( Memo K )

ENCLOSURE

14-1187-32

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Camp Gordon, Georgia  
26 October 1943

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR IN CHARGE

Subject: CARLOS A. COOKS, PVT.  
ASN 3288424  
532nd Q. M. Battalion,  
Camp Gordon, Ga.

Re : Impressions of Reporting Officer

It is apparent to this officer from information contained in Exhibit I that Carlos A. Cooks, the SUBJECT of this investigation has, for a long time, been a race agitator. He has identified himself with a number of organizations whose principal purpose has been the advancement of the colored race, which is, of course, not unfavorable information. It is also apparent, however, that the SUBJECT has made very speeches of an inflammatory nature and of a sort designed to create friction between the white and colored races. This activity apparently came to a climax in the summer of 1942 when SUBJECT spoke very frequently before a gathering on 8th Ave. between 124th and 125th Streets in New York City. It is noted that William A. Doyle, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, formed the opinion that the SUBJECT had made statements which were seditious and treasonable after this magistrate had found the SUBJECT guilty on a charge of disorderly conduct.

It is also worthy of note that one of the SUBJECT's associates, James Henry Thornhill, who had spoken in the same series of meetings has been tried and found guilty of sedition. (Exhibit I, page 21)

It is worthy of note that SUBJECT, since coming to Camp Gordon, Georgia, has attended meetings at the House of Prayer in Augusta, Georgia. The House of Prayer is a "religious organization" whose leader is known as Lady Grace or Bishop Grace. (See Exhibit II) While it has not been established that the House of Prayer is a subversive organization, it is suspected of being a meeting place for colored people who are inclined to create friction between the white and colored races.

Due to the fact that SUBJECT so quickly identified himself with the one organization of this nature in this vicinity, it is believed by this officer that SUBJECT is likely to be a continuous source of trouble and that he should be placed in a unit of such a nature that such activities on his part might be held to a minimum.

Subject's unit, 532nd Quartermaster Bn, is now in an alerted status.

JOHN H. GLEN,  
1st Lt., AMB,  
Ass't.

(Enclosure)

14-1187-3



A C O P Y

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT  
ARMY HEADQUARTERS  
HEADQUARTERS, UNITED STATES SERVICE COMMAND  
(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia  
(Place)  
24 September 1943.  
(Date)

Subject: COOKS, Carlos A., Pvt.  
ASN 3236444  
553rd Inf Bn. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.  
Summary of Information:

A check of the files of the New York Field Division reflects correspondence between the Selective Service Headquarters, 331 Madison Avenue, New York City and this office concerning the status of COOKS in the Selective Service Board and further reflecting that they have been advised of the nature of the statements made by the subject as received from a confidential source. As a result of this correspondence, it is reflected that COOKS of 12 West 133rd Street, New York City, is registered at Local Board No. 53 and up to October 18, 1941 he had not received his questionnaire. The Selective Service Board further advised that a close check will be made in this case.

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Evaluation  
-of source      -of information  
Reliable  
-reliable  
Questionable  
Undetermined

(REMARK I)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

N.Y. 14-48

Subject COOKS was interviewed by the writer in the New York County Jail on September 23, 1942, at which time he voluntarily furnished the following information concerning himself:

COOKS gave his age as twenty-nine, stating he was born in San Pedro, San Domingo, June 23, 1913 and, further, that he entered the United States on July 16, 1929, embarking from San Pedro Dominga aboard the S.S. Huron and that he entered the United States at the port of New York. COOKS stated that he paid his own passage to New York but when questioned concerning his passport, he informed that he lost it approximately four years ago when the place where he was residing was burglarized. Subject attended school in San Pedro under the tutorage of a private teacher and received the equivalent to a high school education before entering the United States. He stated further that although he came into this country as a student that he had not attended school after entering the United States. He has spent his entire time in the city of New York with the exception of two occasions at which time he made a trip to Cleveland, Ohio and Washington, D.C. and return. The subject could not give an account of his employment since his entrance into the United States and when pressed advised he had done odd jobs on two or three houses helping his father, JAMES COOK, 43 West 131st Street, who owned and rented these buildings; further that he had never had any more than enough money to exist. Subject is not married and has no children. He further informed that he registered for the draft in October 1941 at Local Board No. 55 and is presently in Class 1-A. It is pointed out that the Selective Service Board informed that the subject was registered at Local Board #53.

COOKS, when questioned concerning making speeches on the streets of Harlem, advised that he first began speaking on the streets during the Italian-Ethiopian War and that it came about as a result of SAMUEL DANIELS, colored, who was active at that time, attempting to obtain enlistment of the American negroes into the Ethiopian War. In this connection he advised that DANIELS secured a number of enlistments or at least persons signed up to fight. He himself signed some kind of paper in this connection. However, he could not furnish any name of other persons known to have also signed and to his knowledge none of the individuals actually went to Ethiopia. COOKS further recalled that DANIELS had been active as a street speaker in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but that he has not seen him since May of 1941. He further informed that during those days DANIELS had sponsored an organization known as the African Reconstruction Association. COOKS further advised that he had always been interested in obtaining better conditions for the men of African descent and that all of his speeches and statements had been for this purpose.

Following his convictions along those lines he joined the Universal Negro Improvement Association (U.N.I.A.) in 1935, at which time he paid dues which he forwarded to London, the address he recalled as being 2 Beaumont Crescent, East Kingston, London, England. However, he has not been

A COPY

(EXHIBIT I)

N.Y. 100-13

a financial member since the death of WILLIAM GALVEY, June 10, 1940, the founder of the above mentioned organization. Its purpose primarily was the migration of the negroes to Liberia and the establishment of a Government there. COLE in 1939 organized the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. whose headquarters were at 35 Lenox Avenue, New York City. The group later moved and held meetings at 142 West 143rd Street and at the time it dissolved meetings were being held at 297 St. Nicholas Avenue. The Officers of this organization were AMARIS COLE, President; HERB KENT, Vice-President; FRANK COLE, Treasurer. The above organization lasted until 1941 at which time it was a branch of the U.N.I.A. whose parent body was located in Cleveland, Ohio. The charter in 1941 was returned to AMARIS COLE, National Secretary for the U.N.I.A. who presently resides in New York City and whose address COLE could not recall.

COLE went on to say that in 1941 out of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. grew the African Nationalistic Honoring Movement which, although foreign, the principals of the U.N.I.A. were not connected with the officials. The subject advised sponsoring this movement but advised there was no organization in respect to the appointment of officers; that such was contemplated but that at the time of his arrest in the New York City Police Department on August 25, 1942, this had not materialized. He advised that these meetings were under the above organization and were continued to be held at 297 St. Nicholas Avenue as had been in the above instance of the Advance Division of the U.N.I.A. However, he informed in this instance the procedure was to speak on the streets and to later adjourn to the hall at 297 St. Nicholas Avenue. There was no special program drawn up and any person so desiring could speak on these programs.

In this connection he informed that ARTHUR ROSE, JAMES T. THOMAS, ARTHUR COLE, HERB KENT and of CLARA (phonetic) and others whose names he could not remember occasionally spoke on this program. COLE could not recall any specific statements but stated that they were all pertaining to the betterment of the conditions of the colored race and the establishment of a homeland in Africa. In this connection the subject denied making statements in sympathy with Japan or attempting to interfere with the enlistment into the armed forces on the part of the negroes. At the same time he did make the statement to the writer, in substance, the United States Government should declare themselves as to the future and the colored race if they expected the colored man to fight. COLE denied making statements allegedly made by him previously reported in reference report. However, he admitted that he has been a regular speaker on the streets in Harlem since 1934 or 1935 but denied that at any time he made any statements tending to inspire a riot or cause public disturbance and at no time has he spoken against the United States Government.

Concerning individuals who were identified as speaking in company with him, COLE informed that none of these are in any way officially connected with his organization and that most of the people that speak

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(CONFIDENTIAL)

2

N.Y. 10-48

before it or on the program were individual that he recognized by face and not by name. Concerning HENRY HOLLINGSWORTH, he advised that he recognized him as a street speaker but was not acquainted with him personally nor could he furnish his occupation or address. As to CLARK, above referred to, he advised he recognized him as being a former member of the U.N.I.A. and a frequent street speaker. COOKS was not acquainted with ARTHUR CROWN but recalls that he has been active at intervals as a speaker speaking on the racial question on the streets of Harlem for the past five years. He believes that CROWN is originally from one of the southern states and that he is presently engaged as a junk dealer. COOKS recalled JAMES THOMPSON as being a member of former member of the U.N.I.A., who has been an active speaker in Harlem for the past ten years.

Concerning ARTHUR REID, COOKS advised that he is a more educated speaker than many of the others and that he formerly sponsored or organized the African Patriotic League whose office or meeting place was on 135th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues. COOKS did not believe REID to be a member of the U.N.I.A. but did state that he has been an active speaker for the past ten years or more.

COOKS also admitted acquaintance with ROBERT JORDAN, President of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and advised that he has known him for seven or eight years and that he has been very active as a street speaker in Harlem. COOKS denies ever visiting JORDAN at his home or denies knowledge of JORDAN'S activities.

JORDAN, above referred to, for the past number of years has sponsored the above mentioned organization and since the fall of 1941 has held meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue attended by approximately seventy-five persons and he and other speakers have openly made statements in sympathy with the Axis powers particularly Japan and generally has attempted to discourage the enlistment into the armed forces of the colored people.

COOKS admits attending one or two meetings at the above hall since the attack on Pearl Harbor by the Japanese and denies that he spoke before this group. COOKS denied that any of his statements or speeches have been influenced by any organizations or individual and that his remarks had been based entirely on his own convictions and beliefs and his desire to aid members of his race. During this interview, the subject took it upon himself to point out to the interviewing agent the futility of the conditions between the white and colored race ever correcting itself and the only solution was to establish a government of their own which properly should be in Africa, their homeland.

On October 6, 1942 Special Agent Frederick L. Scifali checked the records of the Immigration and Naturalization Service, Ellis Island, which reflected that CHARLES A. COOK, who is evidently identical to the

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(EXHIBIT I)

4



N.Y. 11-418

subject, was admitted to the port of New York on July '6, 1929 having emigrated from San Pedro, Mexico aboard S.S. Huron. His race is given as that of black, place of birth San Pedro and declared to be a citizen of San Domingo. His classification visa is M-22, issued at San Domingo City June 27, 1929 and he gave as his permanent address San Pedro. His destination was given as New York and he advised that his passage was paid by his mother, CARMELITA MARTIN, whom he was going to visit who then resided at 20 West 113rd Street, New York City. At this time it was indicated that some special investigation had been made concerning the subject which file was maintained at the office of Immigration and Naturalization, 341 Ninth Avenue, New York City.

At the above address a file was made available to the writer on subject by R. H. Herman and a review of the file reflects the following names being used by the subject: Carlon Cook, Charles Cook and Carlos Scott. At the time subject was interviewed he advised that his correct name was CARLOS COOK and at that time denied having used any other name. This file further reflects that subject's address was given as 106 West 137th Street, New York City. It was also noted that on September 15, 1939 Detective Harrington of the Alien Squad, New York Police Department, by telephone furnished information that COOK was arrested July 17, 1936 on a charge of extortion and was released October 17th.

In a memorandum dated September 18, 1939, it is reflected that CARLOS COOK was legally admitted to the United States on April 16, 1929 and his relatives are listed as VICTORIA SMITH, San Pedro, Aunt and Alice Vukobrat Cook, 106 West 137th Street.

At the time this check was made Mr. HERMAN, above referred to, advised the writer that their office intended to conduct an investigation concerning this subject with the purpose in view of detaining him for deportation on the grounds that he was in the United States as a student and, further, that he was an undesirable alien.

On October 13th Mr. HERMAN telephonically communicated with the writer at which time he advised that he had discussed the above case concerning COOK with the Inspector who is familiar with the circumstances and who also attended the trial when COOK was sentenced for making certain statements on the streets of New York. At this time HERMAN advised that COOK upon his entrance into the United States came in legally on a B-C visa which is a visa issued to people of the Western Hemisphere and is a non-quota visa or in other words a resident alien visa; further that COOK came in as a student and not on a student visa and, consequently, he could not be deported or held on that angle; further that to deport such an alien the alien must have committed a crime of moral turpitude or receive a sentence of more than one year within five years after entrance into this country. After five years have elapsed, it is necessary that

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5



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two such crimes have been committed or in either case since his entrance into this country he has been found guilty of committing a violation of the Racketeering Act. In view of the above, [redacted] informed that no further investigation is being conducted concerning [redacted] but that the facts as reported is being made a matter of record.

A further check was made at the Immigration and Naturalization Office, 611 Lexington Street, New York City, by Special Agent R. Campbell Carden to determine if subject had been naturalized subsequent to his entrance into this country but no information could be found concerning him.

JAMES EARL TAYLOR has been interviewed on several occasions by Special Agent Marion J. Tarrance and the writer since he has been detained at the Federal Detention House at Eleventh and West Streets, New York City subsequent to his being indicted on a charge of conspiracy to commit sedition upon statements made by him as a speaker before the [redacted] National Pacific Movement previously referred to in this report.

In addition to information furnished in reference report TAYLOR advised that upon his entrance into the United States in 1921 from the Virgin Islands that his first occupation was that of a dish washer in a restaurant the name of which he could not recall located on 20th Street. Subsequently thereto he was employed for approximately one year on the Pennsylvania Railroad as a laborer. In 1925 he worked for three or four months in a brick yard as a laborer and during that same year he made two trips to the Virgin Islands employed as a mess boy with the [redacted] Steamship Company aboard the S.S. Bolivia. Sometime after this trip he was employed for two or three years as a fireman and elevator operator for one Mr. [redacted] at a building located at 55 West 13th Street. At the time of subject's arrest he was caretaker or superintendent of a building at 325 West 13th Street where he resided and he was employed by one J.J. [redacted]. Prior to that for two or three years he was in the junk business.

TAYLOR attended school in St. Croix, Virgin Islands, where he attended the equivalent of a fourth or fifth grade education. After coming into the United States he admitted being arrested on two occasions. On February 13, 1925 for unlawful entry for which he received a thirty day sentence and in 1923 on charges of assault in that he was speaking on the street at which time a fight started and someone had thrown a brick.

He advised that his relatives in the United States are his sister, VERA TAYLOR, 19 West 117th Street, New York City and a brother, [redacted] TAYLOR, who resides some place in upper New York State, whose address he does not recall. He also stated that he has a mother and sister presently living on the Island of St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

TAYLOR advised that since coming to the United States he became

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6

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

N.Y. 11-48

very interested in the conditions of the negro people here and in other parts of the world and through this interest he had become a member of the U.V.I.A. and as such was appointed to the title of Captain in the Black Guard of the above organization which was conferred upon him by MARCUS C. VIV. He discontinued his membership in the U.V.I.A. in 1931 and since that time has been an independent speaker on the streets of Harlem speaking in the interests of the people in the community and appealing for a national homeland in Africa. He claims that it was through his association in the U.V.I.A. that he met JAMES JOHNSON, above referred to. He advised that he had known JOHNSON was a person who spoke in the interests of the colored race and that about five months ago he first attended some of the closed meetings of JOHNSON at 113 Lenox Avenue on invitation to speak and that subsequently he has continued to visit the meetings of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement and in most instances has spoken before them.

THORNTON went on to say that after withdrawing from the U.V.I.A. he, in company with IRA KEMP, deceased, Reverend P. L. and one JOHNSON, got together and organized what was known as a fair play organization which purpose was to secure employment of the colored people in Harlem. Later this organization became known as the Harlem Labor Union. He admits being active in this organization up until 1935 at which time he became ill and ceased his activities. He advised that his and others activities in this organization was to boycott a certain business establishment in Harlem and hold meetings in front of their place of business and urge them to employ members of his race in their establishments. He denies that any coercion or force was used by him or any of his associates in this connection and that they only publicized instances in which persons refused to employ members of the negro race.

THORNTON further admitted that he was a very active speaker on the streets of Harlem during the time of the Ethiopian-Italian conflict and protested the action taken by Italy and urged that the negroes support brothers of their race in Ethiopia. THORNTON advised that he has frequented many organizations and spoken before many groups in the past ten years concerning racial prejudices and unfairness displayed on the part of the negroes in the United States. He admits speaking on the program of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement and further advised that he was acting President. It will be noted that CROOKS had denied that there were any officials of this organization.

THORNTON denied making any statements confronted with as reported by the New York Police Department in reference report and further he firmly pronounced his loyalty to the United States and stated that any statement made by him was only made in the interests of his race and in order to gain better conditions for them in the community. THORNTON further admits that after he, CROOKS, and GILBERT were arrested by the New York Police Department and after CROOKS was sentenced that he had taken it upon himself to continue the activities of this organization and that after

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(EXHIBIT 7)

7

N.Y. 11-48

JORDAN had discontinued holding meetings at 113 Lenox Avenue he had secured this hall and had held meetings there under the sponsorship of the African Nationalistic Pioneering Movement. THOMAS further admitted that after the arrest of JORDAN on February 18, 1942, he had taken an active part in the activities of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement until JORDAN was released on April 9, 1942. It is pointed out that at 113 Lenox Avenue THOMAS is reported to have made statements to the effect that he would willingly fight for Japan and would refuse to fight for a white man; that the Japanese war gave the united factions hall and the Allies are telling lies when they told the people that the Allies have won battles over the Japanese in the Coral Sea; further that if the negro is stupid enough to put on a uniform and go and fight he deserves to be killed. THOMAS was interviewed vigorously concerning these and other statements reported to have been made by him on the street at 113 Lenox Avenue and at 207 St. Nicholas Avenue and he denied making any of the statements above reported or others similar in substance. THOMAS further denied having been influenced by any person or organization in any statements made by him and that his thoughts were independent and his statements were expressions of his opinions only. He further denied that anyone has ever coached him in any attempt to influence his remarks in any way.

It is noted from a search of the indices of the New York Field Division that in a report written by Special Agent T. E. Tracy, dated March 20, 1944, entitled "THOMAS THOMAS: Leader of the 'U.N.I.A.' in Harlem", that Lieutenant SMITH of the New York Police Department advised Tracy that the male crowd who stirred up racial prejudices in New York City are the so-called "A.N.Y. crowd"; that this crowd is represented by the U.N.I.A., the leader of whom is JAMES THOMAS, 34th Street and St. Nicholas Place.

In conducting investigations in the Harlem area and in questioning individuals of responsibility they then referred to subjects SMITH and THOMAS as being rabble rousers and small time racketeers among their own people in Harlem; that they are uninformed and for a number of years have been agitating on the City streets. In no instance has there been any indication or reports of any foundation to the effect that SMITH or THOMAS are operating as a part of an organized group which might be foreign inspired and it is believed by persons questioned that statements made by them were the result of desire to show off and their lack of information.

In this connection A. I. King, resident of the Central Division of the U.N.I.A., 24 Lenox Avenue, who advised agents that he was spokesman for this organization in this area, informed agents Torrens and Roston that both SMITH and JAMES THOMAS had been excluded from the U.N.I.A. because of statements made and attitude taken by them in reference to the racial question. Although these individuals admitted that the statements made of agents in Harlem were not representative of the feelings and opinions of the negro race they spoke of their activities and statements in a general way and would not furnish any specific statements made by them.

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WAR DEPARTMENT

ARMY SERVICE FORNAC

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(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia  
(Place)

21 September 1943.

(Date)

Subject: **GOODE, Charles A., Pvt.**

~~ARMY SERVICE FORNAC~~

553rd QM Bn. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.

Summary of Information:

The following information was requested to be furnished the Bureau in a letter dated July 20, 1942, entitled "GOODE, Charles A., et al, 1st Lt. (J), 553rd QM Bn. (Serv), (Bureau file No. 100-5074.).

The following investigation is predicated upon information furnished telephonically to Special Agent A. J. Kane of the New York State Division on July 19, 1942, by Inspector [redacted], attached to the Harlem Division of the New York City Police Department, with offices at 230 West 143rd Street, the substance of which is as follows: Inspector [redacted] informed that over a period of the last month there have been a number of meetings held among the Negroes between 125th and 126th Streets on 143rd Avenue, New York City. He stated that he had complete reports on these meetings as covered by two plain clothes colored patrolmen. He further stated that these reports reflected that the statements by the speakers advocate resistance to the military service of the colored race; calling the present war a white man's war and stating that if they maintained themselves away from the present conflict that the white races

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Evaluation

-of source -of information

Reliable

Credible

Questionable

Undetermined

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would disseminate themselves and that the colored and Oriental races would then become the ruling classes. Inspector BUTLER further informed that the speakers attempted to create a favorable impression in the minds of the audience concerning the Japanese people and their attitude toward the colored race. He went on to say that he felt he had sufficient evidence to cause the arrest of several of the speakers on charges of breach of the peace, but that he thought that probably the information might be of value to this office and that he would refrain from causing the arrest of these individuals if the Bureau so advised after reviewing the material which he had obtained.

On the same date the writer was made cognizant of this information and contacted Inspector BUTLER telephonically and advised him that the arrest of these individuals would not interfere with any work on the part of this office and it was further requested of him that the information be available for examination by an agent, which was granted. At this time Inspector BUTLER advised that he intended to arrest CARLOS COOKS, J. J. THOMHILL and ARTHUR GREEN, colored persons known to be the principal speakers for these meetings.

On July 21, 1942, the above individuals were arrested by the New York Police Department on the charge of disorderly conduct in that they made certain statements before groups on the streets of Harlem tending to cause ill feeling between the races.

Subsequently, on July 22, 1942, Agent M. E. Terrans and the writer reviewed the reports of the officers attending the street meetings and made arrangements with Inspector BUTLER to secure the original reports in order that they might be forwarded to the Bureau and presented to the Criminal Division of the Department for an opinion as to whether or not the statements contained therein would come within the violation of the sedition statute.

On July 30, 1942, WILLIAM F. RINGEL, City Magistrate, Harlem District, Borough of Manhattan, New York, in a letter to this office furnished the following information: He advised that he had found the defendant, CARLOS COOKS, guilty after a trial on the charge of disorderly conduct for making certain remarks on Eighth Avenue between 124th and 125th streets, New York City, which remarks he believed to be seditious and treasonable. He further recommended that this matter be investigated and he set forth statements made by CARLOS COOKS which are not being related at this time as they will be set forth later in this report.

On August 27, 1942, it was ascertained from the office of Captain JAMES DONNELLY, Alien Squad No. 2, New York City Police Department, that CARLOS COOKS was sentenced on August 4, 1942, at which time he received a sentence of ninety days in the workhouse. On August 5, 1942, J. J. THOMHILL was tried and found guilty as charged, at which time he was fined \$10 and received a sixty-day suspended sentence. On August 21, 1942, ARTHUR GREEN was tried and found guilty and received a fifteen-day suspended sentence.

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(EXHIBIT 7)~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



NY 26-48

On August 31, 1942, the original reports were obtained from Inspector RUTLER of the speeches made on the streets in Harlem as mentioned above and as reported by Patrolmen ROBERT ELLISON, Shield No. 19369, and HOLMAN HENMAN, Shield No. 19335. The arrangements as previously made were that these reports be furnished this office at the completion of the trial of the above named individuals. It will be noted that these reports show that ROBERT ELLISON reported on meetings held from June 25 through July 18, and that both HENMAN and ELLISON reported on meetings from July 9, through July 18. The reports further reflect that most of these speeches were made on the streets of Harlem and on occasions after the meetings on the streets the speakers would adjourn to a hall at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It is also noted that these meetings were made under the name of the organization, ("The African Pioneering Movement"). The principal speakers on these programs were CARLOS COOK, ANTHONY GRAY, JAMES T. SMITH and ANTHONY SMITH. Others known to have spoken were SAMUEL GARDNER, HENRY HOLMES SMITH, and one CLARKE (phonetic). From a review of these reports it appears that the speeches in general are anti-white and they indirectly encourage non-enlistment in the armed forces on the part of the Negro. It is further reflected that the tone of these remarks tend to sympathize with the Japanese in the present struggle. The reports of the officers mostly contain excerpts as taken from speeches of the various speakers. A number of these are being set out below which will reflect the type of speeches made by the speakers. The following were taken from the reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON, as reported from June 25 through July 7.

On June 25, meetings were held between 124th and 125th Streets on Eighth Avenue and lasted from 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. The following excerpts were taken from the speech of CARLOS COOK:

1. "The United Nations are prejudiced against the black man. If the United Nations want to win the war, they don't behave as though they do, they will have to stop treating the black man as a flunkie."
2. "The Chinese, Russians, and British are not doing so well. Confidentially, I don't think an is going to do so hot either."
3. "Before I'd be willing to fight they will have to tear up the Atlantic Charter and rewrite it. The Atlantic Charter is a flop."
4. "The British poisoned MARCUS GARVEY."
5. "Negroes must learn that instead of 'Thou shalt not kill', but 'who kills most gets most.'"

One CLARKE also spoke on the program and made the remark that the Negro soldier in World War No. I fought merely to maintain white supremacy.

On June 26, the meetings were held indoors at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. It began approximately 9:50 p.m. and ended at 11 p.m. The attendance was estimated to be approximately 8 persons. CARLOS COOK spoke concerning the

A C C Y

(EXHIBIT I)

12

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 11-48

object of these meetings and his movement and the principal object, as reported, appeared to be the uniting of all Negroes around the NAACP CARMY slogan of "Africa for the Africans." CLARKE also made the following statements:

1. "I understand the Japanese fleet lies just outside of South Africa. I hope they kill off about four million Boers."

2. "THORNHILL and ROOSEVELT and HITLER are good white men. Any white man who engineers the mass murders of other white men is a good white man."

On June 29, meetings were held between 124th Street and 125th Street and lasted from about 8:45 p.m. until 11:50 p.m. and the reported attendance was approximately 100 persons. CLARKE, among others, made the following statement. "It seems childish for the Negroes to talk about integrating into the American way of Government. These things were never intended."

One CLARKE made the following statement, "America is a great country, but not for, you, black man. Black boys must learn that no white people from any part of the world will give them freedom. They must fight for it."

ARTHUR REED also spoke and among other things, had this to say. "Some white people would rather see HITLER win than give justice to the Negro."

On June 30, the meetings were held at the same place as above and speeches lasted from 8:50 p.m. until 11:45 p.m., and at the end of these speeches the listeners were estimated to total approximately 125 persons. Among other things, ARTHUR CLARKE made the following statement. "The time is psychologically ripe for us to organize for our own protection and preservation."

HENRY HOLLYWOOD also spoke and had the following to say, "I speak for the Negroes who make \$18 and \$20 a week while white men working in defense plants making \$600 a week are ready to blow up the damn place."

ARTHUR REED spoke, and among others, had the following to say. "ALL HITLER did was to work like hell to bring Germany up from where she had been driven to."

THORNHILL spoke, and among other things, said:

1. "I don't want to fight in Australia."

2. "Ladies and Gentlemen, always be loyal; but only support your mother home, Africa."

3. "Be patriotic first to Africa, then to America and next to the Gods of our ancestors."

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

12

(EXHIBIT I)

NY 14-48

On July 2 the meetings were held as usual and lasted from 8:45 to 10 p.m., at which time it broke up because of rain.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "So you see, two thousand years ago the Romans considered the Englishman too dumb to be a slave, but today the Englishman controls one-fifth of the earth's surface."

2. "The Declaration of Independence is a seditious

3. "We should take a hint and remain loyal to America and America's institutions, but at the same time we should bend our efforts and energies and use our financial resources to establish a government of our own on the continent of Africa."

Meetings were held at the same place on July 5, 1942, from 9:10 to 11:50 p.m. There were estimated to be approximately 75 listeners.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "As far as ABRAHAM LINCOLN was definitely concerned, it was inconsequential whether emancipation came out of the Civil War."

2. "Whether the United Nations or the Axis powers get the upper hand the Negro will have to face a solution to his problem."

3. "They move the Japs from the coast, the same as a common alien."

ARTHUR REID'S remarks:

1. "We have never gotten a break under this flag."

2. "The Japanese can make anything the white man can, and twice as fast."

Meetings were held on July 7, from 8:50 to 12:20 p.m. and attracted approximately 150 people.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Wherever the Union Jack flies over black people, they don't enjoy a damn thing but exploitation."

A COPY

(EXHIBIT I)

NY 10-13

2. "Before this war is over, there will be a big demand for Negro blood. But in peace time he is hogged around."

3. "If you don't think the Jew is a factor in the economic life of this country wait until Yom Kippur or Rosh Hashbonah. Harlem will be like a graveyard."

4. "Before the advent of Hitler the German Jew was an arrogant Jew but Hitler taught him there is no place like home."

5. "The most methodical, the most cold blooded killer in the world today is the white man. The damndest thief who ever breathed the breath of life is the white man."

ARMSTRONG also spoke and among other things stated, "There are no good white people."

The following statements were reported by both officers ARMSTRONG and BROWN and are substantially the same and when statements are reported differently by the two officers, the same will be noted.

Meetings were held on July 9 as usual and the attendance was estimated at approximately 100 people.

ARMSTRONG while making this speech read an article from a newspaper which stated the terms of the new Ethiopia when Haile Selassie was restored to power and among other things quoted:

1. "If these terms signify that democracy will be taken after the war, the Negro is due for perpetual hell."

2. "Hitler will bring destruction to the white race."

3. "The whole question of war is one of race and the white man must rule."

Notation by the reporter. ARMSTRONG drew a facsimile of the internment of American born Japanese while naturalized Germans held high Army ranks and alien Italians and Germans are allowed their freedom even though Italy and Germany are belligerents.

4. "Deferred to the late General KITCHENER as an illegally born child."

On July 10, the meetings were held indoors at 239 E. Nicholas Avenue and the reporting officers were not allowed admittance. ARMSTRONG made the following statement to OFFICER BROWN, "The trend of the times forces us to

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(INITIALS)

14



NY 10-48

be cautious because of possible Fifth Columnists. If we think anyone is really interested in our movement we have them fill out applications for membership and we investigate to find out if they are all right. We announce the platform of our movement at our street meetings but naturally we can't make public our plans for getting the Belgian Congo."

On July 11, street meetings were again held on Eighth Avenue and 125th Street and lasted from 9 to 11 p.m. and it was estimated that there were approximately 200 persons present at one time.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "Negro preachers are nothing but no good rats. If it were left to me I would have them all sent to me in the Belgian Congo and would give each of them a switch blade then have them cut a clearing a mile square a day.

2. "Pope Pius of Rome, keeper of the Keys of Heaven, is as bad. The Ten Commandments say, 'Thou shalt not kill' and 'Thou shalt not covet thy neighbor's goods', and yet when Italy was about to wage war with Ethiopia, he came down to the beach and blessed the Italian ships, guns, tanks and men. So you see my friends, the question is still, black or white?"

3. "If HITLER has done nothing else he has made King George of England sleep in the basement."

4. "Nobody has told the Negro what he is fighting for."

FRANK LAMER spoke at this meeting but no specific statements are reported and the informants advised that he did not speak in a subversive manner.

One CLARKE made the following statements:

1. "If we could erase the damn Englishman, the world would be better."

2. "The white man will never lead the Negroes to freedom."

Meetings were held on July 13 as usual and lasted until approximately 11 p.m. and there was estimated to be 150 persons present. After 11 p.m. the meeting adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue.

COOKS' remarks:

1. "I have yet to read of a Negro lynched in Berlin or Tokio

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(EXHIBIT 1)

15

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 24-43

but here in Texas, the land of the brave and the home of the free, a Negro ~~was~~ lynched."

2. "No Negro is going to lay down his life to substantiate a system which preaches the wholesale extermination of the Negro."

3. "Whether you know it or not, lynching is America's favorite past time."

4. "King Lear of England is the greatest play in history."

JAMES J. THOMPSON'S remarks:

1. "If ~~WILLIAMS~~ was on one side and a Cracker on the other I wouldn't know which way to shoot."

Following the above remarks, the meeting adjourned indoors and it was estimated that less than three dozen people attended.

Among other statements made by ~~JOHN~~ indoors is the following: "I know the Government is interested in what I am doing and they would put me in jail if it wouldn't be so embarrassing. If they did place me under arrest they would have to give me a public trial and reporters would have to be admitted. They in turn would publish my side of the story and Berlin and Tokio could use it for propaganda."

The usual meetings were held on the streets on July 14 until approximately 10:30 p.m., at which time they adjourned to their headquarters at 209 St. Nicholas Avenue. The attendance in the street was estimated to be approximately 150 persons.

CHICK'S remarks:

1. "Christianity is the world's greatest racket. Pope Plus of Rome is the biggest religious pimp in the world."

2. "WILLIAMS is a good white man. Personally I admire him. I have to admire any white man who can organize other white men to kill each other. If there were more white men like ~~WILLIAMS~~ we wouldn't have a damned thing to worry about."

Future meetings were again held as usual on July 15, 1942, and the estimated attendance was placed at 275 persons. This meeting was reported by Officer ~~WILLIAMS~~ and ~~CHICK~~ was apparently absent.

ARTHUR GEORGE'S statements:

1. "I know I'm going to jail in this war."

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( COPY 2 )

16

NY 14-43

2. "I hope the Japanese machine rolls on."

3. "When a white boy is sent to war he is given the guarantee that his home and family will be protected. Now tell me what guarantee have they given us?"

CHAPMAN's statements:

1. "The remarks just made are those of Mr. [redacted] and do not represent the feeling of our organizations, but personally I hope nobody wins the war. I hope they fight long enough that they become weakened enough to listen to our demands." (made in reference to above remarks of [redacted].)

2. "If [redacted] was a General in my army I would make him a Top Lieutenant."

3. "I won't be surprised if after the Germans conquer the Russians the English will form a pact with the Germans and they and the Allies will then move to the Pacific to crush the Japs. My friends this war is still being fought to preserve white supremacy."

Meetings were held as usual on July 16, and were reported by patrolman [redacted], Officer [redacted] being absent. It was then there was estimated to be approximately 300 people present.

CHAPMAN's remarks:

1. "I love CHAS. HILL and R. [redacted]. They are good white men. HILL is a good white man. [redacted] is a good white man. They are good white men because they are determined on the destruction of the white race."

THOMAS's remarks:

1. "The white man, when you lynch a black man you give us cause to know that Japan is right."

2. "I won't talk about Burma, Burma is free. Singapore is free."

3. "Great Britain — it's a damn shame America is associated with such a thief."

In this date after the meeting on the street, its speakers adjourned to 209 St. Nicholas Avenue, and it was estimated that there were 90 persons present. The specific statements made were not set out.

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NY 10-48

Meetings were again held on July 17 as usual. The attendance was estimated to be about 70 persons.

C. K. remarks as reported by [redacted] are as follows:

1. "Don't let America and England fool you, that they're fighting to maintain human decency."
2. "This war is between white nations to determine who shall enslave the black man."
3. "With all the propaganda to show HITLER a bad fellow, he has yet to lynch a Jew."
4. "The only way to fight fire is with fire. Reasoning with this white man is not going to work out."

[redacted] remarks:

1. "Japan convinces me all the dark races must stick together."
2. "I have never read of [redacted] cold bloodedly lynching a black man."
3. "HITLER isn't after me; he's after John Bull."

On July 18, meetings were held as usual in the street and the crowd attracted was estimated to be 175 persons. After the street meetings the speakers adjourned to 207 St. Nicholas Avenue. The remarks on the street by C. K. are:

1. "The German people know that HITLER has done them some good."
2. "We are not interested in anyone winning this war. I am inclined to believe that [redacted] isn't as liberal as people think. More power to HITLER. Long may he live."
3. "As bad as you say HITLER is, he has yet to use poison gas."
4. "Any Negro that roots for Britain to win is a fool because if she loses, it will mean a continuation of slavery."
5. "If [redacted] wins, it will mean ten thousand years of slavery, so we don't want any of them to win."

18

A COPY

(EXHIBIT I)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 16-48

A search of the files of the New York Field office reflect that there are numerous references to JAMES T. THORNTON, ARTHUR COLE, and ARTHUR H. H. as being agitators and street speakers among the colored in Harlem and they have been engaged in such activities for the past ten years. JAMES THORNTON is known to be a follower of MARSHALL CARMON and to be very anti-white and extremely racial in his speeches. In addition to his street speaking, recently he has been a frequent speaker at 113 Lenox Avenue on the program of the Ethiopian Pacific Movement, sponsored by ROBERT J. J. and reported in a case, the title of which has been set out at the beginning of this report.

THORNTON has continuously made pro-Japanese statements and along with other members of the above mentioned organization (Ethiopian Pacific Movement) has been indicted on the charge of conspiracy to commit sedition, and is presently interned at the Federal Detention House, New York City. JAMES THORNTON was born October 23, 1901 at St. Croix, Virgin Islands. He entered the United States August, 1921 on the S.S. Arista. THORNTON was separated from his wife, ANITA J. THORNTON, in New York City in 1925. He is registered for the Selective Service Act at Selective Service Board 61, New York City. His present address is given as 225 West 138th Street, where he is employed as the superintendent of the building.

It is also pointed out that CARLOS COOKS and ARTHUR COLE have been reported to have spoken before the Ethiopian Pacific Movement. Not much is known concerning ARTHUR COLE other than he is a follower of MARSHALL CARMON and has been an active speaker in Harlem in recent years during which he has made some extreme liberal speeches.

At the time that ARTHUR COLE was arrested by the New York Police Department, he gave his age as forty-one years and stated that he was born in the United States. He is presently employed as a junk dealer and resides at 52 West 128th Street, New York City.

CARLOS COOKS informed the police that he was twenty-nine years of age and was born in Santo Domingo, British West Indies, on June 23, 1915. He entered the United States July 16, 1929 at New York City aboard the S.S. Thron. COOKS came to the United States with a student pass. It is not known whether or not he has been naturalized. He gave his address as 43 West 131st Street.

Inspector WELSHLAND of the Twenty-eighth Precinct, New York City, advised the writer that ARTHUR COLE in the past has been a well known street speaker and agitator among the negroes in Harlem, but that last year he was picked up by the Police Department and subsequent to that time he has been very careful of statements made, even though he has continued to speak on the streets.

The criminal record of JAMES HENRY THORNTON as it appears in the criminal files of the Criminal Division of the New York City Police Department is as follows:

A COPY

(EXHIBIT 7)

19

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 14-48

"JAMES HENRY THORNTON (Black) Number of picture in gallery B 107396

1/17/24 as JAMES THORNTON, Manh., Burglary (final charge, Unlaw. Entry) On 2/13/25.  
Thirty days, City Prison, Judge ROSS, Gen. Sess. Court  
Off. B. J. ROSS and J. J. ROSS, Sixteenth Precinct.

9/20/32 as JAMES HENRY THORNTON, Manh. Fel. Asslt., On 1/24/33, Discharged,  
Judge ROSS, Gen. Sess. Court, Officers ROSS, J. J. ROSS, and  
ROSS, 32nd Squad.

1/29/35 as JAMES HENRY THORNTON, Manh. Vio. Immigration Laws. No. final disposition  
at present, Officers ROSS and J. J. ROSS, 28th Squad.

No picture on file because of negative having been damaged.

3/27/42."

The original reports of Patrolman ROBERT ELLISON and NORMAN  
BOGGS, as furnished by the New York City Police Department are being made a  
part of the New York file.

\* P E N D I N G \*

1 C O P Y

( ENCL 1 )

20

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A C O P Y

WAR DEPARTMENT

ARMY SERVICE FORCES

~~EXCLUDED FROM AUTOMATIC DOWNGRADING AND DECLASSIFICATION~~

(Office of Headquarters)

Atlanta 3, Georgia

(Place)

24 September 1943.

(Date)

Subject: COME, Carlos A., Pvt.

Age 32-3-24

553rd Inf. (Serv) ASF, Camp Gordon, Ga.

Summary of Information:

The title of this case is being changed to reflect the full name of subject as JAMES ALEXANDER COME.

In reference to subject JAMES ALEXANDER COME reported in reference report as being detained at the Federal Detention House, New York City under indictment on charges of sedition and conspiracy to commit sedition, the dockets of the U. S. District Court for the Southern District of New York reflect that on January 14, 1943, COME was sentenced by Judge

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Evaluation

-of source	-of information
_____	Reliable_____
_____	Credible_____
_____	Questionable_____
_____	Undetermined_____
_____	_____

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

CLARENCE CRISTON in the Federal court, Southern District of New York to a term of eight years on each indictment to run concurrently. At the same time, four other subjects under indictment for their activity in the Italian Pacific Movement were sentenced for terms ranging from four to ten years.

On May 3, 1942, it was ascertained from local draft board 53, 215th Street, New York City that subject CLARENCE CRISTON was inducted into the Army on April 3, 1942. However, he was held over because of his physical and was not inducted until April 7, 1943. His present Army serial number is 32000114.

From the records of the New York Probation Office, New York City, the following additional information was obtained on December 11, 1942 concerning subject CRISTON. His fingerprint number is 10045, New York City. His criminal record reflected that he was arrested July 12, 1936 for soliciting a bribe, Fifth Court, New York City, and he was brought before Judge ... AU and dismissed. On July 17, 1936, he was charged with extortion, General Sessions, New York City and dismissed October 1, 1936. On July 11, 1942, he was charged with disorderly conduct and making speeches on the streets, and was sentenced to ninety days, City Jail.

According to the records of the Probation Office, CRISTON is the youngest of four children, born June 23, 1913, San Pedro, Dominican Republic. He entered the United States in 1927 aboard the S. S. ... and his mother died in 1935. His father is a citizen of the United States, sixty-two years of age, a carpenter by trade, but has not worked in recent years. He owns two rooming houses and operates them for his livelihood. CRISTON advised authorities that he was of the ... faith. However, he did not attend church.

When questioned concerning his becoming a citizen of the United States, he replied that he intended to go to Africa. According to CRISTON, he attended public school in the Republic and went as far as the eighth grade. Later he attended an English class on the Island of St. ... for a period of two years.

When questioned concerning his employment, he advised that for the past six years, he had assisted his father who paid him from \$10. to \$15. per week. However, according to ... CRISTON's father denied his statement, and stated that subject had lived in the home practically free of charge. However, he did state that CRISTON had done some odd jobs as a carpenter.

In reference to CRISTON's character, his arrest in all instances, had been the result of his speaking words contrary to ...

A 2222

( 117 )

22

-2-



NY 100-10

COLE leased the premises at 207 W. Nicholas Avenue where his meetings were held from the real estate office of Jacobson and Swartz, 311 Lenox Avenue, New York City, a month. COLE advised the prosecution officers that he was editor of a paper known as the Street Speaker. However, the officers were unable to obtain a copy of such a paper. It is further pointed out that in any investigation of a similar nature in the colored areas, at no time has the writer come upon such a paper.

Records at the Selective Service Board previously referred to reflects that COLE complied with the regulations and registered with the Selective Service Board. However, upon being placed in classification II, on July 10, 1942, he made an appeal and filed an application for release from military service. It is noted that when he returned his questionnaire, he gave no occupational other data, no income, no property owned and stated that he had been a resident in the United States since July 6, 1939.

Concerning his court record, he denied that he had ever convicted of any crime. Further on March 10, 1943, he signed the statement that he intended to remain a citizen of the United States. As previously reported, COLE is now in the United States Army.

COLE was located and voluntarily came to the New York office where he furnished the following information concerning himself. He is a British subject, and entered the United States 1937, as a result of a ship wreck of the T. S. O. off the Atlantic coast, at Norfolk, Virginia. At that time, his passport was lost and consequently, he has not attempted to become a naturalized citizen. He admitted his certificate, which reflected that he registered as an alien and for the Selective Service Act. Because of his age, he is not being classified by his local board.

COLE advised that he first began speaking as a street speaker in Harlem in 1932 and about that time, he organized the African National League, which is currently active, and enjoys a small following of Negroes. The purpose of this organization was for the uplift of the Negro economically and educationally. The location of this organization is presently at 207 W. 106th Street, New York City, and it has been conducted by agents to be a small room with chairs which could accommodate approximately twenty-five persons.

COLE advised that meetings are held there each Sunday evening at 8 P.M., that at present there are about thirty active members and they are assessed at \$100 a month. In addition to that, COLE stated that he was formerly active in the Harlem Labor Union, which was organized in 1935 and which is presently active, the headquarters now being at 207 W. 106th Street, New York City.

A C O L E

(PHOTOGRAPH)

10

NY 100-63

WILL advised that in 1937 and 1938, he was president of this organization, however, at the present, he is not affiliated with it, that it is a closed organization, having approximately six hundred members. WILL is presently married and has two sons, and his occupation since being in New York has been that of an elevator operator and general miscellaneous work. He was a member, however, of the group in 1937 and in late years, he has been in the business of the manufacture of colored baby dolls. In this connection, he advised that he is co-owner of a contractor and he maintains his office at 244 W. 135th Street, the same location as that of the African Patriotic League.

WILL denied membership in any other organizations, but does state that he has appeared as a speaker before a number of organizations including the Ethiopian World Federation, the International Negro Improvement Association and the African American Movement. However, he stated that he never spoke before the Ethiopian World Federation.

WILL denied all specific statements allegedly made by him. However, he did admit that in the early part of the war, he had made some statements which might have been considered a violation of the law in some cases, as he had been very vocal and had disseminated any such statements that might be considered harmful. Further, in fact, he had never been disloyal to the United States and was only attempting to assist the liberation of the colored race in Africa.

In this connection, Inspector [redacted], New York City, advised according to reports from members of the police force, that WILL had been very quiet and did not very often speak with anyone, and was not known to have been speaking on the street's sidewalk in the vicinity of [redacted], [redacted], and [redacted] as reported in reference report.

WILL stated that since being in America, he had only been arrested on one occasion, January 3, 1942, arrested with disorderly conduct as a result of a fight he had with a white man on the subway. He was sentenced to ten days. However, the sentence was suspended.

WILL was questioned in reference to [redacted] and he advised that he was not acquainted with him to the extent that he knew his address or occupation. He advised that he believed he was a junk dealer. However, he had never spoken before his conviction, nor had he heard him speak at any other place other than on the street during the summer of 1942. WILL described [redacted] as being forty-years of age, 5'8" tall, 160 lbs., with very dark complexion.

A COPY

(EXHIBIT 2)

24

NY 11-48

In reference to HARRY HARRINGTON or CLARK, KEND did not know them at all nor could he furnish any descriptions of them.

In reference to KEND's organization on 135th Street, he states that the speakers are cautious in their remarks and only lecture on African history and the economic condition of the Negroes, that no remarks are made pertaining to the Japanese, and are primarily interested in the breakdown of discrimination and the obtaining of jobs for the Negro people.

Agent Torrens and the writer made an effort to locate ARTHUR GREEN without success and at the address furnished by him to the Police Department, no one at that address admitted their acquaintance with ARTHUR nor could they furnish his present location.

Inquiries were also made of the Police Department and individuals living in that vicinity without success.

In reference to CLARK and WILLIAMS, mentioned as making remarks along with subjects of this case, it is pointed out that WILLIAMS and CLARK as well as KEND denied their acquaintance with these individuals, advising they are just people who came up to the stands, out of the crowd, and voluntarily made a few remarks. The Police and detectives of the 78th Street Precinct were not acquainted with these individuals and it has not been reported that they have done any further speaking on the streets.

A description of CARLOS GREEN as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	CARLOS ALEXANDER GREEN (colored)
Age	31
Born	June 23, 1913, Dominican Republic
Height	5'7"
Weight	150 lbs.
Build	Medium
Complexion	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Hair	Dark brown
Race	Negro
Occupation	Street speaker
Citizenship	British

A COPY

(INITIALS)

25

NY 100-49

Marital Status	Single
Criminal record	Several arrests for disturbing the peace
Relatives	Father - JAMES COOKS, 43 W. 131st Street; Sister - SARITA, 43 W. 131st St.; Brother - L. COOKS, 43 W. 131st St.; - JAMES, 219 W. 135th St., age 33.

A description of ARTHUR ROLD as obtained from questioning and observation is as follows:

Name	ARTHUR ROLD
Age	55
Born	May, 1888, Barbados, British West Indies
Height	5'6"
Weight	140 lbs.
Complexion	Black
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black, part bald
Criminal record	Arrested 12/3/39, disorderly conduct
Occupation	Lecturer and lecturer
Race	Negro
Citizenship	British
Marital status	Married, one child.

A description of JAMES HENRY THOMSON is as follows:

Name	JAMES HENRY THOMSON
Age	41
Born	October 23, 1901, St. Croix, Virgin Islands
Height	5'9"
Weight	170 lbs.
Build	Slim
Eyes	Dark
Hair	Black
Complexion	Black
Marital status	Married to ANITA JAMES - separated
Race	Negro
Occupation	Laborer
Citizenship	U. S. citizen

A COPY

(ENCLOSURE 1)

26

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

NY 100-10

Relatives

Sister - FRA JAMES, 19 E. 117th St.,  
New York City

Brother - FRA JAMES, III,  
address unknown

In as much as the police and informants available, know of no activities on the part of individuals and subjects of this investigation, in engaging in street speaking or making remarks that might be considered seditious subsequent to those originally reported by the police department in reference report, and since it is further substantiated by the sister of JAMES JAMES that he has not engaged in speaking since his release from the City Jail, and in view of the fact that JAMES is presently in the Army, and that JAMES denies making statements of seditious character and JAMES is presently serving a term of eight years of imprisonment for statements he made before the National War Relocation Authority, no further investigation is being conducted in this case and it is considered closed.

• C L O S E D •

A COPY

(CONTINUED I)

27

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

WAR DEPARTMENT

MTD Atlanta, Georgia

(Office of Headquarters)

Augusta, Georgia

(Place)

29 September 1943

(Date)

Subject: DADDY GRACE

Summary of Information:

Information has been received that Subject is at the head of a religious organization known as the HOUSE OF PRAYER. As head of this organization, Subject exacts money from local negroes in getting them to join his organization and in various ways such as selling "holy water," and in charging for baptisms. Subject is said to have six bodyguards wearing blue uniforms, silver badges, and Sam Browne belts. Subject apparently travels from city to city and comes to Augusta about once a year.

It was reported that a parade was held in Augusta on 26 September 1943 composed of members of the HOUSE OF PRAYER and a revival meeting held later in the evening at which white persons were invited and were present. There is no indication that Subject or his organization is attempting to create any disturbance. The appropriate investigative agency is cognizant of this organization and to date reports that nothing of subversive nature is connected with Subject or his organization.

The above information was obtained in most part from Sgt. W. Bryant, (Col.), Military Police Detachment, Camp Gordon, and Capt. Roach, Military Personnel Director, Camp Gordon, Georgia.

JAMES J. LYNCH  
Special Agent, CIC

Previous Distribution:

Distribution:

Dir., ID, Atlanta: 5  
PIC, Camp Gordon: 1  
File: 1

Evaluation

-of source	-of information
<u>X</u>	<u>X</u>
Reliable	
Credible	
Questionable	
Undetermined	

C O F Y

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

SECRET II.

14-1187-32

A

4-11-33

1/2


DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

November 18, 1943

Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in  
the Federal Correctional Institution, Milan, Michigan, and the Federal Reformatory for Women,  
Millsboro, Delaware, and are as indicated below:

Letter, November 15, 1943, to [redacted],  
62 West 110th Street, New York City 26, N. Y.

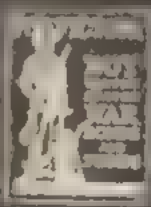
Cyrus A. Davis, Attorney at Law, 200-5 Walsh Building,  
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Letter, November 15, 1943, to Johannes Kroger, from F. M. Loal,  
Bismarck, N. D., Box 300, Room 313.

Roland Avenue, Hantagh, N. Y.

Very truly yours,

*James E. Gay*  
Acting Warden.



MILAN, MICHIGAN

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26



November 23, 1964

54

November 23, 1964

#129 Letter, November 21, 1964, to James Thurman, 100 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y. (P561)

#151 Letter, November 27, 1964, to Dr. J. B. S. Haldane, 130, Gray Street, Buffalo, N.Y. (P564)

*G. Shuttleworth*  
G. Shuttleworth  
Bardonia

RECORD  
&  
INDEXED

14-1151-34

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

November 30, 1945

Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

#14

Q 5090

#15

Q 5091

#16

Q 5092

#17

Chapman, o/s Goodlar

Q 5093

#18

Q 5094

#19

101-38 1150

Q 5095

#20

Chickens, Allen

Q 5096

#21

Q 5097

#22 Letter,

Q 5098

#23

November

Q 5099

#24

November

Q 5100



November 30, 1943

Letter, November 28, 1943, from James Thornhill, to Miss Vera Lamress

Very truly yours,

James Thornhill

Q5103

Very truly yours,

*James Thornhill*

14-1187-36

14-1187-36

14-1187-36

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE



Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

1. The first step is to identify the problem or question that needs to be answered. This involves understanding the context and the specific requirements of the task.

12-16-43 LSP



- #138 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5295
- #139 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5296
- #140 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5297
- #141 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5298
- #142 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5299
- #143 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5300
- #144 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5301
- #145 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5302
- #146 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5303
- #147 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5304
- #148 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5305
- #149 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5306
- #150 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5307
- #151 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5308
- #152 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5309
- #153 Letter, Dec. 11, 1941, from Mrs. J. L. Smith, 1000 1st St., Astoria, Ore. #5310



RECEIVED  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 10, 1931

Dear Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of January 8, 1931, in relation to the above captioned matter.

Enclosed for you are two copies of the report of the Michigan State Prison, Lansing, Michigan, dated January 8, 1931, in relation to the above captioned matter.

Very respectfully,  
W. J. [Signature]

14-3739

10/1

01 JAN 1931

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

December 14, 1943

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this  
institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are for-

ward and are as indicated below:

Avenue, Bronx, New York, N. Y.

Q 5335

Letter, Dec. 14, 1943, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best

605 W. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y.

Q 5337

Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Conradin O. Bold, from Mary Lou Lloyd,

Poley Square, New York City.

Q 5340

Alien Detention Station, Crystal City, Texas

Q 5342

Letter, Dec. 12, 1943, to Krich Strunck, from Alfred B. Strunck,

Q 5344

Card, postmarked Dec. 9, 1943, to James Mornhill, from

Q 5345

E. J. BRUTLEMAN  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

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E. J. BRUTTEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

[Faint, mostly illegible text, likely a list of inmates or records. Some words like "Inmate", "Number", "Date", "Age", "Height", "Weight", "Color", "Hair", "Eyes", "Skin", "Build", "Occupation", "Education", "Religion", "Marital Status", "Previous Record", "Present Status" are visible.]

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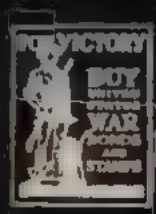
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SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

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E. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

#148

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OS

OS437

OS431

OS439

OS440

OS441

OS442

OS443

OS444

OS445

OS446

OS447



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E. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

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#126

Q5533

#35

Q5534

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W. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

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Q5532

#126

Q5533

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Q5534

#127

Q5535

#142

Q5536

#115

Q5537

#139

Q5538

#88

Q5539

#89

Q5540

#94

Q5541

#129

Q5542

#150

Q5543



Jan. 27, 1944

ROLAND AVENUE, YANTAGH, N. Y.

95911

444 Riverside Drive, New York City

73712

339 N. Summit Street, Indianapolis, Indiana

9573

c/o Stearns, 325 Westend Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City. 45914

05914

15 Hendley Terr. Irvington, N. J.

— 244 —

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11-11-1964

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**20750** Letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss, 592  
14-00 - East Indian, Toronto, Can. Citiz., M. Tr.

105920

Very truly yours,

**J. Scott North**  
Garden

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D.C.

June 11, 1934

Enclosed herewith letters to the Department received at this Institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are by indicated below:

#148 Letter, June 1, 1934, from John J. [unclear] to the [unclear]  
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] 9 5650

#149 Letter, June 1, 1934, from John J. [unclear] to the [unclear]  
442 N. 62nd Street, Cleveland, Ohio 9 5651

#150 Letter, June 1, 1934, from John J. [unclear] to the [unclear]  
62 N. 115th Street, New York City, New York 9 5652

#151 Letter, June 1, 1934, from [unclear] to the [unclear]  
[unclear] [unclear] [unclear] [unclear] 9 5653

1-1-1 41

C. J. SMITTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 4, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation

Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, January 1, 1944, from Joseph Mechanic, to Mrs. Mary Mechanic,  
R. D. #6, Erie, Penna. 9 5650
- #149 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Robert Balchlavak, to Mrs. Rosemary Balchlavak,  
4432 E. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 9 5651
- #126 Letter, Jan. 3, 1944, from Ralph East, to Mrs. Edith East,  
62 E. 118th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9 5652
- #24 Letter, Jan. 1, 1944, from Conradia Otto Field, to Mrs. Eva Lloyd,  
605 E. 111th St., New York City, N. Y. 9 5653
- #24 Letter, Jan. 1, 1944, to Conradia Otto Field, from Mrs. Eva Lloyd,  
605 E. 111th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9 5654
- #42 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Herman E. Brown, to Mrs. Alice Brown,  
2 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 9 5655
- #128 Letter, Jan. 1, 1944, from Frank M. Gots, to Mrs. Anna Gots,  
305 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, New York 9 5656
- #127 Letter, Jan. 1, 1944, from Lester Holmes, to Mrs. M. Holmes,  
14 East 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9 5657
- #147 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Edgar Klapprott, to Mrs. Edna Klapprott,  
c/o Bookler, 82 Bergen Avenue, Ridgewood Park, N. Y. 9 5658
- #57 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Martin Kleas, to Mrs. Ann Kleas,  
150 E. 11st Street, New York 28, N. Y. 9 5659
- #138 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Paul Hurlig, to Mrs. Hurlig,  
3454 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky. 9 5660
- #466 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Earl Victor Bookler, to George Bookler,  
7803 Hudson Avenue, Brooklyn 22, N. Y. 9 5661



1-6-44-Bp



The F.B.I.

January 2, 1944

#75 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Everett H. Loder, to Mrs. Mary L. Loder,  
Roland Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. 15 5661

#89 Letter, Jan. 8, 1944, from Oscar H. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmiller,  
325 Westend Avenue, c/o Clement, New York, N. Y. 9 5663

#129 Letter, Dec. 31, 1943, to James Thornhill, from Bernhard Thornhill,  
60 W. 129th Street, c/o Tucker, New York, N. Y. 9 5664

#150 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Hugo Weiss, to Mrs. Marie Weiss,  
44-04 31st Avenue, Astoria, Long Island, New York 9 5665

#157 Letter, Dec. 3, 1943, from Dr. M. Handman, to Miss Marie Weiss,  
531 Elliott Creek Road, Longwanda, N. Y. 9 5666

#113 Letter, Dec. 25, 1943, to Dr. W. L. Linsinger, from Dr. W. L. Linsinger,  
1709 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles 6, California. 9 5667

#115 Letter, Jan. 2, 1944, from Dr. W. L. Linsinger, to Dr. W. L. Linsinger,  
1709 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California. 9 5668

Very truly yours,

*W. J. Shuttleworth*  
W. J. Shuttleworth  
Garden

Encls.

A. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

MILAN, MICHIGAN

4412 7 4th Street, Cleveland, 9, Ohio

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
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1/11/44

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

January 17, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this  
institution, as indicated below:

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

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R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
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R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196

100-1-100, letter, Jan. 16, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mrs. Edith Best,  
R. D. No. 8, Erie, Pennsylvania. 95196





C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

Dear Sir:

Dear Sir:

I have received your letter of the 11th inst. and am sorry that I cannot give you a more definite answer at this time. The matter is being considered and I will advise you as soon as a final decision has been reached.

Very truly yours,  
C. J. Shuttleworth

Enclosed for you are 10 copies of the report of the Board of Prisoners' Complaints for the month of January, 1934.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,  
Your obedient servant,  
C. J. Shuttleworth

Very truly yours,  
C. J. Shuttleworth

*C. J. Shuttleworth*  
Warden  
Federal Correctional Institution  
Milan, Michigan

44





WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

MILAM, MICHAEL

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1940

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THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

January 24, 1944

Dear Mr. [Name]

[The body of the letter contains several paragraphs of text that are extremely faint and illegible due to the quality of the scan. The text appears to be a formal letter, possibly a recommendation or a report.]





C. J. SMITH & SONS  
WYOMING

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

[illegible]

Q 6720

9495



441-442-443-444-445-446-447-448-449-450-451-452-453-454-455-456-457-458-459-460-461-462-463-464-465-466-467-468-469-470-471-472-473-474-475-476-477-478-479-480-481-482-483-484-485-486-487-488-489-490-491-492-493-494-495-496-497-498-499-500-501-502-503-504-505-506-507-508-509-510-511-512-513-514-515-516-517-518-519-520-521-522-523-524-525-526-527-528-529-530-531-532-533-534-535-536-537-538-539-540-541-542-543-544-545-546-547-548-549-550-551-552-553-554-555-556-557-558-559-560-561-562-563-564-565-566-567-568-569-570-571-572-573-574-575-576-577-578-579-580-581-582-583-584-585-586-587-588-589-590-591-592-593-594-595-596-597-598-599-600-601-602-603-604-605-606-607-608-609-610-611-612-613-614-615-616-617-618-619-620-621-622-623-624-625-626-627-628-629-630-631-632-633-634-635-636-637-638-639-640-641-642-643-644-645-646-647-648-649-650-651-652-653-654-655-656-657-658-659-660-661-662-663-664-665-666-667-668-669-670-671-672-673-674-675-676-677-678-679-680-681-682-683-684-685-686-687-688-689-690-691-692-693-694-695-696-697-698-699-700-701-702-703-704-705-706-707-708-709-710-711-712-713-714-715-716-717-718-719-720-721-722-723-724-725-726-727-728-729-730-731-732-733-734-735-736-737-738-739-740-741-742-743-744-745-746-747-748-749-750-751-752-753-754-755-756-757-758-759-760-761-762-763-764-765-766-767-768-769-770-771-772-773-774-775-776-777-778-779-780-781-782-783-784-785-786-787-788-789-790-791-792-793-794-795-796-797-798-799-800-801-802-803-804-805-806-807-808-809-810-811-812-813-814-815-816-817-818-819-820-821-822-823-824-825-826-827-828-829-830-831-832-833-834-835-836-837-838-839-840-841-842-843-844-845-846-847-848-849-850-851-852-853-854-855-856-857-858-859-860-861-862-863-864-865-866-867-868-869-870-871-872-873-874-875-876-877-878-879-880-881-882-883-884-885-886-887-888-889-890-891-892-893-894-895-896-897-898-899-900-901-902-903-904-905-906-907-908-909-910-911-912-913-914-915-916-917-918-919-920-921-922-923-924-925-926-927-928-929-930-931-932-933-934-935-936-937-938-939-940-941-942-943-944-945-946-947-948-949-950-951-952-953-954-955-956-957-958-959-960-961-962-963-964-965-966-967-968-969-970-971-972-973-974-975-976-977-978-979-980-981-982-983-984-985-986-987-988-989-990-991-992-993-994-995-996-997-998-999-1000

100-443887-100



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1831

- 1831/1 Letter, Jan 17, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9471
- 1831/2 Letter, Jan 20, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9472
- 1831/3 Letter, Jan 23, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9473
- 1831/4 Letter, Jan 26, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9474
- 1831/5 Letter, Jan 29, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9475
- 1831/6 Letter, Feb 1, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9476
- 1831/7 Letter, Feb 4, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9477
- 1831/8 Letter, Feb 7, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9478
- 1831/9 Letter, Feb 10, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9479
- 1831/10 Letter, Feb 13, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9480
- 1831/11 Letter, Feb 16, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9481
- 1831/12 Letter, Feb 19, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9482
- 1831/13 Letter, Feb 22, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9483
- 1831/14 Letter, Feb 25, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9484
- 1831/15 Letter, Feb 28, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9485
- 1831/16 Letter, Mar 3, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9486
- 1831/17 Letter, Mar 6, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9487
- 1831/18 Letter, Mar 9, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9488
- 1831/19 Letter, Mar 12, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9489
- 1831/20 Letter, Mar 15, 1831, from [illegible] to [illegible] 9490





FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION

WOLAN, MICHIGAN

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4000	2400

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EX 13

EX 1

Administrative stamp area containing various fields and markings.

Handwritten letter W.

UNITED STATES  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION  
WASHINGTON, D. C.

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: [Illegible]

#101	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#102	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#126	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#126	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#103	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#104	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#127	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#105	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#106	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#107	[Illegible]	[Illegible]
#108	[Illegible]	[Illegible]

62-21343-29



Mr. F.B.I.

-2-

February 7, 1944

Letter, Feb. 6, 1944, from John Purvis, to Gary Jones

Letter, Feb. 2, 1944, to John Da Silva Purvis, from Gary Jones,

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FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

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DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

REPORT OF INVESTIGATION  
OF JUSTICE



064 124 1944



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 22, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and Laboratory examination to your department, and are as indicated below:

- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
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- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.
- Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Joseph Belmont, to Mrs. Belmont, 2438 E. 12th Street, Cleveland, Ohio.

RECORDED  
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EX-2

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FILED	ON
MAR 1 1944	
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E. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

February 22, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

All letters received from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special ownership and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- 4/48 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Joseph Schneider, to Mrs. Joe Schneider, 20 E. 10th Street, New York, N. Y. 9-6412
- 5/11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Joseph Schneider, to Mrs. Joseph Schneider, 4432 E. 10th Street, Cleveland, Ohio 9-2222
- 11-12 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Ralph Earl to Mrs. Edith Earl, 68 E. 11th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Richard F. Freund, to Mrs. Margaret Freund, c/o Mrs. Johanna Mark, 188 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Richard F. Freund, to Mrs. Sally Freund, c/o Mrs. Margaret Freund, 188 E. 64th Street, New York, N. Y. 9-2111
- 11-12 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Ralph Earl, to Mrs. Edith Earl, 68 E. 11th Street, New York City 26, N. Y. 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Norman S. Brown, to Mrs. Alice Brown, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 2-1111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, to Norman S. Brown, from Mrs. Alice Brown, 21 College Street, Charleston, S. C. 2-1111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 7, 1944, from Frank H. Brown, to Mrs. Anna Brown, 305 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, New York 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, to Joseph Hartley, from Mrs. A. Bernadette Hartley, 20-40th Street, New York, N. Y. 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Lester Salomon, to Mrs. Brooklyn Salomon, 14 West 119th Street, New York City, N. Y. 9-2111
- 12-11 Letter, Feb. 10, 1944, from Bartel Klein, to Mrs. Anna Klein, 150 E. 91st Street, New York 26, N. Y. 9-2111



To: F.B.I.

-2-

February 22, 1944

- #130 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Johannes Kroeger, to Mrs. Else Koal, 96512  
225 Fulton Street, Westbury, N. Y.
- #138 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Paul Lustig, to Mrs. Emma Lustig, 96513  
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Ky.
- #67 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Hans Pagel, to Mrs. Mary Oberhummer, 96514  
101-38 - 115th Street, Richmond Hill, Long Island, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96515  
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #75 Letter, Feb. 17, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder, 96516  
Roland Avenue, Wantagh, N. Y.
- #167 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Gomes, 96517  
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #167 Letter, Feb. 18, 1944, to John Purvis, from Mary Gomes, 96518  
329 John Street, East Newark, N. J.
- #140 Birthday card, to Frank Sanner, from family, 96519  
R. S. Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky
- #89 Letter, Feb. 20, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, 96520  
325 West End Avenue, New York City, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, Feb. 17, 1944, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, 96521  
325 West End Avenue, New York, 23, N. Y.
- #129 Letter, Feb. 15, 1944, to James Thornhill, from Mrs. Roselin Williams, 96522  
St. Thomas, V. I.
- #129 Letter, Feb. 19, 1944, to James Thornhill, from Bernhardt, Thornhill, 96523  
60 W. 129th Street, New York, N. Y. c/o Tanner.

Very truly yours,

  
C. J. Shuttleworth  
Warden

Encls.

*Note: - 96503 and 96504 are both to be enclosed in the same envelope when returned*

Documents Indexed by  
2-25-44  
BPC



C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTION  
MILAN, MICHIGAN

March 7, 1944

Federal Bureau of Investigation  
Department of Justice  
Washington, D. C.

Dear Sirs:

We enclose herewith letters to and from prisoners confined in this institution for espionage, sabotage, sedition, etc. The letters are forwarded for special censorship and laboratory examination by your department, and are as indicated below:

- #148 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Joseph Bachmaier, to Mrs. Jos. Bachmaier  
R. D.#6, Erie, Pennsylvania. *Q6724*
- #149 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Josef Belohlavek, to Mrs. Rosemary Belohlavek,  
4432 W. 60th Street, Cleveland, Ohio *Q6725*
- #126 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Ralph Best, to Mr. Clement Best, *Q6726*  
1339 Prospect Avenue, Bronx, New York
- #42 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Herman T. Green, to Mrs. Alice Green, *Q6727*  
21 College Street, Charleston, S. C.
- #128 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Frank H. Grote, to Mrs. Anna Grote, *Q6728*  
505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness,  
14 West 119th Street, New York 28, N. Y. *Q6727*

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAR 14 1944
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

61 MAR 30 1944 <sup>277</sup>

C. J. SHUTTLEWORTH  
WARDEN

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505 Woodward Avenue, Brooklyn 27, N. Y.
- #127 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Lester Holness, to Mrs. Gwendolyn Holness  
14 West 119th Street, New York City. **Q6729**
- #138 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Paul Lustig, from Emma Lustig, **Q6730**  
3453 Powell Avenue, Louisville, Kentucky
- #167 Letter, March 5, 1944, from John Purvis, to Mary Jones, **Q6731**  
329 John Street, East Newark, New Jersey
- #75 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Everett M. Roeder, to Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,  
Roland Avenue, Mantagh, New York **Q6732**
- #75 Letter, March 3, 1944, to Everett M. Roeder, from Mrs. Mary S. Roeder,  
Roland Avenue, Mantagh, New York **Q6733**
- #139 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Karl R. Schmidt, to Mrs. Katie Schmidt,  
R. 5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky **Q6734**
- #139 Letter, March 2, 1944, to Karl Schmidt, from Mary Schmidt,  
R.R. 5, Box 586 Miller's Lane, Louisville, Kentucky **Q6735**



COPY AND SPECIMENS RETAINED IN LAB.

3-10-44



To: F.B.I.

-2-

March 7, 1944

- #83 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Erwin Siegler, to Hon. Judge Charles Oberwager, Q6736  
11 W. 42nd Street, New York, N. Y.
- #87 Letter, March 4, 1944, to Oscar R. Stabler, from C. Stegmaier, 325 West End Avenue, Q6737  
Apt. 11B, New York 23, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Miss Caroline Stegmaier, Q6738  
325 West End Avenue, Apt. 11B, New York City, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Federal Reserve Bank of New York, Q6739  
Liberty Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #89 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Oscar R. Stabler, to Seaman's Bank for Savings, Q6740  
74 Wall Street, New York City, N. Y.
- #94 Letter, March 5, 1944, from Erich Strunck, to Alfred H. Strunck, Q6741  
1616 E. Olive Street, Milwaukee 11, Wisconsin
- #129 Letter, March 5, 1944, from James Thornhill, to Mrs. Roselin Williams, Q6742  
Down Street, St. Thomas, V. I.
- #113 Letter, February 25, 1944, to B. W. Zenzinger, from S. R. Zenzinger, Q6743  
1709 1/2 S. Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California
- #113 Letter, March 5, 1944, from B. W. Zenzinger, to S. R. Zenzinger, Q6744  
1709 1/2 Harvard Blvd., Los Angeles, California

Very truly yours,

  
C. F. Shuttleworth  
Warden

Encls.